

DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

FORM 10-K (Annual Report)

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(mark one)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended July 31, 2021

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-15687

DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Nevada

74-2849995

(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

**825 W. Bitters, Suite 104
San Antonio, Texas**

78216

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: **(210) 775-0888**

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
N/A	N/A	N/A

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock, Par Value \$0.001 Per Share
(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates of the issuer was \$7,886,000 based on the closing price of \$0.0568 per share on January 31, 2021, as reported by the OTCQB.

There were 138,838,039 shares of issuer's Common Stock outstanding as of October 26, 2021.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
PART I	
Item 1. Business	1
Item 1A. Risk Factors	6
Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments	6
Item 2. Properties	6
Item 3. Legal Proceedings	6
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures	6
PART II	
Item 5. Market for Registrant’s Common Equity; Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities	7
Item 6. Selected Financial Data	8
Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	8
Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	14
Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	F-1
Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosures	15
Item 9A. Controls and Procedures	15
Item 9B. Other Information	16
PART III	
Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	17
Item 11. Executive Compensation	18
Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	24
Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence	25
Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services	26
PART IV	
Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules	27
SIGNATURES	

PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS.

Overview

Digerati Technologies, Inc., a Nevada corporation (including our subsidiaries, “we,” “us,” “Company” or “Digerati”), through its operating subsidiaries in Texas and Florida, Shift8 Networks, Inc., dba, T3 Communications and T3 Communications, Inc. (both referred to herein as “T3”), respectively, and Nexogy Inc., a Florida corporation, provides cloud services specializing in Unified Communications as a Service (“UCaaS”) solutions for the business market. Our product line includes a portfolio of Internet-based telephony products and services delivered through our cloud application platform and session-based communication network and network services including Internet broadband, fiber, mobile broadband, and cloud WAN solutions (SD WAN). Our services are designed to provide enterprise-class, carrier-grade services to the small-to-medium-sized business (“SMB”) at cost-effective monthly rates. Our UCaaS or cloud communication services include fully hosted IP/PBX, mobile applications, Voice over Internet Protocol (“VoIP”) transport, SIP trunking, and customized VoIP services all delivered *Only in the Cloud™*.

As a provider of cloud communications solutions to the SMB, we are seeking to capitalize on the migration by businesses from the legacy telephone network to the Internet Protocol (“IP”) telecommunication network and the migration from hardware-based on-premise telephone systems to software-based communication systems in the cloud. Most SMBs are lagging in technical capabilities and advancement and seldom reach the economies of scale that their larger counterparts enjoy, due to their achievement of a critical mass and ability to deploy a single solution to a large number of workers. SMBs are typically unable to afford comprehensive enterprise solutions and, therefore, need to integrate a combination of business solutions to meet their needs. Cloud computing has revolutionized the industry and opened the door for businesses of all sizes to gain access to enterprise applications with affordable pricing. This especially holds true for cloud telephony applications, but SMBs are still a higher-touch sale that requires customer support for system integration, network installation, cabling, and troubleshooting. We have placed a significant emphasis on that “local” touch when selling, delivering, and supporting our services which we believe will differentiate us from the national providers that are experiencing high attrition rates due to poor customer support.

The adoption of cloud communication services is being driven by the convergence of several market trends, including the increasing costs of maintaining installed legacy communications systems, the fragmentation resulting from use of multiple on-premise systems, and the proliferation of personal smartphones used in the workplace. Today, businesses are increasingly looking for an affordable path to modernizing their communications system to improve productivity, business performance and customer experience.

Our cloud solutions offer the SMB reliable, robust, and full-featured services at affordable monthly rates that eliminates high-cost capital expenditures and provides for integration with other cloud-based systems.

Recent Developments

Acquisitions

On November 17, 2020, the Company closed on the acquisitions of Nexogy, Inc. (“Nexogy”), and ActivePBX (“ActivePBX”), leading providers of cloud communication, UCaaS, and broadband solutions tailored for businesses. As a combined business, Nexogy, ActivePBX, and T3, will serve over 2,600 business customers and approximately 28,000 users. The business model of the combined entities is supported by strong and predictable recurring revenue with high gross margins under contracts with business customers in various industries including banking, healthcare, financial services, legal, insurance, hotels, real estate, staffing, municipalities, food services, and education. The contribution from the acquisitions is expected to have an immediate and positive impact on the consolidated EBITDA of the Company with additional improvements to be realized during FY2022 from the anticipated cost synergies and consolidation savings.

Products and Services

We provide a comprehensive suite of cloud services specializing in Unified Communications as a Service (“UCaaS”) solutions for the business market. Our product line includes a portfolio of Internet-based telephony products and services delivered through our cloud application platform and session-based communication network and network services including Internet broadband, fiber, mobile broadband, and cloud WAN or SD-WAN (Software-defined Wide Area Network) solutions. Our services are designed to provide enterprise-class, carrier-grade services to the small-to-medium-sized business (“SMB”) at cost-effective monthly rates. Our UCaaS or cloud communication services include fully hosted IP/PBX, mobile applications, Voice over Internet Protocol (“VoIP”) transport, SIP trunking, and customized VoIP services all delivered *Only in the Cloud™*.

Voice over Internet Protocol Networks

The basic technology of traditional telecommunications systems was designed for slow mechanical switches. Communications over the traditional telephone network are routed through circuits that must dedicate all circuit resources to each call from its inception until the call ends, regardless of whether anyone is actually talking on the circuit. This circuit-switching technology incurs a significant cost per call and does not efficiently support the integration of voice with data services. Data networks, however, were designed for electronic switching. They break the data stream into small, individually addressed packages of data (“packets”) that are routed independently of each other from the origin to the destination. Therefore, they do not require a fixed amount of bandwidth to be reserved between the origin and destination of each call and they do not waste bandwidth when it is not being used for actual transmission of information. This allows multiple voice or voice and data calls to be pooled, resulting in these networks being able to carry more calls with an equal amount of bandwidth. Moreover, they do not require the same complex switching methods required by traditional voice telephone networks, instead using a multiplicity of routers to direct each packet to its destination and automatically routing packets around blockages, congestion, or outages.

Packet switching can be used within a data network or across networks, including the public Internet. The Internet itself is not a single data network owned by any single entity, but rather a loose interconnection of networks belonging to many owners that communicate using the Internet Protocol. By converting voice signals to digital data and handling the voice signals as data, it can be transmitted through the more efficient switching networks designed for data transmissions and through the Internet using the Internet Protocol. The transmission of voice signals as digitalized data streams over the Internet is known as VoIP. A VoIP network has the following advantages over traditional networks:

- **Simplification:** An integrated infrastructure that supports all forms of communication allows more standardization, a smaller equipment complement, and less equipment management.
- **Network Efficiency:** The integration of voice and data fills up the data communication channels efficiently, thus providing bandwidth consolidation and reduction of the costs associated with idle bandwidth. This combined infrastructure can support dynamic bandwidth optimization and a fault tolerant design. The differences between the traffic patterns of voice and data offer further opportunities for significant efficiency improvements.
- **Co-existence with traditional communication mediums:** IP telephony can be used in conjunction with existing public telephone system switches, leased and dial-up lines, PBXs and other customer premise equipment, enterprise LANs, and Internet connections. IP telephony applications can be implemented through dedicated gateways, which in turn can be based on open standards platforms for reliability and scalability.
- **Cost reduction:** Under the VoIP network, the connection is directly to the Internet backbone and as a result the telephony access charges, and settlement fees are avoided.

The growth of voice over the Internet was limited in the past due to poor sound quality caused by technical issues such as delays in packet transmission and by bandwidth limitations related to Internet network capacity and local access constraints. However, the expansion of Internet Protocol network infrastructure, improvements in packet switching and compression technology, new software algorithms and improved hardware have substantially reduced delays in packet transmissions and resulted in superior sound quality to that of the legacy telephone network. The continued improvement and expansion of the Internet Protocol network has resulted in the use of this technology for other communication media, including video conferencing and instant messaging.

Cloud Communications

Cloud communications are Internet-based voice and data communications where telecommunications applications, switching and storage are hosted by a third-party service provider outside of the organization using the services. Services are accessed by the user over the public Internet. Cloud telephony refers specifically to voice services and more specifically the replacement of conventional business telephone equipment (such as a PBX) with VoIP service hosted by a third-party service provider and delivered over the Internet.

We operate a cloud communication network that consists of a VoIP switching system and cloud telephony application platform. Our network allows us to provide end-to-end cloud telephony solutions designed to provide significant benefits to businesses of all sizes, with single or multiple locations. The integration of our cloud communication platform and global VoIP network allows us to provide our customers with virtually any type of telephony solution on a global basis.

Our cloud communication solutions, also known as UCaaS, are designed to minimize upfront capital costs, increase the scalability and flexibility of the customer's communications network and service environment, provide robust features and functionality to increase productivity and reduce the overall cost of communications.

Strategy

Our strategy is to target the small to medium-sized business market and capitalize on the wave of migration from the legacy telephone network to cloud telephony. We will continue to concentrate our sales and marketing efforts on developing vertically oriented solutions for targeted markets primarily focusing on municipalities, banking, healthcare, legal services, and real estate. In addition, we will continue to partner with our distributors and Value-Added Resellers ("VARs") to expand our customer base. Our typical VAR, also referred to as a Partner, is an information technology services firm, traditional PBX vendor, managed service provider, or systems integrator that has established relationships with businesses in its local market. These VARs are currently providing local customer support for other IT or PBX services but lack the technology infrastructure to provide cloud communication and VoIP services to their customers. Our strategy allows these VARs to focus on their strength of providing first tier support to their customers while we provide the second and third tier technical support required to operate a cloud communication and VoIP network. In addition, we transform our VARs' business model by introducing new cloud telephony services and adding a new and lucrative recurring revenue stream that increases the VARs' value proposition for its current and prospective customers.

Our cloud-based technology platform enables us and our VARs to deliver enhanced voice services to their business customers. The features supported on our cloud communication platform include all standard telephone features and value-added applications such as voicemail to email, VoIP peering, teleconferencing, IVR auto attendant, and dial-by-name directory. Our system provides our customers and VARs with a migration path from a traditional PBX system to a complete cloud-based PBX solution.

Our strategic initiatives to successfully meet our long-term business objectives include:

- A disciplined approach to evaluating additional acquisitions as we build on the foundation created by our acquisitions in Florida in FY2021. We will continue to target local and/or regional UCaaS/cloud telephony providers which have excelled in their market with that "local" touch when serving their business customers. We believe the experience gained in integrating products, personnel, and customers will facilitate continued growth via acquisition.
- A continued emphasis on our UCaaS/cloud communication business which operates in a segment of the telecommunication industry that continues to experience significant growth as businesses migrate from legacy phone systems to cloud-based telephony systems.
- Enhancements to our broadband product portfolio with an emphasis on marketing leading-edge network and business continuity solutions like cloud WAN, also known as SD-WAN (Software Defined Wide-Area Network), to our customers which we anticipate will increase average revenue per customer.
- Implementing a total support model (pre and post sales) for building a world-class service delivery and help desk organization.

- Emphasis on our sales distribution model that enables our VARs/Partners to offer cloud and session-based communication services to the enterprise market in various regions and industries.
- Continue enhancing our infrastructure and back-office system to streamline operations, automate key processes, and support the scalability of our VAR/Partner distribution model.

Competitive Conditions

The cloud services industry, including the provisioning of cloud communications services, cloud connectivity, cloud storage and cloud computing, as well as carrier voice and data services, is highly competitive, rapidly evolving and subject to constant technological change and intense marketing by providers with similar products and services. We expect that new, smaller, but very agile competitors, specializing in providing service to regional and emerging markets at low margin and hence low cost, may have an impact on our market. Similarly, the business services market includes competitors who may be significantly larger and have substantially greater market presence, financial, technical, operational and marketing resources than we do, including Tier 1 carriers, cable companies and premise-based solutions providers that are implementing cloud communication services. In the event that such a competitor expends significant sales and marketing resources in one or several markets where we compete with them, we may not be able to compete successfully in those markets. Specialized cloud services providers, who focus on one or more cloud service or application, could adopt aggressive pricing and promotion practices that could impact our ability to compete. We also believe that competition will continue to increase, placing downward pressure on prices. Such pressure could adversely affect our gross margins if we are not able to reduce our costs commensurate with the price reductions of our competitors. In addition, the pace of technological change makes it impossible for us to predict whether we will face new competitors using different technologies to provide the same or similar services offered or proposed to be offered by us. If our competitors were to provide better and more cost-effective services than ours, we may not be able to increase our revenues or capture any significant market share.

The VoIP and Internet telephony market are highly competitive. Our competitors include major telecommunications carriers in the U.S., national UCaaS providers, and numerous small cloud telephony operators. We expect to face continuing competition based on price and service offerings from existing competitors and new market entrants in the future. The principal competitive factors in our market include price, coverage, customer service, technical response times, reliability, and network size/capacity. The competitive landscape is rapidly altering the number, identity, and competitiveness of the marketplace, and we are unable to determine with certainty the impact of potential consolidation in our industry.

Many of our competitors have substantially greater financial, technical, and marketing resources, larger customer bases, longer operating histories, greater name recognition and more established relationships in the industry than we have. As a result, certain of these competitors may be able to adopt more aggressive pricing policies that could hinder our ability to market our services. We believe that our key competitive advantages are our ability to deliver reliable, high quality voice service over the Internet in a cost-effective manner, superior customer service and our VAR distribution model. We cannot provide assurances, however, that these advantages will enable us to succeed against comparable service offerings from our competitors.

Government Regulation

As a provider of Internet voice communications services, we are subject to regulation in the U.S. by the FCC. Some of these regulatory obligations include contributing to the Federal Universal Service Fund, Telecommunications Relay Service Fund and federal programs related to number administration; providing access to E-911 services; protecting customer information; and porting phone numbers upon a valid customer request. We are also required to pay state and local 911 fees and contribute to state universal service funds in those states that assess Internet voice communications services. We are a competitive local exchange carrier (CLEC) in Florida. We are subject to the same FCC regulations applicable to telecommunications companies, as well as regulation by the public utility commission in these states. Specific regulations vary on a state-by-state basis, but generally include the requirement to register or seek certification to provide telephone services, to file and update tariffs setting forth the terms, conditions, and prices for our intrastate services and to comply with various reporting, record-keeping, surcharge collection, and consumer protection requirements.

The effect of any future laws, regulations, and orders on our operations, including, but not limited to, our cloud-based communications and collaboration services, cannot be determined. But as a general matter, increased regulation and the imposition of additional funding obligations increases service costs that may or may not be recoverable from our customers, which could result in making our services less competitive with traditional telecommunications services if we increase our prices or decreasing our profit margins if we attempt to absorb such costs.

Federal, state, local and foreign governmental organizations are considering other legislative and regulatory proposals that would regulate and/or tax applications running over the Internet. We cannot predict whether new taxes will be imposed on our services, and depending on the type of taxes imposed, whether and how our services would be affected thereafter. Increased regulation of the Internet may decrease its growth and hinder technological development, which may negatively impact the cost of doing business via the Internet or otherwise materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Regulation of Internet-based Telecommunication Services in the United States

We have the necessary authority under Section 214 of the Communications Act to operate as a domestic and international telecommunications carrier. We are considered a non-dominant domestic interstate carrier subject to minimal regulation by the FCC. We are not required to obtain FCC authority to initiate or expand our domestic interstate operations, but we are required to obtain FCC approval to transfer control or discontinue service and are required to file various reports and pay various fees and assessments. In addition, we must offer service on a nondiscriminatory basis at just and reasonable rates and are subject to the FCC's complaint jurisdiction. Generally, our international voice traffic is subject to minimal regulation by state and local jurisdictions.

As a competitive local exchange carrier (CLEC) in Florida. We are subject to the same FCC regulations applicable to telecommunications companies, as well as regulation by the public utility commission in Florida. As a CLEC, we are generally required to register or seek certification to provide certain services, to file and update tariffs setting forth the terms, conditions and prices for our intrastate services and to comply with various consumer protection, reporting, record-keeping, surcharge collection requirements.

The FCC requires Internet voice communications service providers, such as our company, to provide E-911 service in all geographic areas covered by the traditional wire-line E-911 network. Under the FCC's rules, Internet voice communications providers must transmit the caller's phone number and registered location information to the appropriate public safety answering point, or PSAP, for the caller's registered location. The FCC also requires interconnected VoIP service providers to make Universal Service Fund ("USF") contributions. We believe that our services are currently compliant with all applicable requirements of the FCC, and we have made and are making the required contributions to the USF. However, should we at some time fail to meet certain requirements or fail to make required contributions, we could be subject to revocation of our authority to operate or to fines or penalties.

As a result of the FCC's preemption of states' ability to regulate certain aspects of VoIP service, and a trend in state legislatures to affirmatively deregulate VoIP services for most purposes, our VoIP services are subject to relatively few state regulatory requirements, aside from collection of state and local E911 fees and state Universal Service support obligations as well as some state communication service and sales taxes, when applicable. We believe that our VoIP services are currently compliant with all applicable state requirements, and we have made and are making the required contributions to E911, state USF, and other funds. The state regulatory framework for our VoIP services continues to evolve, so we, in conjunction with our professional advisors, monitor the actions of the various state regulatory agencies and endeavor to ensure that we are in compliance with applicable state law, including any new statutes or regulations that may be passed. However, there can be no assurance that we will become aware of all applicable requirements on a timely basis, or that we will always be fully compliant with applicable rules and regulations. Should we fail to be compliant with applicable state regulations, or to file required reports with state regulatory agencies, we could be subject to fines and/or penalties.

In addition to regulations addressing Internet telephony and broadband services, other regulatory issues relating to the Internet generally could affect our ability to provide our services. Congress has adopted legislation that regulates certain aspects of the Internet including online content, user privacy, taxation, liability for third-party activities and jurisdiction. In addition, a number of initiatives pending in Congress and state legislatures would prohibit or restrict advertising or sale of certain products and services on the Internet, which may have the effect of raising the cost of doing business on the Internet generally.

International Regulation

The regulatory treatment of Internet telephony outside of the U.S. varies widely from country to country. A number of countries that currently prohibit competition in the provision of voice telephony also prohibit Internet telephony. Other countries permit but regulate Internet telephony. Some countries will evaluate proposed Internet telephony service on a case-by-case basis and determine whether it should be regulated as a voice service or as another telecommunications service. In many countries, Internet telephony has not yet been addressed by legislation or regulation. Increased regulation of the Internet and/or Internet telephony providers or the prohibition of Internet telephony in one or more countries could adversely affect our business and future prospects if we decide to expand globally.

Customers and Suppliers

We rely on various suppliers to provide services in connection with our VoIP and UCaaS offerings. Our customers include businesses in various industries including Healthcare, Banking, Financial Services, Legal, Real Estate, and Construction. We are not dependent upon any single supplier or customer.

During the years ended July 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not derive a significant amount of revenue from one single customer.

As of the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company did not derive a significant number of accounts receivable from one single customer. During the year ended July 31, 2020, the company derived 12% of total accounts receivable from one customer.

Employees

As of July 31, 2021, we had 46 employees, all of whom performed sales, operational, technical, and administrative functions. We believe our future success will depend to a large extent on our continued ability to attract and retain highly skilled and qualified employees. We consider our employee relations to be good. None of these aforementioned employees belong to labor unions.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

Not Applicable to smaller reporting companies.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS.

Not Applicable to smaller reporting companies.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES.

We are headquartered in San Antonio Texas and lease offices and facilities in a number of other locations. Below is a list of our primary leased offices and other facilities as of July 31, 2021.

<u>Location</u>	<u>Annual Rent</u>	<u>Lease Expiration Date</u>	<u>Business Use</u>	<u>Approx. Sq. Ft.</u>
825 W. Bitters, Suite 104, San Antonio, TX 78216	\$ 26,529	Jul-22	Executive offices	1,546
1610 Royal Palm Avenue, Suite 300, Fort Myers, FL 33901	\$ 82,102	Dec-25	Office space and network facilities	6,800
			Office space & wireless internet network	
2121 Ponce de Leon Blvd., Suite 200, Coral Gables FL 33134	\$ 164,475	Jul-22		4,623
7218 McNeil Dr., FL-1, Austin, TX 78729	\$ 21,000	Mar-24	Network facilities	25
6606 Lyndon B. Johnson, Fwy., FL1, Suite 125, Dallas, TX 75240	\$ 14,200	May-22	Network facilities	25
9701 S. John Young Parkway, Orlando, FL 32819	\$ 30,528	May-23	Network facilities	540
50 NE 9th St, Miami, FL 3313	\$ 49,560	May-23	Network facilities	25
350 NW 215 St., Miami Gardens, FL 33169	\$ 23,403	May-22	Wireless internet network	100
8333 NW 53rd St, Doral, FL 33166	\$ 13,612	Jul-25	Wireless internet network	100
100 SE 2nd Street, Miami, FL 33131	\$ 36,024	Jan-24	Wireless internet network	100
9055 SW 73rd Ct, Miami, FL 33156	\$ 8,674	Dec-23	Wireless internet network	100
9517 Fontainebleau Blvd., Miami, FL 33172	\$ 11,860	Aug-24	Wireless internet network	100

We believe that our leased facilities are suitable and adequate for their intended use.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

On April 16, 2021, a lawsuit was filed against T3 by Carolina Financial Securities, LLC (“CFS”), in North Carolina State Court (Forsyth County Superior Court), claiming that T3 owed CFS a placement fee of \$576,000 pursuant to an Engagement Letter between the two companies. The Company removed the case to the United States District Court for the Middle District of North Carolina. The Company mediated the case, and on September 21, 2021 entered into a settlement agreement that resolved all issues and claims related to the lawsuit. Pursuant to the settlement agreement, T3 agreed to pay CFS a total of \$300,000, payable as follows: \$100,000 by October 15, 2021, and \$200,000 payable in 15 monthly installments of \$13,333.33 beginning November 15, 2021.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES.

Market for Common Equity

Our common stock is quoted on the OTCQB under the symbol "DTGI". Price quotations on the OTCQB reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, markdown, or commission, and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

Holders

As of October 26, 2021, there were approximately 341 record holders of our Common Stock.

Dividends

We have not paid cash dividends on our common stock, and we do not anticipate paying a dividend in the foreseeable future.

Equity Compensation Plans

The following table provides information regarding securities that have been or are authorized to be issued under our equity compensation plans as of July 31, 2021.

	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Weighted- Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans
Equity Compensation plans approved by security holders	-0-	--	-0-
Equity Compensation Plans not approved by security holders	9,230,000	\$ 0.17	-0-
Total	<u>9,230,000</u>	<u>\$ 0.17</u>	<u>-0-</u>

Sales of Unregistered Securities

On July 1, 2021, the Company received \$3,000 in proceeds from the exercise of 30,000 warrants, with an exercise price of \$0.10 per warrant, as a result we issued 30,000 shares of common stock. These warrants were issued in July 2018.

On July 1, 2021, the Company entered into a consulting agreement, under the agreement the Company issued 250,000 shares of common stock. At the time of issuance, the Company recognized the relative fair market value of the stock of \$39,950 as expense.

On July 31, 2021, the Company entered into a note extension agreement with one of its lenders, and as consideration for the extension on the maturity date on the convertible promissory note, the Company issued 400,000 shares of common stock. At the time of issuance, the Company recognized \$58,760 as interest expense the relative fair market value of the common stock issued.

On August 31, 2021, the Company entered into a \$75,000 promissory note, with a maturity date of August 31, 2022, and annual interest rate of 8%. In conjunction with the promissory note, we issued 150,000 shares of common stock. At the time of issuance, the Company recognized the relative fair market value of the shares of \$13,635 as debt discount, and it will be amortized to interest expense during the term of the promissory note.

On September 29, 2021, the Company entered into a \$75,000 promissory note, with a maturity date of September 29, 2022, and annual interest rate of 8%. In conjunction with the promissory note, we issued 150,000 shares of common stock. At the time of issuance, the Company recognized the relative fair market value of the shares of \$10,788 as debt discount, and it will be amortized to interest expense during the term of the promissory note.

The sales and issuances of the securities described above were made pursuant to the exemptions from registration contained into Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Regulation D under the Securities Act. Each purchaser represented that such purchaser's intention to acquire the shares for investment only and not with a view toward distribution. We requested our stock transfer agent to affix appropriate legends to the stock certificate issued to each purchaser and the transfer agent affixed the appropriate legends. Each purchaser was given adequate access to sufficient information about us to make an informed investment decision. Except as described in this prospectus, none of the securities were sold through an underwriter and accordingly, there were no underwriting discounts or commissions involved.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA.

Not Applicable to smaller reporting companies.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

This Annual Report contains "forward-looking statements" that describe management's beliefs and expectations about the future. We have identified forward-looking statements by using words such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "may," "expect," and "intend," or words of similar import. Although we believe these expectations are reasonable, our operations involve a number of risks and uncertainties and actual results may be materially different than our expectations.

The following is a discussion of the consolidated financial condition and results of operations for the fiscal years ended July 31, 2021 and 2020, and should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements, the Notes thereto, and the other financial information included elsewhere in this annual report on Form 10-K. For purposes of the following discussion, FY 2021 or 2021 refers to the year ended July 31, 2021 and FY 2020 or 2020 refers to the year ended July 31, 2020.

Recent Activity

Acquisitions

On November 17, 2020, the Company closed on the acquisitions of Nexogy, Inc. ("Nexogy"), and ActivePBX ("ActivePBX"), providers of cloud communication, UCaaS, and broadband solutions tailored for businesses. As a combined business, Nexogy, ActivePBX, and T3, will serve over 2,600 business customers and approximately 28,000 users. The business model of the combined entities is supported by strong and predictable recurring revenue with high gross margins under contracts with business customers in various industries including banking, healthcare, financial services, legal, insurance, hotels, real estate, staffing, municipalities, food services, and education. The contribution from the acquisitions is expected to have an immediate and positive impact on the consolidated EBITDA of the Company with additional improvements to be realized during FY2022 from the anticipated cost synergies and consolidation savings.

Sources of revenue:

Cloud Software and Service Revenue: We provide UCaaS or cloud communication services and managed cloud-based solutions to small and medium size enterprise customers and to other resellers. Our Internet-based services include fully hosted IP/PBX services, SIP trunking, call center applications, auto attendant, voice and web conferencing, call recording, messaging, voicemail to email conversion, integrated mobility applications that are device and location agnostic, and other customized IP/PBX features in a hosted or cloud environment. Other services include enterprise-class data and connectivity solutions through multiple broadband technologies including cloud WAN or SD-WAN (Software-defined Wide Area Network), fiber, mobile broadband, and Ethernet over copper. We also offer remote network monitoring, data backup and disaster recovery.

Direct Costs:

Cloud Software and Service: We incur bandwidth and colocation charges in connection with our UCaaS or cloud communication services. The bandwidth charges are incurred as part of the connectivity between our customers to allow them access to our various services. We also incur costs from underlying providers for fiber, Internet broadband, and telecommunication circuits in connection with our data and connectivity solutions.

Results of Operations

Cloud Software and Service Revenue. Cloud software and service revenue increased by \$6,137,000, or 98% from the year ended July 31, 2020, to the year ended July 31, 2021. The increase in revenue is primarily attributed to the increase in total customers between years due to the acquisitions of Nexogy and ActivePBX. Our total number of customers increased from 728 for the year ended July 31, 2020, to 2,655 customers for the year ended July 31, 2021.

Cost of Services (exclusive of depreciation and amortization). The cost of services increased by \$2,100,000, or 69% from the year ended July 31, 2020, to the year ended July 31, 2021. The increase in cost of services is primarily attributed to the consolidation of various networks and key vendors as part of the increase in total customers between periods due to the acquisitions of Nexogy and ActivePBX. Our total number of customers increased from 728 for the year ended July 31, 2020, to 2,655 customers for the year ended July 31, 2021. However, our consolidated gross margin improved by \$4,037,000 from the year ended July 31, 2020, to the year ended July 31, 2021.

Selling, General and Administrative (SG&A) Expenses (exclusive of legal and professional fees and stock compensation expense). SG&A expenses increased by \$3,417,000, from the year ended July 31, 2020, to the year ended July 31, 2021. The increase in SG&A is attributed to acquisition of Nexogy and ActivePBX, as part of the consolidation, the Company absorbed all of the employees responsible for managing the customer base, technical support, sales, customer service, and administration.

Stock Compensation expense. Stock compensation expense decreased by \$504,000, or 45% from the year ended July 31, 2020, to the year ended July 31, 2021. The decrease between periods is attributed to the recognition of stock option expense of \$377,000 recognized during the year ended July 31, 2020 associated with the stock options with multiple vesting periods that were awarded to various employees during FY2018, FY2019 and FY2020. The Company also recognized \$501,000 in stock compensation for stock issued in lieu of cash payments to the Management team during the year ended July 31, 2020. In addition, the Company recognized \$233,633 in stock compensation expense associated with the funding of the 401(K)-profit sharing plan and recognized \$15,000 in stock compensation expense to professionals for the year ended July 31, 2020. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company only recognized \$135,000 in stock option expense associated with stock options awarded to various employees, recognized \$247,000 in stock compensation expense associated with the funding of the 401(K)-profit sharing plan, recognized \$18,000 in stock compensation for stock issued in lieu of cash payments to a former employee, and recognized \$223,000 in stock issued to consultants for professional services.

Legal and professional fees. Legal and professional fees increased by \$252,000, or 39% from the year ended July 31, 2020, to the year ended July 31, 2021. The increase between periods is attributed to the recognition during the period ending July 31, 2021, of \$611,000 in legal and professional fees related to due diligence, audits for the acquisitions, purchase price allocation and investor relations.

Bad debt. Bad debt increased between the periods by \$22,000. The increase is attributed to the recognition of \$17,000 in bad debt during the year ended July 31, 2021. During the year ended July 31, 2020, the Company recognized \$5,000 in bad debt recovery, for accounts that were previously considered uncollectible.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization increased by \$1,136,000, from the year ended July 31, 2020, to the year ended July 31, 2021. The increase is primarily attributed to the acquisitions and related amortization of \$1,396,000 for intangible assets, and the additional depreciation related to the depreciation for the assets acquired from Nexogy and ActivePBX.

Operating loss. The Company reported an operating loss of \$2,398,000 for the year ended July 31, 2021, compared to an operating loss of \$2,112,000 for the year ended July 31, 2020. The increase in operating loss between periods is primarily due to the increase of \$3,417,000 in SG&A, the increase in legal fees of \$252,000, increase in bad debt of \$22,000, and the increase in depreciation of \$1,136,000. These increases were slightly offset by the increase in margin of \$4,037,000 and the decrease in stock compensation expense of \$504,000.

Gain (loss) on derivative instruments. Loss on derivative instruments increased by \$10,198,000 from the year ended July 31, 2020, to the year ended July 31, 2021. We are required to re-measure all derivative instruments at the end of each reporting period and adjust those instruments to market, as a result of the re-measurement of all derivative instruments we recognized an increase between periods.

Gain on settlement of debt. Gain on settlement of debt improved by \$431,000 from the year ended July 31, 2020, to the year ended July 31, 2021. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company recognized a settlement of \$197,000 for an obligation satisfied with our vendors, in addition, the Company recognized a gain on settlement of debt for the forgiveness by the U.S Small Business Administration of three promissory notes with a total principal of \$361,600 and accrued interest of \$3,616.

Income tax benefit (expense). During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company recognized an income tax expense of \$183,000. During the year ended July 31, 2020, the Company recognized an income tax benefit of \$33,000.

Other income (expense). Other expense increased by \$410,000 from the year ended July 31, 2020, to the year ended July 31, 2021. During the year ended July 31, 2021, T3 recognized an expense of \$300,000 related to a mediated settlement agreement with Carolina Financial Securities, LLC (“CFS”). Pursuant to the settlement agreement, T3 agreed to pay CFS a total of \$300,000, payable as follows: \$100,000 by October 15, 2021, and \$200,000 payable in 15 monthly installments of \$13,333.33 beginning November 15, 2021. During the year ended July 31, 2020 the Company recognized as other income \$100,000 for a settlement with one of our vendors, in addition the Company recognized \$16,000 in interest income during the year ended July 31, 2020.

Interest expense. Interest income (expense) increased by \$2,912,000 from the year ended July 31, 2020, to the year ended July 31, 2021. During the period ended July 31, 2021, the Company recognized non-cash interest / accretion expense of \$2,803,000 related to the amortization of debt discount on various notes and the amortization of debt discount of \$6,000 in a related party note. Additionally, the Company recognized \$1,111,000 in interest expense for cash interest payments on various promissory notes, accrued interest rolled into principal of \$510,000, accrual interest paid as common stock and preferred stock of \$16,000, increase in principal, debt discount, gain on notes directly recorded as interest expense of \$319,000.

Net loss including noncontrolling interest. Net loss including noncontrolling interest for the year ended July 31, 2021, was \$17,015,000, an increase in net loss of \$13,591,000, as compared to a net loss for the year ended July 31, 2020 of \$3,424,000. The increase in net loss including noncontrolling interest between periods is primarily due to the increase of \$3,417,000 in SG&A, the increase in legal fees of \$252,000, increase in bad debt of \$22,000, and the increase in depreciation and amortization of \$1,136,000. In addition to the increase in loss on derivative instruments of \$10,198,000, increase in interest expense of \$2,912,000, increase in other expense of \$410,000 and increase income tax expense of \$216,000. These increases were slightly offset by the increase in margin of \$4,037,000, the decrease in stock compensation expense of \$504,000 and the improvement on gain on settlement of debt of \$431,000.

Net loss attributable to the noncontrolling interest. During the year ended July 31, 2021, and 2020, the consolidated entity recognized net loss in noncontrolling interest of \$332,000 and \$47,000, respectively. The noncontrolling interest is presented as a separate line item in the Company's stockholders' equity section of the balance sheet.

Net loss attributable to Digerati's shareholders. Net loss for the year ended July 31, 2021, was \$16,683,000 compared to a net loss for the year ended July 31, 2020, of \$3,377,000.

Deemed dividend on Series A Convertible Preferred Stock. Dividend declared on convertible preferred stock for the year ended July 31, 2021, was \$20,000 compared to a deemed dividend on convertible preferred stock for the year ended July 31, 2020, of \$19,000.

Net loss attributable to Digerati's common shareholders. Net loss for the year ended July 31, 2021, was \$16,703,000 compared to a net loss for the year ended July 31, 2020, of \$3,396,000.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Position: We had a consolidated cash balance of \$1,489,000 as of July 31, 2021. Net cash consumed by operating activities during the year ended July 31, 2021 was approximately \$708,000, primarily as a result of operating expenses, that included \$624,000 in stock compensation and warrant expense, bad debt expense of \$17,000, amortization of debt discount of \$2,809,000, loss on derivative liability of \$9,935,000, depreciation and amortization expense of \$1,707,000, increase in accrued expense of \$1,083,000, decrease in accounts receivable of \$69,000 and decrease in deferred revenue of \$259,000. Additionally, we had an increase of \$99,000 in accounts payable, decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$46,000, increase in inventory of \$27,000, the recognition of a gain on settlement of debt of \$560,000, the recognition of \$510,000 in accrued interest added to principal, stock issued for debt extension of \$59,000 and the issuance of preferred stock C for settlement of AP from current year of \$333,000.

Cash used in investing activities during the year ended July 31, 2021 was \$10,800,000, which included \$410,000 for the purchase of equipment and the cash paid of \$10,390,000, net of cash received, for the acquisitions of VoIP assets from Nexogy and ActivePBX.

Cash provided by financing activities during the year ended July 31, 2021, was \$12,312,000. The Company secured \$1,078,000 from convertible notes, net of issuance costs and discounts. In addition, the Company secured \$13,036,000 from two promissory notes, net of issuance costs. *(See Note 10)* The Company made principal payments of \$1,338,000 on various notes, principal payments of \$266,000 on convertible notes, principal payments of \$169,000 on related party notes, and \$63,000 in principal payments on equipment financing. Overall, our net operating, investing, and financing activities during the year ended July 31, 2021, contributed approximately \$804,000 of our available cash.

Digerati's consolidated financial statements for the year ending July 31, 2021, have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business. Since the Company's inception in 1993, Digerati has incurred net losses and accumulated a deficit of approximately \$105,380,000 and a working capital deficit of approximately \$24,228,000 which raises doubt about Digerati's ability to continue as a going concern.

We are currently taking initiatives to reduce our overall cash deficiencies on a monthly basis. During fiscal 2021 certain members of our management team have taken a significant portion of their compensation in common stock to reduce the depletion of our available cash. To strengthen our business, we intend to adopt best practices from or recent acquisitions and invest in a marketing and sales strategy to grow our monthly recurring revenue; we anticipate utilizing our value-added resellers and channel partners to tap into new sources of revenue streams, we have also secured various agent agreements to accelerate revenue growth. In addition, we will continue to focus on selling a greater number of comprehensive services to our existing customer base. Further, in an effort to increase our revenues, we will continue to evaluate the acquisition of various assets with emphasis in VoIP Services and Cloud Communication Services. As a result, during the due diligence process we anticipate incurring significant legal and professional fees.

Management believes that available resources as of July 31, 2021, will not be sufficient to fund the Company's operations, debt service and corporate expenses over the next 12 months. The Company's ability to continue to meet its obligations and to achieve its business objectives is dependent upon, and other things, raising additional capital, issuing stock-based compensation to certain members of the executive management team in lieu of cash, or generating sufficient revenue in excess of costs. At such time as the Company requires additional funding, the Company will seek to secure such best-efforts funding from various possible sources, including equity or debt financing, sales of assets, or collaborative arrangements. If the Company raises additional capital through the issuance of equity securities or securities convertible into equity, stockholders will experience dilution, and such securities may have rights, preferences, or privileges senior to those of the holders of common stock or convertible senior notes. If the Company raises additional funds by issuing debt, the Company may be subject to limitations on its operations, through debt covenants or other restrictions. If the Company obtains additional funds through arrangements with collaborators or strategic partners, the Company may be required to relinquish its rights to certain technologies. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to raise additional funds or raise them on acceptable terms. If the Company is unable to obtain financing on acceptable terms, it may be unable to execute its business plan, the Company could be required to curtail its operations, and the Company may not be able to pay off its obligations, if and when they come due.

Our current cash expenses are expected to be approximately \$700,000 per month, including wages, rent, utilities, corporate expenses, and legal professional fees associated with potential acquisitions. As described elsewhere herein, we are not generating sufficient cash from operations to pay for our corporate and ongoing operating expenses, or to pay our current liabilities. As of July 31, 2021, our total liabilities were approximately \$33,375,000, which included \$16,773,000 in derivative liabilities. We will continue to use our available cash on hand to cover our deficiencies in operating expenses.

We estimate that we need approximately \$80,000 per month of additional working capital to fund our corporate expenses during Fiscal 2022.

We have been successful in raising debt capital and equity capital in the past and as described in Notes 10, 11, and 12 to our consolidated financial statements. We have financing efforts in place to continue to raise cash through debt and equity offerings. Although we have successfully completed financings and reduced expenses in the past, we cannot assure you that our plans to address these matters in the future will be successful.

Critical Accounting Policies

Revenue Recognition. On August 1, 2018, we adopted Topic 606 using the modified retrospective method applied to those contracts which were not completed as of August 1, 2018. Results for reporting periods beginning after August 1, 2018 are presented under Topic 606. There was no impact to the opening balance of accumulated deficit or revenues for the year ended July 31, 2019 as a result of applying Topic 606.

The Company recognizes cloud-based hosted services revenue, mainly from subscription services for its cloud telephony applications that includes hosted IP/PBX services, SIP trunking, call center applications, auto attendant, voice and web conferencing, call recording, messaging, voicemail to email conversion, integrated mobility applications that are device and location agnostic, and other customized applications. Other services include enterprise-class data and connectivity solutions through multiple broadband technologies including cloud WAN or SD-WAN (Software-defined Wide Area Network), fiber, and Ethernet over copper. We also offer remote network monitoring, data backup and disaster recovery services. The Company applies a five-step approach in determining the amount and timing of revenue to be recognized: (1) identifying the contract with a customer, (2) identifying the performance obligations in the contract, (3) determining the transaction price, (4) allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract and (5) recognizing revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied. Substantially all of the Company's revenue is recognized at the time control of the products transfers to the customer.

Service Revenue

Service revenue from subscriptions to the Company's cloud-based technology platform is recognized over time on a ratable basis over the contractual subscription term beginning on the date that the platform is made available to the customer. Payments received in advance of subscription services being rendered are recorded as a deferred revenue. Usage fees, either bundled or not bundled, are recognized when the Company has a right to invoice. Professional services for configuration, system integration, optimization, customer training and/or education are primarily billed on a fixed-fee basis and are performed by the Company directly. Alternatively, customers may choose to perform these services themselves or engage their own third-party service providers. Professional services revenue is recognized over time, generally as services are activated for the customer.

Product Revenue

The Company recognizes product revenue for telephony equipment at a point in time, when transfer of control has occurred, which is generally upon delivery. Sales returns are recorded as a reduction to revenue estimated based on historical experience.

Goodwill, Intangible Assets, and Long-Lived Assets. Goodwill is carried at cost and is not amortized. The Company tests goodwill for impairment on an annual basis at the end of each fiscal year, relying on a number of factors including operating results, business plans, economic projections, anticipated future cash flows and marketplace data. Company management uses its judgment in assessing whether goodwill has become impaired between annual impairment tests according to specifications set forth in ASC 350. The Company completed an evaluation of goodwill at July 31, 2021 and 2020 and determined that there was no impairment.

The fair value of the Company's reporting unit is dependent upon the Company's estimate of future cash flows and other factors. The Company's estimates of future cash flows include assumptions concerning future operating performance and economic conditions and may differ from actual future cash flows. Estimated future cash flows are adjusted by an appropriate discount rate derived from the Company's market capitalization plus a suitable control premium at date of the evaluation.

The financial and credit market volatility directly impacts the Company's fair value measurement through the Company's weighted average cost of capital that the Company uses to determine its discount rate and through the Company's stock price that the Company uses to determine its market capitalization. Therefore, changes in the stock price may also affect the amount of impairment recorded.

The Company recognizes an acquired intangible asset apart from goodwill whenever the intangible asset arises from contractual or other legal rights, or when it can be separated or divided from the acquired entity and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or in combination with a related contract, asset or liability. Such intangibles are amortized over their useful lives. Impairment losses are recognized if the carrying amount of an intangible asset subject to amortization is not recoverable from expected future cash flows and its carrying amount exceeds its fair value.

The Company reviews its long-lived assets, including property and equipment, identifiable intangibles, and goodwill annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be fully recoverable. To determine recoverability of its long-lived assets, the Company evaluates the probability that future undiscounted net cash flows will be less than the carrying amount of the assets.

Business combinations. Each investment in a business is being measured and determined whether the investment should be accounted for as a cost-basis investment, an equity investment, a business combination, or a common control transaction. An investment in which the Company do not have a controlling interest and which the Company is not the primary beneficiary but where the Company has the ability to exert significant influence is accounted for under the equity method of accounting. For those investments that we account for in accordance ASC 805, Business Combinations, the Company records the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the management's estimate of their fair values on the date of the business combination. The assessment of the estimated fair value of each of these can have a material effect on the reported results as intangible assets are amortized over various lives. Furthermore, according to ASC 805-50-30-5, when accounting for a transfer of assets or exchange of shares between entities under common control, the entity that receives the net assets or the equity interests shall initially measure the recognized assets and liabilities transferred at their carrying amounts in the accounts of the transferring entity at the date of transfer.

Stock-based compensation. In June 2018 FASB adopted the Accounting Standards Update No. 2018-07, *Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Non-employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*. This update simplifies the accounting for non-employee share-based payment transactions by expanding the scope of Topic 718, Compensation-Stock Compensation, to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from non-employees. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within that reporting period. The Company adopted the updated standard as of May 1, 2018, adopting this guidance did not have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements. During FY 2021 and 2020, the Company issued 7,858,820 common shares and 21,811,100 common shares, respectively to various employees as part of our profit sharing-plan contribution and stock in lieu of cash. At the time of issuance during FY 2021 and 2020 we recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$264,712 and \$801,891, respectively equivalent to the market value of the shares issued calculated based on the share's closing price at the grant dates.

Treasury Shares. As a result of entering into various convertible debt instruments which contained a variable conversion feature with no floor, warrants with fixed exercise price, and convertible notes with fixed conversion price or with a conversion price floor, we reserved 25,000,000 treasury shares for consideration for future conversions and exercise of warrants. The Company will evaluate the reserved treasury shares on a quarterly basis, and if necessary, reserve additional treasury shares. As of July 31, 2021, we believe that the treasury share reserved are sufficient for any future conversions of these instruments. As a result, these debt instruments and warrants are excluded from derivative consideration.

Derivative financial instruments. Digerati does not use derivative instruments to hedge exposures to cash flow, market, or foreign currency risks. However, Digerati analyzes its convertible instruments and free-standing instruments such as warrants for derivative liability accounting.

For derivative financial instruments that are accounted for as liabilities, the derivative instrument is initially recorded at its fair value and is then re-valued at each reporting date. Any changes in fair value is recorded as non-operating, non-cash income or expense for each reporting period. For derivative notes payable conversion options Digerati uses the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to value the derivative instruments.

The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is re-assessed at the end of each reporting period. Derivative instrument liabilities are classified in the balance sheet as current or non-current based on whether or not net-cash settlement of the derivative instrument is probable within the next 12 months from the balance sheet date.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. A fair value hierarchy is used which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The fair value hierarchy based on the three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1– Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are financial instruments whose values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant judgment or estimation.

For certain of our financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments. The carrying value of our long-term debt approximates its fair value based on the quoted market prices for the same or similar issues or the current rates offered to us for debt of the same remaining maturities.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

Not Applicable to smaller reporting companies.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Page
Consolidated Financial Statements of Digerati Technologies, Inc., and Subsidiaries	
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F-2
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of July 31, 2021 and 2020	F-3
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Years Ended July 31, 2021 and 2020	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Deficit for the Years Ended July 31, 2021 and 2020	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended July 31, 2021 and 2020	F-6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	F-7

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of
Digerati Technologies, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Digerati Technologies, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Company”) as of July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders’ deficit, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the “financial statements”). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going Concern Matter

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note [2] to the financial statements, the Company has suffered recurring losses from operations and has a net capital deficiency that raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management’s plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note [2]. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (“PCAOB”) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters

Critical audit matters are matters arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgements. We determined that there are no critical audit matters.

/s/ MaloneBailey, LLP
www.malonebailey.com

We have served as the Company’s auditor since 2018.

Houston, Texas

October 26, 2021

PART 1. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands)

	July 31, 2021	July 31, 2020
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,489	\$ 685
Accounts receivable, net	617	208
Prepaid and other current assets	232	361
Total current assets	<u>2,338</u>	<u>1,254</u>
LONG-TERM ASSETS:		
Intangible assets, net	8,527	1,451
Goodwill, net	3,931	810
Property and equipment, net	529	431
Other assets	76	43
Investment in Itellum	185	185
Right-of-use asset	934	176
Total assets	<u>\$ 16,520</u>	<u>\$ 4,350</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,653	\$ 1,487
Accrued liabilities	2,570	1,840
Equipment financing	37	62
Convertible note payable, current, net \$340 and \$295, respectively	1,049	548
Note payable, current, related party, net \$0 and \$0, respectively	998	78
Note payable, current, net \$714 and \$0, respectively	2,963	1,571
Deferred income	20	279
Derivative liability	16,773	606
Operating lease liability, current	503	99
Total current liabilities	<u>26,566</u>	<u>6,570</u>
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:		
Notes payable, related party, net \$0 and \$6, respectively	136	85
Note payable, net \$4,641 and \$0, respectively	6,241	193
Equipment financing	-	38
Operating lease liability	431	77
Total long-term liabilities	<u>6,808</u>	<u>393</u>
Total liabilities	<u>33,374</u>	<u>6,963</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT:		
Preferred stock, \$0.001, 50,000,000 shares authorized		
Convertible Series A Preferred stock, \$0.001, 1,500,000 shares designated, 225,000 and 225,000 issued and outstanding, respectively	-	-
Convertible Series B Preferred stock, \$0.001, 1,000,000 shares designated, 425,442 and 0 issued and outstanding, respectively	-	-
Convertible Series C Preferred stock, \$0.001, 1,000,000 shares designated, 55,400 and 0 issued and outstanding, respectively	-	-
Series F Super Voting Preferred stock, \$0.001, 100 shares designated, 100 and 0 issued and outstanding, respectively	-	-
Common stock, \$0.001, 500,000,000 shares authorized, 138,538,039 and 101,323,590 issued and outstanding, respectively (25,000,000 reserved in Treasury)	139	101
Additional paid in capital	89,100	86,364
Accumulated deficit	(105,380)	(88,697)

Other comprehensive income	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
Total Digerati's stockholders' deficit	<u>(16,140)</u>	<u>(2,231)</u>
Noncontrolling interest	<u>(714)</u>	<u>(382)</u>
Total stockholders' deficit	<u>(16,854)</u>	<u>(2,613)</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	<u>\$ 16,520</u>	<u>\$ 4,350</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the Years ended July 31,	
	2021	2020
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Cloud software and service revenue	\$ 12,416	\$ 6,279
Total operating revenues	12,416	6,279
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Cost of services (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	5,135	3,035
Selling, general and administrative expense	7,019	4,106
Legal and professional fees	894	642
Bad debt expense (recovery)	17	(5)
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,749	613
Total operating expenses	14,814	8,391
OPERATING LOSS	(2,398)	(2,112)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):		
Gain (loss) on derivative instruments	(9,935)	263
Gain on settlement of debt	560	129
Income tax benefit (expense)	(183)	33
Other income (expense)	(294)	116
Interest expense	(4,765)	(1,853)
Total other income (expense)	(14,617)	(1,312)
NET LOSS INCLUDING NONCONTROLLING INTEREST	(17,015)	(3,424)
Less: Net loss attributable to the noncontrolling interests	332	47
NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO DIGERATI'S SHAREHOLDERS	(16,683)	(3,377)
Deemed dividend on Series A Convertible preferred stock	(20)	(19)
NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO DIGERATI'S COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	\$ (16,703)	\$ (3,396)
LOSS PER COMMON SHARE - BASIC	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.06)
LOSS PER COMMON SHARE - DILUTED	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.06)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING - BASIC	129,411,947	53,883,966
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING - DILUTED	129,411,947	53,883,966

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

2020	225,000	-	407,477	-	-	-	-	-	101,323,590	101	\$ 86,364	\$ (88,697)	\$ 1	\$ (2,231)	\$ (382)	\$ (2,613)
Amortization of employee stock options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135	-	-	135	-	135
Common stock issued for services, to employees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,858,820	8	257	-	-	-	265	-	265
Common stock issued for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,250,000	4	219	-	-	-	223	-	223
Common stock issued for debt conversion and settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,275,629	21	407	-	-	-	428	-	428
Common stock issued concurrent with convertible debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,100,000	2	145	-	-	-	147	-	147
Beneficial conversion feature on convertible debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	282	-	-	-	282	-	282
Common stock issued for settlement of accounts payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	1	59	-	-	-	60	-	60
Common stock issued for exercise of warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	330,000	1	33	-	-	-	34	-	34
Common stock issued, extension of debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	400,000	1	59	-	-	-	60	-	60
Convertible Series B Preferred stock issued for debt settlement	-	-	17,965	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	18	-	18
Convertible Series C Preferred stock issued for AP settlement	-	-	-	-	55,400	-	-	-	-	554	-	-	-	554	-	554
Super Voting Preferred Stock Series F	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative liability resolved to APIC due to note conversion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	588	-	-	-	588	-	588
Dividends declared	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20)	-	-	-	(20)	-	(20)
Net Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(16,683)	-	-	(16,683)	(332)	(17,015)
BALANCE, July 31, 2021	225,000	-	425,442	-	55,400	-	100	138,538,039	139	\$ 89,100	\$ (105,380)	\$ 1	\$ (16,140)	\$ (714)	\$ (16,854)	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)

	For the Years ended	
	July 31,	
	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$ (17,015)	\$ (3,424)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash (used in)/provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,707	613
Stock compensation and warrant expense	624	1,127
Bad debt expense (recovery)	17	(5)
Amortization of ROU Asset - operating	328	140
Amortization of debt discount	2,809	1,228
Loss (Gain) on derivative liabilities	9,935	(263)
Gain on settlement of debt	(560)	(134)
Accrued interest added to principal	510	-
Preferred stock C issued for settlement of AP from current year	333	-
Stock issued for debt extension	59	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(69)	60
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	46	(23)
Inventory	(27)	-
Right of use operating lease liability	(328)	(140)
Accounts payable	99	235
Accrued expenses	1,083	646
Deferred income	(259)	(6)
Net cash (used in) / provided by operating activities	<u>(708)</u>	<u>54</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash paid in acquisition of equipment	(410)	(85)
Cash paid for escrow deposit related to acquisition	-	(127)
Acquisitions of VoIP assets, net of cash received	(10,390)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(10,800)</u>	<u>(212)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Borrowings from convertible debt, net of original issuance cost and discounts	1,078	435
Proceeds from sale of stock and warrants	34	99
Borrowings from related party note, net	-	70
Borrowings from third party promissory notes, net	-	556
Borrowings from debt, net of original issuance cost and discounts	13,036	-
Payment of debt financing cost	-	(75)
Principal payments on debt, net	(1,338)	-
Principal payments on convertible notes, net	(266)	(140)
Principal payments on related party notes, net	(169)	(443)
Principal payment on equipment financing	(63)	(65)
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>12,312</u>	<u>437</u>
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	804	279
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	<u>685</u>	<u>406</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	<u>\$ 1,489</u>	<u>\$ 685</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 1,111	\$ 547
Income tax paid	\$ -	\$ -
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Beneficial conversion feature on convertible debt	\$ 282	\$ -
Debt discount from common stock issued with debt	\$ 147	\$ 12
Debt discount from derivative liabilities	\$ 358	\$ 814
Debt discount from PRG warrant derivative	\$ 6,462	\$ -
Debt from assignment of accrued interest	\$ -	\$ 113
Promissory note reclassified to convertible debt	\$ 15	\$ -
Capitalization of ROU assets and liabilities - operating	\$ 440	\$ 316
Preferred Stock Series A and warrants issued for AP settlement	\$ -	\$ 25

Preferred Stock Series B issued for debt conversion and settlement	\$ 18	\$ 408
Preferred Stock Series C issued for AP settlement	\$ 221	\$ -
Common Stock issued for debt conversion	\$ 429	\$ 525
Common Stock issued for interest payment	\$ -	\$ 18
Common Stock issued for accounts payable	\$ 60	\$ -
Common Stock issued for debt extension	\$ -	\$ 50
Dividend declared	\$ 20	\$ 19
Derivative liability resolved to APIC due to debt conversion	\$ 588	\$ 872
Capitalized expense related to debt financing cost	\$ -	\$ 13

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

**DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Business.

Digerati Technologies, Inc., a Nevada corporation (including our subsidiaries, “we,” “us,” “Company” or “Digerati”), through its operating subsidiaries in Texas and Florida, Shift8 Networks, Inc., dba, T3 Communications (“T3”), T3 Communications, Inc. (“T3”) and Nexogy Inc., provides cloud services specializing in Unified Communications as a Service (“UCaaS”) solutions for the business market. Our product line includes a portfolio of Internet-based telephony products and services delivered through our cloud application platform and session-based communication network and network services including Internet broadband, fiber, mobile broadband, and cloud WAN solutions (SD WAN). Our services are designed to provide enterprise-class, carrier-grade services to the small-to-medium-sized business (“SMB”) at cost-effective monthly rates. Our UCaaS or cloud communication services include fully hosted IP/PBX, mobile applications, Voice over Internet Protocol (“VoIP”) transport, SIP trunking, and customized VoIP services all delivered ***Only in the Cloud™***.

Principles of Consolidation.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Digerati, and its subsidiaries, which are majority owned by Digerati in accordance with ASC 810-10-05. All significant inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Cost Method Investment.

On June 14, 2019, the Company, entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement (the “Agreement”) to acquire a 12% minority interest in Itellum Comunicacions Costa Rica, S.R.L. The Company paid \$100,000 in cash, issued 500,000 shares of common stock with a market value of \$85,000. As result, the Company holds a minority interest in Itellum for an investment of \$185,000. The Company has no influence over the operating and financial policies of Itellum. The Company has no controlling interest, is not the primary beneficiary and does not have the ability to exert significant influence. As a result, we accounted for this investment using the cost method of accounting.

Gain on settlement of debt.

During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company recognized a settlement of \$197,000 for an obligation satisfied with our vendors, in addition, the Company recognized a gain on settlement of deb for that forgiveness by the U.S Small Business Administration of three promissory notes with a total principal of \$361,600 and accrued interest of \$3,616. During the year ended July 31, 2020 the Company recognized as other income \$100,000 for a settlement with one of our vendors.

Use of Estimates.

In preparing financial statements, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and revenue and expenses in the statement of operations. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Beneficial conversion features.

The Company evaluates the conversion feature for whether it was beneficial as described in ASC 470-30. The intrinsic value of a beneficial conversion feature inherent to a convertible note payable, which is not bifurcated and accounted for separately from the convertible note payable and may not be settled in cash upon conversion, is treated as a discount to the convertible note payable. This discount is amortized over the period from the date of issuance to the date the note is due using the effective interest method. If the note payable is retired prior to the end of its contractual term, the unamortized discount is expensed in the period of retirement to interest expense. In general, the beneficial conversion feature is measured by comparing the effective conversion price, after considering the relative fair value of detachable instruments included in the financing transaction, if any, to the fair value of the shares of common stock at the commitment date to be received upon conversion.

Related parties.

The Company accounts for related party transactions in accordance with ASC 850 (“Related Party Disclosures”). A party is considered to be related to the Company if the party directly or indirectly or through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the Company. Related parties also include principal owners of the Company, its management, members of the immediate families of principal owners of the Company and its management and other parties with which the Company may deal if one party controls or can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the other to an extent that one of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests. A party which can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the transacting parties or if it has an ownership interest in one of the transacting parties and can significantly influence the other to an extent that one or more of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests is also a related party.

Concentration of Credit Risk.

Financial instruments that potentially subject Digerati to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of trade receivables. In the normal course of business, Digerati provides credit terms to its customers. Accordingly, Digerati performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and maintains allowances for possible losses, which, when realized, have been within the range of management’s expectations. Digerati maintains cash in bank deposit accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. Digerati has not experienced any losses in such accounts and Digerati does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

Revenue Recognition.

On August 1, 2018, we adopted Topic 606 using the modified retrospective method applied to those contracts which were not completed as of August 1, 2018. Results for reporting periods beginning after August 1, 2018 are presented under Topic 606. There was no impact to the opening balance of accumulated deficit or revenues for the year ended July 31, 2019 as a result of applying Topic 606.

Sources of revenue:

Cloud-based hosted Services. The Company recognizes cloud-based hosted services revenue, mainly from subscription services for its cloud telephony applications that includes hosted IP/PBX services, SIP trunking, call center applications, auto attendant, voice, and web conferencing, call recording, messaging, voicemail to email conversion, integrated mobility applications that are device and location agnostic, and other customized applications. Other services include enterprise-class data and connectivity solutions through multiple broadband technologies including cloud WAN or SD-WAN (Software-defined Wide Area Network), fiber, and Ethernet over copper. We also offer remote network monitoring, data backup and disaster recovery services. The Company applies a five-step approach in determining the amount and timing of revenue to be recognized: (1) identifying the contract with a customer, (2) identifying the performance obligations in the contract, (3) determining the transaction price, (4) allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract and (5) recognizing revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied. Substantially all of the Company’s revenue is recognized at the time control of the products transfers to the customer.

Service Revenue

Service revenue from subscriptions to the Company’s cloud-based technology platform is recognized over time on a ratable basis over the contractual subscription term beginning on the date that the platform is made available to the customer. Payments received in advance of subscription services being rendered are recorded as a deferred revenue. Usage fees, either bundled or not bundled, are recognized when the Company has a right to invoice. Professional services for configuration, system integration, optimization, customer training and/or education are primarily billed on a fixed-fee basis and are performed by the Company directly. Alternatively, customers may choose to perform these services themselves or engage their own third-party service providers. Professional services revenue is recognized over time, generally as services are activated for the customer.

Product Revenue

The Company recognizes product revenue for telephony equipment at a point in time, when transfer of control has occurred, which is generally upon delivery. Sales returns are recorded as a reduction to revenue estimated based on historical experience.

Disaggregation of Cloud-based hosted revenues

Summary of disaggregated revenue is as follows (in thousands):

	For the Years ended July 31,	
	2021	2020
Cloud software and service revenue	\$ 12,153	\$ 6,212
Product revenue	263	67
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 12,416</u>	<u>\$ 6,279</u>

Contract Assets

Contract assets are recorded for those parts of the contract consideration not yet invoiced but for which the performance obligations are completed. The revenue is recognized when the customer receives services or equipment for a reduced consideration at the onset of an arrangement; for example, when the initial month's services or equipment are discounted. Contract assets are included in prepaid and other current assets in the consolidated balance sheets, depending on if their reduction is recognized during the succeeding 12-month period or beyond. Contract assets as of July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, were \$17,661 and \$5,980, respectively.

Deferred Income

Deferred income represents billings or payment received in advance of revenue recognition and is recognized upon transfer of control. Balances consist primarily of annual plan subscription services, for services not yet provided as of the balance sheet date. Deferred revenues that will be recognized during the succeeding 12-month period are recorded as current deferred revenues in the consolidated balance sheets, with the remainder recorded as other noncurrent liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. Deferred income as of July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, were \$19,984 and \$147,748, respectively.

Customer deposits.

The Company in some instances requires customers to make deposits for equipment, installation charges and training. As equipment is installed and training takes place the deposits are then applied to revenue. As of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, Digerati's customer deposits balance was \$0 and \$131,507, respectively.

Costs to Obtain a Customer Contract

Sales commissions are paid upon collections of related revenue and are expensed during the same period. Sales commissions for the year ended July 31, 2021 and the year ended July 31, 2020, were \$871,561 and \$38,976, respectively.

Direct Costs - Cloud-based hosted Services

We incur bandwidth and colocation charges in connection with our UCaaS or cloud communication services. The bandwidth charges are incurred as part of the connectivity between our customers to allow them access to our various services. We also incur costs from underlying providers for fiber, Internet broadband, and telecommunication circuits in connection with our data and connectivity solutions.

Cash and cash equivalents.

The Company considers all bank deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts.

Bad debt expense is recognized based on management's estimate of likely losses each year based on past experience and an estimate of current year uncollectible amounts. As of July 31, 2021, and 2020, Digerati's allowance for doubtful accounts balance was \$29,000 and \$124,000, respectively.

Property and equipment.

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Additions are capitalized and maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Gains and losses on dispositions of equipment are reflected in operations. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are one (1) to seven (7) years.

Goodwill, Intangible Assets, and Long-Lived Assets

Goodwill is carried at cost and is not amortized. The Company tests goodwill for impairment on an annual basis at the end of each fiscal year, relying on a number of factors including operating results, business plans, economic projections, anticipated future cash flows and marketplace data. Company management uses its judgment in assessing whether goodwill has become impaired between annual impairment tests according to specifications set forth in ASC 350. The Company completed an evaluation of goodwill at July 31, 2021 and determined that there was no impairment.

The fair value of the Company's reporting unit is dependent upon the Company's estimate of future cash flows and other factors. The Company's estimates of future cash flows include assumptions concerning future operating performance and economic conditions and may differ from actual future cash flows. Estimated future cash flows are adjusted by an appropriate discount rate derived from the Company's market capitalization plus a suitable control premium at date of the evaluation.

The financial and credit market volatility directly impacts the Company's fair value measurement through the Company's weighted average cost of capital that the Company uses to determine its discount rate and through the Company's stock price that the Company uses to determine its market capitalization. Therefore, changes in the stock price may also affect the amount of impairment recorded.

The Company recognizes an acquired intangible asset apart from goodwill whenever the intangible asset arises from contractual or other legal rights, or when it can be separated or divided from the acquired entity and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or in combination with a related contract, asset or liability. Such intangibles are amortized over their useful lives. Impairment losses are recognized if the carrying amount of an intangible asset subject to amortization is not recoverable from expected future cash flows and its carrying amount exceeds its fair value.

The Company reviews its long-lived assets, including property and equipment, identifiable intangibles, and goodwill annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be fully recoverable. To determine recoverability of its long-lived assets, the Company evaluates the probability that future undiscounted net cash flows will be less than the carrying amount of the assets.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets.

Digerati reviews the carrying value of its long-lived assets annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the value of an asset may no longer be appropriate. Digerati assesses recoverability of the carrying value of the asset by estimating the future net cash flows expected to result from the asset, including eventual disposition. If the future net cash flows are less than the carrying value of the asset, an impairment loss is recorded equal to the difference between the asset's carrying value and fair value.

Business combinations.

Each investment in a business is being measured and determined whether the investment should be accounted for as a cost-basis investment, an equity investment, a business combination, or a common control transaction. An investment in which the Company does not have a controlling interest and which the Company is not the primary beneficiary but where the Company has the ability to exert significant influence is accounted for under the equity method of accounting. For those investments that we account for in accordance ASC 805, Business Combinations, the Company records the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the management's estimate of their fair values on the date of the business combination. The assessment of the estimated fair value of each of these can have a material effect on the reported results as intangible assets are amortized over various lives. Furthermore, according to ASC 805-50-30-5, when accounting for a transfer of assets or exchange of shares between entities under common control, the entity that receives the net assets or the equity interests shall initially measure the recognized assets and liabilities transferred at their carrying amounts in the accounts of the transferring entity at the date of transfer.

Treasury Shares.

As a result of entering into various convertible debt instruments which contained a variable conversion feature with no floor, warrants with fixed exercise price, and convertible notes with fixed conversion price or with a conversion price floor, we reserved 25,000,000 treasury shares for consideration for future conversions and exercise of warrants. The Company will evaluate the reserved treasury shares on a quarterly basis, and if necessary, reserve additional treasury shares. As of July 31, 2021, we believe that the treasury share reserved are sufficient for any future conversions of these instruments. As a result, these debt instruments and warrants are excluded from derivative consideration.

Derivative financial instruments.

Digerati does not use derivative instruments to hedge exposures to cash flow, market, or foreign currency risks. However, Digerati analyzes its convertible instruments and free-standing instruments such as warrants for derivative liability accounting.

For derivative financial instruments that are accounted for as liabilities, the derivative instrument is initially recorded at its fair value and is then re-valued at each reporting date. Any changes in fair value are recorded as non-operating, non-cash income or expense for each reporting period. For derivative notes payable conversion options and warrants Digerati uses the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to value the derivative instruments.

The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is re-assessed at the end of each reporting period. Derivative instrument liabilities are classified in the balance sheet as current or non-current based on whether or not net-cash settlement of the derivative instrument is probable within the next 12 months from the balance sheet date.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments.

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. A fair value hierarchy is used which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The fair value hierarchy based on the three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are financial instruments whose values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant judgment or estimation.

For certain of our financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments. The carrying value of our long-term debt approximates its fair value based on the quoted market prices for the same or similar issues or the current rates offered to us for debt of the same remaining maturities.

Our derivative liabilities as of July 31, 2021 and 2020 of \$16,773,000 and \$606,000, respectively.

The following table provides the fair value of the derivative financial instruments measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs:

Description	Fair Value	Fair value measurements at reporting date using:		
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical liabilities (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Convertible promissory notes derivative liability at July 31, 2020	\$ 606,123	-	-	\$ 606,123
Convertible promissory notes derivative liability at July 31, 2021	\$ 16,773,383	-	-	\$ 16,773,383

The fair market value of all derivatives during the year ended July 31, 2021 was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model which used the following assumptions:

Expected dividend yield	0.00%
Expected stock price volatility	125.60% - 283.01%
Risk-free interest rate	0.05% - 1.65%
Expected term	0.03 - 10.00 years

The fair market value of all derivatives during the year ended July 31, 2020 was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model which used the following assumptions:

Expected dividend yield	0.00%
Expected stock price volatility	83.28% - 268.02%
Risk-free interest rate	0.09% - 2.67%
Expected term	0.01 - 1.00 years

The following table provides a summary of the changes in fair value of the derivative financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs:

Balance at July 31, 2019	\$ 927,171
Derivative from new convertible promissory notes recorded as debt discount	814,180
Derivative liability resolved to additional paid in capital due to debt conversion	(872,914)
Derivative gain	(262,314)
Balance at July 31, 2020	\$ 606,123
Derivative from new convertible promissory notes and warrants recorded as debt discount	6,820,108
Derivative liability resolved to additional paid in capital due to debt conversion	(588,097)
Derivative loss	9,935,249
Balance at July 31, 2021	\$ 16,773,383

Income taxes.

Digerati recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based on differences between the financial reporting and tax basis of assets and liabilities using the enacted tax rates and laws that are expected to be in effect when the differences are expected to be recovered. Digerati provides a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets for which it does not consider realization of such assets to be more likely than not.

Since January 1, 2007, Digerati accounts for uncertain tax positions in accordance with the authoritative guidance issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board on income taxes which addresses how an entity should recognize, measure and present in the financial statements uncertain tax positions that have been taken or are expected to be taken in a tax return. Pursuant to this guidance, Digerati recognizes a tax benefit only if it is “more likely than not” that a particular tax position will be sustained upon examination or audit. To the extent the “more likely than not” standard has been satisfied, the benefit associated with a tax position is measured as the largest amount that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon settlement. As of July 31, 2021, we have no liability for unrecognized tax benefits.

Stock-based compensation.

In June 2018 FASB adopted the Accounting Standards Update No. 2018-07, *Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Non-employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*. This update simplifies the accounting for non-employee share-based payment transactions by expanding the scope of Topic 718, Compensation-Stock Compensation, to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from non-employees. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within that reporting period. The Company adopted the updated standard as of May 1, 2018, adopting this guidance did not have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements. During FY 2021 and 2020, the Company issued 7,858,820 common shares and 21,811,100 common shares, respectively to various employees as part of our profit sharing-plan contribution and stock in lieu of cash. At the time of issuance during FY 2021 and 2020 we recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$264,712 and \$801,891, respectively equivalent to the market value of the shares issued calculated based on the share’s closing price at the grant dates.

Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share.

The basic net loss per common share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted net loss per common share is computed by dividing the net loss adjusted on an “as if converted” basis, by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus potential dilutive securities. For the years ended July 31, 2021 and 2020, potential dilutive securities including options and warrants were not included in the calculation of diluted net loss per common share. Potential dilutive securities, which are not included in dilutive weighted average shares are as follows:

	<u>7/31/2021</u>	<u>7/31/2020</u>
Options to purchase common stock	9,230,000	5,000,000
Warrants to purchase common stock	109,506,179	2,240,000
Convertible debt	20,506,684	37,304,080
Convertible Series A Preferred stock	750,000	750,000
Convertible Series B Preferred stock	24,936,847	18,238,246
Convertible Series C Preferred stock	30,478,369	-
Total:	<u><u>195,408,079</u></u>	<u><u>63,532,326</u></u>

Noncontrolling interest.

The Company follows Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 810, *Consolidation*, which governs the accounting for and reporting of non-controlling interests (“NCIs”) in partially owned consolidated subsidiaries and the loss of control of subsidiaries. Certain provisions of this standard indicate, among other things, that NCIs be treated as a separate component of equity, not as a liability, that increases and decreases in the parent’s ownership interest that leave control intact be treated as equity transactions rather than as step acquisitions or dilution gains or losses, and that losses of a partially owned consolidated subsidiary be allocated to the NCI even when such allocation might result in a deficit balance. The net income (loss) attributed to the NCI is separately designated in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive income (loss).

On May 1, 2018, T3 Communications, Inc. (“T3”), a Nevada Corporation, entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement (“SPA”), whereby in an exchange for \$250,000, T3 agreed to sell to the buyers 199,900 shares of common stock equivalent to 19.99% of the issued and outstanding common share of T3 Communications, Inc. The \$250,000 of the cash received under this transaction was recognized as an adjustment to the carrying amount of the noncontrolling interest and as an increase in additional paid-in capital in T3. At the option of the Company, and for a period of five years following the date of the SPA, the 199,900 shares of common stock in T3 may be converted into Common Stock of Digerati at a ratio of 3.4 shares of DTGI Common stock for everyone (1) share of T3 at any time after the DTGI Common Stock has a current market price of \$1.50 or more per share for 20 consecutive trading days.

For the years ending July 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company accounted for a noncontrolling interest of \$332,000 and \$47,000, respectively. Additionally, one of the buyers serves as a Board Member of T3 Communications, Inc., a Florida Corporation, one of our operating subsidiaries.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements.

Recent accounting pronouncements, other than below, issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) (including its Emerging Issues Task Force), the AICPA and the SEC did not, or are not, believed by management to have a material effect on the Company’s present or future financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The amendments under this pronouncement will change the way all leases with a duration of one year or more are treated. Under this guidance, lessees will be required to capitalize virtually all leases on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and an associated financing lease liability or Operating lease liability. The right-of-use asset represents the lessee’s right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the specified lease term. The lease liability represents the lessee’s obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease, measured on a discounted basis. Based on certain characteristics, leases are classified as financing leases or operating leases. Financing lease liabilities, those that contain provisions similar to capitalized leases, are amortized like capital leases are under current accounting, as amortization expense and interest expense in the statement of operations. Operating lease liabilities are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease as lease expense in the statement of operations. This update is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those reporting periods, beginning after December 15, 2018. In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases and ASU 2018-11, Leases (Topic 842), Targeted Improvements, which provided additional implementation guidance on the previously issued ASU. Effective August 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASC 842, “Leases” (“ASC 842”) on a modified retrospective basis and recorded \$316,411 as right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities on day 1. Accordingly, information presented for periods prior to FY2019 have not been recast. In addition, the Company elected the optional practical expedient permitted under the transition guidance which allows the Company to carry forward the historical accounting treatment for existing lease upon adoption. In addition, the Company evaluated the network facilities lease agreements and elected to apply ASC 842-10-15-37 to account for the lease and non-lease components together as a single component for this asset class. No impact was recorded to the income statement or beginning retained earnings for Topic 842.

In August 2020, the FASB issued “ASU 2020-06, Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging—Contracts in Entity’s Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40)” which simplifies the accounting for convertible instruments. The guidance removes certain accounting models which separate the embedded conversion features from the host contract for convertible instruments. Either a modified retrospective method of transition or a fully retrospective method of transition is permissible for the adoption of this standard. Update No. 2020-06 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted no earlier than the fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the potential on its financial statements.

NOTE 2 – GOING CONCERN

Financial Condition

The Company’s consolidated financial statements for the year ending July 31, 2021, have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business. Since the Company’s inception in 1993, the Company has incurred net losses and accumulated a deficit of approximately \$105,380,000, a working capital deficit of approximately \$24,228,000 and total liabilities of \$33,375,000, which includes \$16,773,000 in derivative liabilities, which raises substantial doubt about Digerati’s ability to continue as a going concern.

Management Plans to Continue as a Going Concern

Management believes that available resources as of July 31, 2021, will not be sufficient to fund the Company's operations and corporate expenses over the next 12 months. The Company's ability to continue to meet its obligations and to achieve its business objectives is dependent upon, and other things, raising additional capital, issuing stock-based compensation to certain members of the executive management team in lieu of cash, or generating sufficient revenue in excess of costs. At such time as the Company requires additional funding, the Company will seek to secure such best-efforts funding from various possible sources, including equity or debt financing, sales of assets, or collaborative arrangements. If the Company raises additional capital through the issuance of equity securities or securities convertible into equity, stockholders will experience dilution, and such securities may have rights, preferences, or privileges senior to those of the holders of common stock or convertible senior notes. If the Company raises additional funds by issuing debt, the Company may be subject to limitations on its operations, through debt covenants or other restrictions. If the Company obtains additional funds through arrangements with collaborators or strategic partners, the Company may be required to relinquish its rights to certain technologies. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to raise additional funds or raise them on acceptable terms. If the Company is unable to obtain financing on acceptable terms, it may be unable to execute its business plan, the Company could be required to curtail its operations, and the Company may not be able to pay off its obligations, if and when they come due.

We are currently taking initiatives to reduce our overall cash deficiencies on a monthly basis. During fiscal 2021 certain members of our executive management team have taken a significant portion of their compensation in common stock to reduce the depletion of our available cash. To strengthen our business, we intend to adopt best practices from our recent acquisitions and invest in a marketing and sales strategy to grow our monthly recurring revenue; we anticipate utilizing our value-added resellers and channel partners to tap into new sources of revenue streams, we have also secured numerous agent agreements through our recent acquisitions that we anticipate will accelerate revenue growth. In addition, we will continue to focus on selling a greater number of comprehensive services to our existing customer base. Further, in an effort to increase our revenues, we will continue to evaluate the acquisition of various assets with emphasis in VoIP Services and Cloud Communication Services. As a result, during the due diligence process we anticipate incurring significant legal and professional fees.

We have been successful in raising debt and equity capital in the past and as described in Notes 10, 11,12, 17 and 18. We have financing efforts in place to continue to raise cash through debt and equity offerings. Although we have successfully completed financings and reduced expenses in the past, we cannot assure you that our plans to address these matters in the future will be successful.

On November 17, 2020, the Company and T3 Communications, Inc ("T3 Nevada"), a majority owned subsidiary entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with Post Road Administrative LLC and its affiliate Post Road Special Opportunity Fund II LLP (collectively, "Post Road"). Pursuant to the Credit Agreement, Post Road provided T3 Nevada with a secured loan of up to \$20,000,000, with initial loans of \$10,500,000 pursuant to the issuance of a Term Loan A Note and \$3,500,000 pursuant to the issuance of a Term Loan B Note, each funded on November 17, 2020.

The Company used \$14,000,000 of the credit facility for the payment of approximately \$9.452 million for the purchase price for the merger of Nexogy, \$1.190 million for the purchase price and transaction fees of certain assets of ActiveServe, Inc., \$1.487 million for the payment in full of outstanding debts owed and accrued interest to three creditors, including the secured creditor Thermo Communication, Inc., the payment of approximately \$464,000 paid to Post Road, and recognized as deferred financing cost, and will be amortized over the terms of the notes. In addition, the Company expensed \$430,000 in legal fees associated to the acquisitions and financing.

The Company can draw additional loans in increments of \$1,000,000, before the 18 month anniversary of the initial funding date. The current Credit Agreement will allow the Company to continue acquiring UCaaS service providers that meet the Company's acquisition criteria. Management anticipates that future acquisitions will provide additional operating revenues to the Company as it continues to execute on its consolidation strategy. There can be no guarantee that the planned acquisitions will close or that they will produce the anticipated revenues on the schedule anticipated by management.

The Company will continue to work with various funding sources to secure additional debt and equity financings. However, Digerati cannot offer any assurance that it will be successful in executing the aforementioned plans to continue as a going concern.

Digerati's consolidated financial statements as of July 31, 2021 do not include any adjustments that might result from the inability to implement or execute Digerati's plans to improve our ability to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 3 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Below are summarized changes in intangible assets at July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020:

July 31, 2021	Gross Carrying Value	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
NetSapiens - license, 10 years	\$ 150,000	\$ (150,000)	\$ -
Customer relationships, 5 years	40,000	(28,672)	11,328
Customer relationships, 7 years	1,480,000	(698,934)	781,066
Customer relationships 7 years	5,310,000	(611,786)	4,698,214
Trademarks, 7 years	2,870,000	(307,500)	2,562,500
Non-compete, 2 & 3 years	291,000	(97,500)	193,500
Marketing & Non-compete, 5 years	800,000	(520,000)	280,000
Total Define-lived Assets	10,941,000	(2,414,392)	8,526,608
Goodwill, Indefinite	3,931,298	-	3,931,298
Balance, July 31, 2021	\$ 14,872,298	\$ (2,414,392)	\$ 12,457,906

July 31, 2020	Gross Carrying Value	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
NetSapiens - license, 10 years	\$ 150,000	\$ (150,000)	\$ -
Customer relationships, 5 years	40,000	(20,672)	19,328
Customer relationships, 7 years	1,480,000	(487,505)	992,495
Marketing & Non-compete, 5 years	800,000	(360,000)	440,000
Total Define-lived Assets	2,470,000	(1,018,177)	1,451,823
Goodwill, Indefinite	810,353	-	810,353
Balance, July 31, 2020	\$ 3,280,353	\$ (1,018,177)	\$ 2,262,176

Total amortization expense for the year ended July 31, 2021, and 2020 was \$1,396,214 and \$379,429, respectively.

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Following is a summary of Digerati's property and equipment at July 31, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands):

	Useful lives	2021	2020
Telecom equipment & software	1-7 years	\$ 1,345	\$ 1,064
Less: accumulated depreciation		(816)	(633)
Net-property and equipment		\$ 529	\$ 431

The Company uses straight-line depreciation, for the years ended July 31, 2021 and 2020, depreciation totaled approximately \$311,000 and \$234,000, respectively.

NOTE 5 – INCOME TAXES

Digerati files a consolidated tax return. The current tax year is subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and certain state taxing authorities. As of July 31, 2021, Digerati had net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$15,441,777 to reduce future federal income tax liabilities; net loss from 2018 and on will be carryforward indefinitely, the net loss carryforwards prior to 2018 will start to expire in 2021. Under the enacted Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA), the new effective Corporate flat tax rate is 21% (effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017). Income tax benefit (provision) for the years ended July 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

The effective tax rate for Digerati is reconciled to statutory rates as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Expected Federal benefit (provision), at statutory rate	21.0%	21.0%
Change in valuation allowance	(21.0)%	(21.0)%
	<u>0.0%</u>	<u>0.0%</u>

Deferred tax assets are comprised of the following as of July 31, 2021 and 2020:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Net operating loss carryover	\$ 3,242,773	\$ 1,713,019
Valuation allowance	(3,242,773)	(1,713,019)
Total deferred tax asset, net	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

At July 31, 2021, realization of Digerati's deferred tax assets was not considered likely to be realized. The change in the valuation allowance for 2021 was resulted in an increase of approximately \$1,529,754. Management has evaluated and concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in Digerati's combined financial statements. The current year remains open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions in which Digerati is subject to tax. The Company files a calendar year return, and the net operating loss was adjusted for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2021.

The federal and state NOLs may be subject to certain limitations under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code, which could significantly restrict the Company's ability to use the NOLs to offset taxable income in subsequent years. During the year ended July 31, 2021 the Company issued 37,214,449 common shares, and under our initial assessment this will likely result in a change of control and the net operation loss (NOL's) became subject to the separate return limitation year. We will evaluate during the tax year and consider the limitations.

We record unrecognized tax benefits as liabilities in accordance with ASC 740 and adjust these liabilities when our judgment changes as a result of the evaluate on new information not previously available. Because of the complexity of some of these uncertainties, the ultimate resolution may result in a payment that is materially different from our current estimate of the unrecognized tax benefit liabilities. These differences will be reflected as increases or decreases to income tax expense in the period in which new information is available.

NOTE 6 – STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

In November 2015, Digerati adopted the Digerati Technologies, Inc. 2015 Equity Compensation Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan authorizes the grant of up to 7.5 million stock options, restricted common shares, non-restricted common shares and other awards to employees, directors, and certain other persons. The Plan is intended to permit Digerati to retain and attract qualified individuals who will contribute to the overall success of Digerati. Digerati's Board of Directors determines the terms of any grants under the Plan. Exercise prices of all stock options and other awards vary based on the market price of the shares of common stock as of the date of grant. The stock options, restricted common stock, non-restricted common stock, and other awards vest based on the terms of the individual grant.

During the year ended July 31, 2020, we issued:

- 60,000 options to purchase common shares to an employee with an exercise price of \$0.12 per share and a term of 5 years. The options vest equally over a period of three years. At the time of issuance, the options had a fair market value of \$7,158.
- 21,811,100 shares of common stock to various employees for services in lieu of cash compensation and as part of the Company's Non-Standardized profit-sharing plan. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$801,891 equivalent to the fair market value of the shares at issuance.

During the year ended July 31, 2020 we issued the following to non-employee professionals:

- 400,000 shares of common stock with a market value at time of issuance of \$15,240. The shares were issued for consulting services.

The fair market value of all options issued was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model which used the following assumptions:

Expected dividend yield	0.00%
Expected stock price volatility	317.52%
Risk-free interest rate	1.47%
Expected term	3.0 year

During the year ended July 31, 2021, we issued:

- 7,858,820 shares of common stock to various employees for services in lieu of cash compensation and as part of the Company's Non-Standardized profit-sharing plan. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$264,712 equivalent to the value of the shares calculated based on the share's closing price at the grant dates.
- 4,230,000 options to purchase common shares to various employees with an exercise price ranging from \$0.042 to \$0.1475 per share and a term of 5 years. At issuance, 200,000 of the options vested, 400,000 of the options will vest equally over a period of two years, and 3,630,000 of the options will vest equally over a period of three years. At issuance the stock options had a fair market value of \$267,343.

The fair market value of all options issued during the year ended July 31, 2021, were determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model which used the following assumptions:

Expected dividend yield	0.00%
Expected stock price volatility	197.71% - 198.82%
Risk-free interest rate	0.22% - 0.34%
Expected term	2.0 - 3.0 years.

Digerati recognized approximately \$399,500 and \$1,112,000 in stock-based compensation expense to employees during the years ended July 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Unamortized compensation cost totaled \$195,835 and \$63,203 at July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, respectively.

A summary of the stock options as of July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020 and the changes during the years ended July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020:

	Options	Weighted- average exercise price	Weighted- average remaining contractual term (years)
Outstanding at July 31, 2019	4,940,000	\$ 0.27	3.65
Granted	60,000	\$ 0.12	4.07
Exercised	-	-	-
Forfeited and cancelled	-	-	-
Outstanding at July 31, 2020	5,000,000	\$ 0.27	2.66
Granted	4,230,000	\$ 0.05	4.39
Exercised	-	-	-
Forfeited and cancelled	-	-	-
Outstanding at July 31, 2021	9,230,000	\$ 0.17	2.93
Exercisable at July 31, 2021	6,091,863	\$ 0.23	2.18

The aggregate intrinsic value (the difference between the Company’s closing stock price on the last trading day of the period and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options) of the 9,230,000 and 5,000,000 stock options outstanding at July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020 was \$392,891 and \$0, respectively.

The aggregate intrinsic value of 6,091,863 and of 4,717,699 stock options exercisable at July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020 was \$91,978 and \$0, respectively.

NOTE 7 – WARRANTS

During the year ended July 31, 2020, we issued the following warrants.

In March 2020, the Company received \$25,000 in professional services and issued 25,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock at an conversion price of \$0.30 per share and warrants to purchase an additional 50,000 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share. We determined that the warrants issued in connection with the services received were equity instruments and did not represent derivative instruments. The Company adopted a sequencing policy and determined that the warrants with fixed exercise price were excluded from derivative consideration.

During the year ended July 31, 2021, we issued the following warrants.

On November 17, 2020, the Company issued 107,701,179 Warrants to Post Road Special Opportunity Fund II LP (the “Warrant”) to purchase, initially, twenty-five percent (25%) of the Company’s total shares (the “Warrant”), calculated on a fully-diluted basis as of the date of issuance (the “Warrant Shares”) and subject to a reduction to fifteen percent (15%) as described below.

The number of Warrant Shares is adjustable to allow the holder to maintain, subject to certain share issuances that are exceptions, the right to purchase twenty-five percent (25%) of the Company’s total shares, calculated on a fully-diluted basis. The Warrant has an exercise price of \$0.01 per share and the Warrant expires on November 17, 2030. Seventy-five percent (75%) of the Warrant Shares are immediately fully vested and not subject to forfeiture at any time for any reason. The remaining twenty-five percent (25%) of the Warrant Shares are subject to forfeiture based on the Company achieving certain performance targets which, if achieved, would result in twenty percent (20%) warrant coverage. If the minority shareholders of T3 Nevada convert their T3 Nevada shares into shares of the Company’s common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Common Stock”), the Warrant Shares percentage shall also be lowered such that when combined with the achievement of the performance targets, the warrant coverage could be reduced to fifteen percent (15%).

In connection with the issuance of the Warrant, the three executives of the Company, Art Smith, Antonio Estrada, and Craig Clement entered into a Tag-Along Agreement (the “Tag-Along Agreement”) whereby they agreed that the holder of the Warrant or Warrant Share will have the right to participate or “tag-along” in any agreements to sell any shares of their Common Stock that such executives enter into. The Company also agreed, in connection with the issuance of the Warrant and pursuant to a Board Observer Agreement (the “Board Observer Agreement”), to grant Post Road the right to appoint a representative to each of the boards of directors of the Company and each of its subsidiaries, to attend all board meeting in a non-voting observer capacity. In addition, at issuance the Company recognized \$6,462,050 in Derivative liability associated with these warrants.

A summary of the warrants as of July 31, 2021 and 2020 and the changes during the years ended July 31, 2021 and 2020 are presented below:

	<u>Warrants</u>	<u>Weighted- average exercise price</u>	<u>Weighted- average remaining contractual term (years)</u>
Outstanding at July 31, 2019	2,700,000	\$ 0.32	2.19
Granted	50,000	\$ 0.20	2.25
Exercised	-	-	-
Forfeited and cancelled	(210,000)	\$ 0.29	-
Outstanding at July 31, 2020	<u>2,540,000</u>	<u>\$ 0.33</u>	<u>1.61</u>
Granted	107,701,179	\$ 0.01	9.50
Exercised	(330,000)	\$ 0.10	-
Expired	(405,000)	\$ 0.50	-
Outstanding at July 31, 2021	<u>109,506,179</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>9.17</u>
Exercisable at July 31, 2021	<u>82,280,885</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>9.15</u>

The aggregate intrinsic value (the difference between the Company's closing stock price on the last trading day of the period and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money warrants) of the 109,506,179 and 2,540,000 warrants outstanding at July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020 was \$14,795,002 and \$6,160, respectively.

The aggregate intrinsic value of 82,280,885 and 2,240,000 warrants exercisable at July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020 was \$11,108,930 and \$6,160, respectively.

Warrant expense for the years ended July 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$0 and \$0, respectively. Unamortized warrant expense totaled \$0 and \$0 respectively as of July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020.

During Fiscal 2021, 405,000 warrants expired with an exercise price of \$0.50. In addition, during Fiscal 2021, 330,000 warrants were exercised at an exercise price of \$0.10.

NOTE 8 – NON-STANDARDIZED PROFIT-SHARING PLAN

We currently provide a Non-Standardized Profit-Sharing Plan, adopted September 15, 2006. Under the plan our employees qualify to participate in the plan after one year of employment. Contributions under the plan are based on 25% of the annual base salary of each eligible employee up to \$54,000 per year. Contributions under the plan are fully vested upon funding.

During the years ended July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, the Company issued 7,608,820 and 11,509,022 respectively, common shares to various employees as part of the Company's profit-sharing plan contribution. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense for July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020 of \$247,287 and \$233,633, respectively, equivalent to the value of the shares calculated based on the share's closing price at the grant dates.

NOTE 9 – SIGNIFICANT CUSTOMERS

During the years ended July 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not derive a significant amount of revenue from one single customer.

As of the year ended July 31, 2021, the company did not derive a significant accounts receivable from one customer. During the year ended July 31, 2020, the company derived 12% of total accounts receivable from one customer.

NOTE 10 – NOTES PAYABLE NON-CONVERTIBLE

On April 30, 2018, T3 Communications, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("T3"), our majority owned subsidiary, entered into a secured promissory note for \$650,000 with an effective annual interest rate of 0% and an initial maturity date of May 14, 2018. The lender subsequently continued to extend the maturity date on the note. On October 14, 2020, the lender agreed to extend the maturity date until October 31, 2020, the Company continued to pay \$3,250 per week in late fees. In conjunction with the note, T3 entered into a Security Agreement, whereby T3 agreed to pledge one third of the outstanding shares of its Florida operations, T3 Communications, Inc. On November 17, 2020, the Company paid the total principal balance outstanding of \$700,000. As of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, the outstanding principal balance were \$0 and \$700,000, respectively.

On April 30, 2018, T3 entered into a credit facility under a secured promissory note of \$500,000, interest payment for the first twenty-three months with a balloon payment on the twenty-fourth month and a maturity date of April 30, 2020. The note was collateralized by T3's accounts receivables. On April 10, 2020, the Company increased the credit facility to \$600,000 and the lender agreed to extend the maturity date until April 10, 2022. In addition, the Company agreed to a revised effective annual interest rate of prime plus 5.75%, adjusted quarterly on the first day of each calendar quarter. On November 17, 2020, the Company paid the total principal balance outstanding of \$600,000 and \$11,115 in accrued interest and fees. As of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, the outstanding principal balance were \$0 and \$600,000, respectively.

On October 22, 2018, the Company issued a secured promissory note for \$50,000, bearing interest at a rate of 8% per annum, with maturity date of December 31, 2018. In February 2020, the maturity date was extended until December 31, 2020. In March 2021, the maturity date was extended until July 31, 2021. Subsequently, the lender agreed to extend the maturity until December 31, 2021. The promissory note is secured by a Pledge and Escrow Agreement, whereby the Company agreed to pledge rights to a collateral due under certain Agreement. The outstanding balance as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, was \$50,000.

On June 14, 2019, the Company, entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement (the “Agreement”) to acquire a 12% minority interest in Itellum Comunicacions Costa Rica, S.R.L. In conjunction with this transaction, we entered into a non-recourse promissory note for \$17,500 with an effective annual interest rate of 8% and an initial maturity date of September 14, 2019. On February 15, 2020, the maturity date was extended to July 31, 2020. On August 1, 2020, the lender agreed to extend the maturity date to October 31, 2020. On November 1, 2020, the lender agreed to extend the maturity date to January 31, 2021. On January 31, 2021, the lender agreed to extend the maturity date to April 30, 2021. On May 7, 2021, the Company paid the total principal balance outstanding of \$7,500 and \$1,136 in accrued interest. The outstanding balance as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$7,500, respectively.

On February 26, 2020, the Company entered into a secured promissory note for \$30,000 with an effective annual interest rate of 12% and a maturity date of May 1, 2020. Subsequently, the note holder agreed to extend the maturity date until August 31, 2020. The promissory note was secured by the Company’s receivables. On November 17, 2020, the Company paid the total principal balance outstanding of \$30,000 and \$2,604 in accrued interest. The outstanding balance as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$30,000, respectively.

On April 22, 2020, the Company, entered into two unsecured promissory notes (the “Notes”) for \$62,500 and \$86,000 made to the Company under the Paycheck Protection Program (the “PPP”). In addition, on May 4, 2020, the Company, entered into a third unsecured promissory note (the “Note”) for \$213,100 made to the Company under the Paycheck Protection Program (the “PPP”). The PPP was established under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the “CARES Act”) and is administered by the U.S. Small Business Administration (the “SBA”). The loans to the Company were made through The Bank of San Antonio (the “Lender”). The Notes had an effective annual interest rate of 1% and a maturity date of two years after the issuance date. On April 15, 2021, the SBA informed the Company that the total outstanding balance of \$62,500 and accrued interest of \$608 were forgiven. As a result, the Company recognized a gain on settlement of debt of \$63,108. In addition, on April 15, 2021, the SBA informed the Company that the total outstanding balance of \$86,000 and accrued interest of \$836 were forgiven. At the time of the forgiveness, the Company recognized a gain on settlement of debt of \$86,836. Subsequently, on May 13, 2021, the SBA informed the Company that the total outstanding balance of \$213,100 and accrued interest of \$2,172 were forgiven. Subsequently, on May 13, 2021, the Company recognized a gain on settlement of debt of \$215,272. As of July 31, 2021, the principal balance on the various notes were \$0, \$0, and \$0, respectively. As of July 31, 2020, the principal balance on the various notes were \$62,500, \$86,000, and \$213,100, respectively.

Credit Agreement and Notes

On November 17, 2020, T3 Communications, Inc., a Nevada corporation (“T3 Nevada”), a majority owned subsidiary of Digerati Technologies, Inc. (the “Company”) and the Company’s other subsidiaries entered into a credit agreement (the “Credit Agreement”) with Post Road. The Company is a party to certain sections of the Credit Agreement. Pursuant to the Credit Agreement, Post Road will provide T3 Nevada with a secured loan of up to \$20,000,000 (the “Loan”), with initial loans of \$10,500,000 pursuant to the issuance of a Term Loan A Note and \$3,500,000 pursuant to the issuance of a Term Loan B Note, each funded on November 17, 2020, and an additional \$6,000,000 on loans, in increments of \$1,000,000 as requested by T3 Nevada before the 18 month anniversary of the initial funding date to be lent pursuant to the issuance of a Delayed Draw Term Note. After payment of transaction-related expenses and closing fees of \$964,000, net proceeds to the Company from the Note totaled \$13,036,000. The Company recorded these discounts and cost of \$964,000 as a discount to the Notes and will be amortized over the term of the notes.

The Company used \$14,000,000 of the credit facility for the payment of approximately \$9.452 million for the purchase price for the merger of Nexogy, \$1.190 million for the purchase price and transaction fees of certain assets of ActiveServe, Inc., \$1.487 million for the payment in full of outstanding debts owed and accrued interest to three creditors, including the secured creditor Thermo Communication, Inc., the payment of approximately \$464,000 paid to Post Road, and recognized as deferred financing cost, and will be amortized over the terms of the notes. In addition, the Company expensed \$430,000 in legal fees associated to the acquisitions and financing.

During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company amortized \$2,070,728 of the total debt discount as interest expense for the Term Loan A Note and the Term Loan B Note. The total debt discount outstanding on the notes as of July 31, 2021, was \$5,355,322.

The Term Loan A and Delayed Draw Term Notes have maturity dates of November 17, 2024, and an interest rate of LIBOR (with a minimum rate of 1.5%) plus twelve percent (12%). Term Loan A is non-amortized (interest only payments) through the maturity date and contains an option for the Company to pay interest in kind (PIK) for up to five percent (5%) of the interest rate in year one, four percent (4%) in year two and three percent (3%) in year three. The principal balance and accrued PIK interest outstanding on the note were \$10,500,000 and \$382,270, respectively as of July 31, 2021.

Term Loan B has a maturity date of December 31, 2021, and an interest rate of LIBOR (with a minimum rate of 1.5%) plus twelve percent (12%). Term Loan B is non-amortized (interest only payments) through the maturity date and contains an option for the Company to pay interest in kind (PIK) for up to five percent (5%) of the interest rate in year one, four percent (4%) in year two and three percent (3%) in year three. The principal balance and accrued PIK interest outstanding on the note were \$3,500,000 and \$127,423, respectively as of July 31, 2021.

The Credit Agreement contains customary representations, warranties, and indemnification provisions. The Credit Agreement also contains affirmative and negative covenants with respect to operation of the business and properties of the loan parties as well as financial performance. Below are key covenants requirements, (measured quarterly on June 30, 2021):

1. Maximum Allowed - Senior Leverage Ratio of 4.44 to 1.00
2. Minimum Allowed - EBITDA of \$814,285
3. Minimum Allowed - Liquidity of \$1,500,000
4. Maximum Allowed - Capital Expenditures of \$94,798
5. Minimum Allowed - Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of 1.5 to 1.00

As of July 31, 2021, the Company is complying with the financial covenants mentioned above.

T3 Nevada's obligations under the Credit Agreement are secured by a first-priority security interest in all of the assets of T3 Nevada and guaranteed by the other subsidiaries of the Company pursuant to the Guaranty and Collateral Agreement, dated November 17, 2020, by and among T3 Nevada, the Company's other subsidiaries, and Post Road Administrative LLC (the "Guaranty and Collateral Agreement"). In addition, T3 Nevada's obligations under the Credit Agreement are, pursuant to a Pledge Agreement (the "Pledge Agreement"), secured by a pledge of a first priority security interest in T3 Nevada's 100% equity ownership of each of T3 Nevada's operating companies.

NOTE 11 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On May 1, 2018, T3 entered into a secured promissory note for \$275,000 with an effective annual interest rate of 8.08% with an interest and principal payment of \$6,000 per month and shall continue perpetuity until the entire principal amount is paid in full. In conjunction with the promissory note, the Company issued 3-year warrants to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.50 per share. Under a Black-Scholes valuation the relative fair market value of the warrants at time of issuance was approximately \$26,543 and was recognized as a discount on the promissory note. The company amortized as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, \$6,300 and \$10,386, respectively. The total unamortized discount as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$6,300, respectively. The note holder also serves as Board Member of T3 Communications, Inc., a Florida Corporation, one of our operating subsidiaries. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company paid the total principal balance outstanding of \$152,634. The total principal outstanding as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$152,634, respectively.

On February 27, 2020, the Company entered into an unsecured promissory note for \$70,000 with an effective annual interest rate of 12% and a maturity date of May 1, 2020. Subsequently, the note holder agreed to extend the maturity date until August 31, 2020. On August 3, 2020, the promissory note was paid in full. The total principal outstanding as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$16,298, respectively. The note holder also serves as a Board Member of T3 Communications, Inc., a Florida Corporation, one of our operating subsidiaries. In addition, during the year ended July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, the Company provided VoIP Hosted and fiber services to a Company owned by note holder for \$175,606 and \$161,264, respectively.

In November 2020, as a result of the of the acquisition of ActiveServe’s asset (see note 15), the two sellers became related parties as they continued to be involved as consultants to manage the customer relationship, the Company will pay on an annual basis \$90,000 to each the consultants. As of July 31, 2021, there’s no balance outstanding under the consulting agreements. In addition, part of the Purchase Price is payable in 8 equal quarterly payments to the sellers. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company made two of the quarterly principal payments for a total of \$269,709, and a payment of \$11,000 towards the Holdback amount, the total principal outstanding on the notes as of July 31, 2021, was \$1,134,291.

On November 17, 2020, Digerati’s Board of Directors approved the issuance of the following shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock to officer:

- Arthur L. Smith - 34 shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock
- Antonio Estrada - 33 shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock
- Craig Clement - 33 shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock

NOTE 12 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE

At July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, convertible notes payable consisted of the following:

CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE NON-DERIVATIVE	July 31, 2021	July 31, 2020
On July 11, 2018, the Company entered into a promissory note for \$32,000, annual interest rate of 10% and a maturity date of April 10, 2019. The holder agreed to extend the note multiple times and extended the Maturity date until February 15, 2021. On February 12, 2021, the promissory note was settled under a debt exchange agreement in which the holder received payment in full for the outstanding balance of \$32,000 and \$3,929.50 in accrued interest. On March 11, 2021, the Company issued a total of 17,965 shares of Series B Preferred Stock for settlement of debt of \$16,000 on a promissory note and \$1,965 in accrued interest. In addition, the Company issued a total of 598,825 shares of Common Stock for settlement of debt of \$16,000 on a promissory note and \$1,965 in accrued interest. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021 and 2020, were \$0, and \$32,000, respectively.	\$ -	\$ 32,000
On October 13, 2020, the Company entered into a variable convertible promissory note with an aggregate principal amount of \$330,000, annual interest rate of 8% and a maturity date of October 13, 2021. After payment of transaction-related expenses and closing fees of \$32,000, net proceeds to the Company from the Note totaled \$298,000. The Company recorded \$32,000 as a discount to the Note and amortized over the term of the note. In connection with the execution of the note, the Company issued 1,000,000 shares of our common stock to the note holder, at the time of issuance, the Company recognized the relative fair market value of the shares of \$45,003 as debt discount, and it will be amortized to interest expense during the term of the promissory note. Additionally, the Company recognized \$134,423 as debt discount for the intrinsic value of the conversion feature, and it will be amortized to interest expense during the term of the promissory note. The Company analyzed the Note for derivative accounting consideration and determined that since the note has a fix conversion price at issuance, it does not require to be accounted as a derivative instrument. The Company will evaluate every reporting period and identify if any default provisions and other requirements triggered a variable conversion price and if the note needs to be classified as a derivative instrument. On April 16, 2021, the Company paid \$165,000 of the principal outstanding, \$13,381 of the accrued interest and \$35,676 in redemption premium. The Company amortized as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2021, \$193,806. The total unamortized discount on the Note as of July 31, 2021, was \$17,620. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021 was \$165,000. (See below variable conversion terms No.1)	165,000	-
On October 15, 2020, the Company entered into a variable convertible promissory note with an aggregate principal amount of \$27,500, annual interest rate of 8% and a maturity date of October 15, 2021. The Company recorded \$6,075 as a discount to the Note and amortized over the term of the note. The Company analyzed the Note for derivative accounting consideration and determined that since the note has a fix conversion price at issuance, it does not require to be accounted as a derivative instrument. On January 31, 2021, the holder agreed to roll over to a new consolidated note the principal balance outstanding of \$27,500 and \$982 of accrued interest. The Company amortized as interest expense \$6,075 during the year ended July 31, 2021. The total unamortized discount on the Note as of July 31, 2021, was \$0. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021 was \$0. (See new consolidated note dated January 31, 2021, for \$80,235) (See below variable conversion terms No.1)	-	-

On January 27, 2021, the Company entered into a variable convertible promissory note with an aggregate principal amount of \$250,000, annual interest rate of 8% and a maturity date of January 27, 2022. In connection with the execution of the note, the Company issued 500,000 shares of our common stock to the note holder, at the time of issuance, the Company recognized the relative fair market value of the shares of \$24,368 as debt discount, and it will be amortized to interest expense during the term of the promissory note. Additionally, the Company recognized \$44,368 as debt discount for the intrinsic value of the conversion feature, and it will be amortized to interest expense during the term of the promissory note. The Holder may elect to convert up to 100% of the principal amount outstanding and any accrued interest on the Note into Common Stock at any time after 180 days of funding the Note. The Conversion Price shall be the greater of \$0.05 or 75% of the lowest daily volume weighted average price ("VWAP") for the ten (10) trading day period immediately preceding the conversion date. The Holder shall, in its sole discretion, be able to convert any amounts due hereunder at a twenty-five percent (25%) discount to the per share price of the Qualified Uplisting Financing. The Company analyzed the Note for derivative accounting consideration and determined that since the note has a conversion price floor, it does not require to be accounted as a derivative instrument. The Company will evaluate every reporting period and identify if any default provisions and other requirements triggered a variable conversion price and if the note needs to be classified as a derivative instrument. The Company amortized as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2021, \$34,368. The total unamortized discount on the Note as of July 31, 2021, was \$34,368. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021 was \$250,000.

250,000

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On April 14, 2021, the Company entered into a variable convertible promissory note with an aggregate principal amount of \$250,000, annual interest rate of 8% and a maturity date of April 14, 2022. In connection with the execution of the note, the Company issued 500,000 shares of our common stock to the note holder, at the time of issuance, the Company recognized the relative fair market value of the shares of \$63,433 as debt discount, and it will be amortized to interest expense during the term of the promissory note. Additionally, the Company recognized \$96,766 as debt discount for the intrinsic value of the conversion feature, and it will be amortized to interest expense during the term of the promissory note. The Holder may elect to convert up to 100% of the principal amount outstanding and any accrued interest on the Note into Common Stock at any time after 180 days of funding the Note. The Conversion Price shall be the greater of \$0.15 or 75% of the lowest daily volume weighted average price ("VWAP") for the ten (10) trading day period immediately preceding the conversion date. The Company analyzed the Note for derivative accounting consideration and determined that since the note has a conversion price floor, it does not require to be accounted as a derivative instrument. The Company will evaluate every reporting period and identify if any default provisions and other requirements triggered a variable conversion price and if the note needs to be classified as a derivative instrument. The Company amortized as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2021, \$53,400. The total unamortized discount on the Note as of July 31, 2021, was \$106,799. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021, was \$250,000.

250,000

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Total convertible notes payables non-derivative:

\$ 665,000 \$ 32,000

CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE - DERIVATIVE

On August 30, 2019, the Company entered into variable convertible note for \$93,500, bearing interest at a rate of 10% per annum and a maturity date of May 30, 2020. On August 10, 2020, the noteholder agreed to extend the maturity date until October 31, 2020. The Company analyzed the Note for derivative accounting consideration and determined that the embedded conversion option qualified as a derivative instrument, due to the variable conversion price. As a result, at the time of issuance, the Company recognized derivative liability for the convertible note of \$100,978, of which \$85,000 was recorded as debt discount and amortized during the term of the Note, and \$15,978 was recorded as day 1 derivative loss. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company issued 5,000,000 shares of common stock for the conversion of \$80,000 of the principal balance outstanding. The total unamortized discount on the Note as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, was \$0. The Company amortized \$0 and \$93,500 of debt discount as interest expense during the years ended July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, respectively. On January 31, 2021, the holder agreed to roll over to a new consolidated note the principal balance outstanding of \$13,500 and \$9,300 of accrued interest. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$93,500, respectively. (See new consolidated note dated January 31, 2021, for \$80,235) (See below variable conversion terms No.2)

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93,500

On January 10, 2020, the Company entered into an Assignment Agreement whereby Armada Investment Fund LLC (the “Assignor”) assigned to Platinum Point Capital LLC (the “Assignee”) a principal amount of \$145,297 and \$35,750, representing the outstanding principal balance on the Convertible Promissory Notes dated July 11, 2019, and October 18, 2019, respectively, plus accrued interest of \$28,953. The new notes were in the aggregate principal amount of \$210,000, annual interest rate of 3% and a maturity date of January 10, 2021. On January 22, 2020, the Company entered into an Assignment Agreement whereby BHP Capital NY Inc. (the “Assignor”) assigned to Platinum Point Capital LLC (the “Assignee”) a principal amount of \$146,625, representing the outstanding principal balance on the Convertible Promissory Note dated July 11, 2019, plus accrued interest of \$33,375. The new note is in the aggregate principal amount of \$180,000, annual interest rate of 3% and a maturity date of January 22, 2021. On January 22, 2020, the Company entered into an Assignment Agreement whereby Jefferson Street Capital LLC (the “Assignor”) assigned to Platinum Point Capital LLC (the “Assignee”) a principal amount of \$146,625, representing the outstanding principal balance on the Convertible Promissory Note dated July 11, 2019, plus accrued interest of \$33,375. The new note is in the aggregate principal amount of \$180,000, annual interest rate of 3% and a maturity date of January 22, 2021. The Company analyzed the notes for derivative accounting consideration and determined that the embedded conversion option qualified as a derivative instrument, due to the variable conversion price. As a result, at the time of the assignment, the Company recognized derivative liability for the new convertible notes of \$784,565, of which \$570,000 was recorded as debt discount and amortized over the term of the notes, and \$214,565 was recorded as day 1 derivative loss. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company issued 11,371,125 shares of common stock for the conversion of \$211,769 of the principal outstanding. In addition, during the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company paid \$101,203 of the outstanding principal and \$37,797 in accrued interest and fees. The total unamortized discount on the Notes as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$172,611, respectively. The Company amortized \$397,389 and \$172,611 of debt discount as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2020, and the year ended July 31, 2021, respectively. On January 31, 2021, the holder agreed to roll over to a new consolidated note the principal balance outstanding of \$27,028 and \$1,925 of accrued interest. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$340,000, respectively. (See new consolidated note dated January 31, 2021, for \$80,235) (See below variable conversion terms No.2)

- 340,000

On February 13, 2020, the Company entered into a variable convertible note. The note is in the aggregate principal amount of \$33,500, annual interest rate of 10% and a maturity date of February 13, 2021. The Company analyzed the note for derivative accounting consideration and determined that the embedded conversion option qualified as a derivative instrument, due to the variable conversion price. As a result, at the time of issuance, the Company recognized derivative liability for the convertible note of \$42,976, of which \$30,000 was recorded as debt discount and amortized during the term of the Note, and \$12,976 was recorded as day 1 derivative loss. The total unamortized discount on the Note as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$15,000, respectively. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company issued 1,465,920 shares of common stock for the conversion of \$33,500 of the principal outstanding and \$3,148 of accrued interest. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$33,500, respectively. The Company amortized \$15,000 and \$15,000 of debt discount as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2021, and the year ended July 31, 2020, respectively. (See below variable conversion terms No.2)

- 33,500

On April 28, 2020, the Company entered into a variable convertible note. The note is in the principal amount of \$15,000, annual interest rate of 10% and a maturity date of April 28, 2021. The Company analyzed the Note for derivative accounting consideration and determined that the embedded conversion option qualified as a derivative instrument, due to the variable conversion price. As a result, at the time of issuance, the Company recognized derivative liability for the convertible note of \$26,629, of which \$15,000 was recorded as debt discount and will be amortized during the term of the Note, and \$11,629 was recorded as day 1 derivative loss. The total unamortized discount on the Note as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$11,250. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company issued 644,040 shares of common stock for the conversion of \$15,000 of the principal outstanding and \$1,101 of accrued interest. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$15,000, respectively. The Company amortized \$11,250 and \$3,750 of debt discount as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2021, and the year ended July 31, 2020, respectively. (See below variable conversion terms No.2)

- 15,000

On July 27, 2020, the Company entered into a variable convertible promissory note with an aggregate principal amount of \$275,000, annual interest rate of 8% and a maturity date of March 27, 2021. After payment of transaction-related expenses and closing fees of \$35,000, net proceeds to the Company from the Note totaled \$240,000. The Company recorded these discounts and cost of \$35,000 as a discount to the Note and amortized over the term of the note. In connection with the execution of the note, the Company issued 500,000 shares of our common stock to the note holder, at the time of issuance, the Company recognized the relative fair market value of the shares of \$11,626 as debt discount, and it will be amortized to interest expense during the term of the promissory note. Until the earlier of 6 months or the Company listing on Nasdaq or NYSE American, the Holder shall be entitled to convert any portion of the outstanding and unpaid Conversion Amount into fully paid and nonassessable shares of Common Stock the Note Conversion Price shall equal the greater of \$0.05 (five) cents or 25% discount to up-listing price or offering/underwriting price concurrent with the Company listing on Nasdaq or NYSE American., subject to adjustment as provided in this Note. If an Event of Default occurs, the Conversion Price shall be the lesser of (a). \$0.05 (five) cents or (b). 75% of the lowest traded price in the prior fifteen trading days immediately preceding the Notice of Conversion. The Company analyzed the note for derivative accounting consideration and determined that the embedded conversion option qualified as a derivative instrument, due to the variable conversion price. The Company recognized \$61,678 of derivative liability and directly amortized all associated debt discount of \$61,678 as interest expense. The Company amortized \$108,304 and \$0 of debt discount as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2021, and the year ended July 31, 2020, respectively. On January 28, 2021, the holder agreed to extend the maturity date until August 1, 2021. In conjunction with the “first amendment”, the Company agreed to add to the outstanding balance \$50,000 as consideration for the extension of the maturity date and recognized \$50,000 as interest expense. Additionally, on July 31, 2021, the holder agreed to extend the maturity date until January 31, 2022. In conjunction with the “second amendment” and as consideration for the extension of the maturity date, the Company agreed to add to the outstanding balance \$30,000 and issued 400,000 shares of common stock with a fair market value of \$58,760. As part of the “second amendment”, the Company recognized \$88,760 as interest expense. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$355,000 and \$275,000, respectively

355,000

275,000

On July 28, 2020, the Company entered into an Assignment Agreement whereby one of the variable noteholders assigned a principal amount of \$35,750 and accrued interest and penalties of \$17,081. The new variable convertible note is for \$52,831, annual interest rate of 10% and a maturity date of July 28, 2021. The Company amortized \$49,180 and \$0 of debt discount as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2021, and the year ended July 31, 2020, respectively. The total unamortized discount on the Note as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$49,180, respectively. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company issued 2,195,680 shares of common stock for the conversion of \$52,831 of the principal outstanding and \$2,061 of accrued interest. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$52,831, respectively. (See below variable conversion terms No.2)

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52,831

On January 31, 2021, the Company entered into a variable convertible promissory note with an aggregate principal amount of \$80,235, annual interest rate of 8% and a maturity date of February 17, 2022. Until the earlier of 6 months or the Company listing on Nasdaq or NYSE American, the Holder shall be entitled to convert any portion of the outstanding and unpaid Conversion Amount into fully paid and nonassessable shares of Common Stock the Note Conversion Price shall equal the greater of \$0.05 (five) cents or seventy-five percent (75%) of the lowest daily volume weighted average price (“VWAP”) over the ten (10) consecutive trading day period ending on the trading day immediately prior to the applicable conversion date (the “Variable Conversion Price”); provided, however, that the Holder shall, in its sole discretion, be able to convert any amounts due hereunder at a twenty-five percent (25%) discount to the per share price of the Qualified Uplisting Financing of over \$4MM. If, no later than December 31, 2021, the Borrower shall fail to uplist to any tier of the NASDAQ Stock Market, the New York Stock Exchange or the NYSE MKT, the conversion price under the Note (and the Exchange Note) will be adjusted to equal the lesser of (i) \$0.05 per share; or (ii) seventy-five percent (75%) of the lowest VWAP (as defined in the Note and Exchange Note) in the preceding twenty (20) consecutive Trading Days. The Company analyzed the note for derivative accounting consideration and determined that the embedded conversion option qualified as a derivative instrument, due to the variable conversion price. As a result, the Company recognized derivative liability for the convertible note of \$61,819, of which \$61,819 was recorded as debt discount and amortized over the term of the note. The total unamortized discount on the Note as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$27,840 and \$0, respectively. The Company amortized \$33,979 and \$0 of debt discount as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2021, and the year ended July 31, 2020, respectively. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021, was \$80,235.

80,235

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On February 17, 2021, the Company entered into a variable convertible promissory note with an aggregate principal amount of \$175,000, annual interest rate of 8% and a maturity date of February 17, 2022. After payment of transaction-related expenses and closing fees of \$5,000, net proceeds to the Company from the Note totaled \$170,000. Additionally, the Company recorded \$5,000 as a discount to the Note and amortized over the term of the note. Until the earlier of 6 months or the Company listing on Nasdaq or NYSE American, the Holder shall be entitled to convert any portion of the outstanding and unpaid Conversion Amount into fully paid and nonassessable shares of Common Stock the Note Conversion Price shall equal the greater of \$0.05 (five) cents or seventy-five percent (75%) of the lowest daily volume weighted average price (“VWAP”) over the ten (10) consecutive trading day period ending on the trading day immediately prior to the applicable conversion date (the “Variable Conversion Price”); provided, however, that the Holder shall, in its sole discretion, be able to convert any amounts due hereunder at a twenty-five percent (25%) discount to the per share price of the Qualified Uplisting Financing of over \$4MM. If, no later than December 31, 2021, the Borrower shall fail to uplist to any tier of the NASDAQ Stock Market, the New York Stock Exchange or the NYSE MKT, the conversion price under the Note (and the Exchange Note) will be adjusted to equal the lesser of (i) \$0.05 per share; or (ii) seventy-five percent (75%) of the lowest VWAP (as defined in the Note and Exchange Note) in the preceding twenty (20) consecutive Trading Days. The Company analyzed the note for derivative accounting consideration and determined that the embedded conversion option qualified as a derivative instrument, due to the variable conversion price. As a result, the Company recognized derivative liability for the convertible note of \$346,091, of which \$170,000 was recorded as debt discount and amortized over the term of the note, and \$176,091 was recorded as day 1 derivative loss. The total unamortized discount on the Note as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$102,083 and \$0, respectively. The Company amortized \$72,917 and \$0 of debt discount as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2021, and the year ended July 31, 2020, respectively. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021, was \$175,000.

175,000

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On April 15, 2021, the Company entered into a variable convertible promissory note with an aggregate principal amount of \$113,000, annual interest rate of 8% and a maturity date of January 15, 2022. After payment of transaction-related expenses and closing fees of \$13,000, net proceeds to the Company from the Note totaled \$100,000. Additionally, the Company recorded \$13,000 as a discount to the Note and amortized over the term of the note. In connection with the execution of the note, the Company issued 100,000 shares of our common stock to the note holder, at the time of issuance, the Company recognized the relative fair market value of the shares of \$14,138 as debt discount, and it will be amortized to interest expense during the term of the promissory note. Until the earlier of 6 months or the Company listing on Nasdaq or NYSE American, the Holder shall be entitled to convert any portion of the outstanding and unpaid Conversion Amount into fully paid and nonassessable shares of Common Stock. The Note Conversion Price shall equal the greater of \$0.15 (fifteen) cents or 25% discount to up-listing price or offering/underwriting price concurrent with the Company listing on Nasdaq or NYSE American., subject to adjustment as provided in the Note. If an Event of Default occurs, the Conversion Price shall be the lesser of (a). \$0.15 (fifteen) cents or (b). seventy-five percent (75%) of the lowest traded price in the prior fifteen (15) consecutive trading day period ending on the trading day immediately prior to the applicable conversion date (the “Variable Conversion Price”). The Company analyzed the note for derivative accounting consideration and determined that the embedded conversion option qualified as a derivative instrument, due to the variable conversion price. As a result, the Company recognized derivative liability for the convertible note of \$64,561, of which \$42,822 was recorded as debt discount and amortized over the term of the note. The total unamortized discount on the Note as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$50,945 and \$0, respectively. The Company amortized \$40,754 and \$0 of debt discount as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2021, and the year ended July 31, 2020, respectively. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021, was \$113,000.

113,000

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Total convertible notes payable - derivative:	\$ 723,235	\$ 809,831
Total convertible notes payable derivative and non-derivative	1,388,235	841,831
Less: discount on convertible notes payable	(339,654)	(294,667)
Total convertible notes payable, net of discount	1,048,581	547,164
Less: current portion of convertible notes payable	(1,048,581)	(547,164)
Long-term portion of convertible notes payable	\$ -	\$ -

Additional terms No.1: The Holder shall have the right at any time on or after six (6) months from the Issue Date to convert any portion of the outstanding and unpaid principal balance into fully paid and nonassessable shares of Common Stock. The Note Conversion Price shall equal (1) \$0.05 (five) cents provided however that in the event the Borrower fails to complete the acquisition of Nexogy, Inc., the Conversion Price shall equal (2) the Variable Conversion Price (as defined herein) (subject to equitable adjustments for stock splits, stock dividends or rights offerings by the Borrower relating to the Borrower’s securities or the securities of any subsidiary of the Borrower, combinations, recapitalization, reclassifications, extraordinary distributions and similar events). The “Variable Conversion Price” shall mean eighty-five percent (85%) multiplied by the Market Price (as defined herein) (representing a discount rate of fifteen percent (15%)). “Market Price” means the lowest Trading Price for the Common Stock during the ten (10) Trading Day period ending on the latest complete Trading Day prior to the Conversion Date.

Variable Conversion No.2: The notes are immediately convertible into shares of the Company’s Common Stock, at any time, at a conversion price for each share of Common Stock equal to the lesser of (i) the lowest trading price of the Common Stock (as defined in the Note) as reported on the National Quotations Bureau OTC Marketplace exchange upon which the Company’s shares are traded during the twenty (20) consecutive Trading Day period immediately preceding the issuance date of each Note; or (ii) 60% multiplied by the lowest traded price of the Common Stock during the twenty (20) consecutive Trading Day period immediately preceding the Trading Day that the Company receives a notice of conversion (the “Variable Conversion Price”). The Variable Conversion Price may further be adjusted in connection with the terms of the Notes at a discount of 35% to the average of the three lowest trading closing prices of the stock for ten days prior to conversion.

The total unamortized discount on the convertible notes as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$339,654 and \$294,667, respectively. The total principal balance outstanding as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$1,358,235 and \$841,831, respectively. During the years ended July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, the Company amortized \$797,144 and \$1,228,000, respectively, of debt discount as interest expense.

The future principal payments for the Company’s convertible debt are as follows:

Year	Amount
2022	\$ 1,388,235
2023	-
2024	-
Total future payments:	<u>\$ 1,388,235</u>

NOTE 13 - EQUIPMENT FINANCING

The Company entered into three financing agreements for equipment purchased. Under the terms of these transactions, assets with a cost of approximately \$37,255, \$60,408, and \$103,509, were financed under three separate financing agreements as of the May 2018, June 2018, and July 2019, respectively. The equipment financing is net of costs associated with the assets such as maintenance, insurance and property taxes are for the account of the Company. The equipment financing agreements are for 36 months, with the first payments starting June 20, 2018, July 20, 2018, and July 12, 2019, respectively and monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,176, \$1,856, and \$3,172, respectively. The interest rate under the financing agreements range from 6.50% to 8.50% per annum. During the years ended July 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company made total principal payments of \$62,717 and \$65,465, respectively.

The future payments under the equipment financing agreements are as follows:

Year	Amount
2022	38,070
Total future payments:	<u>\$ 38,070</u>
Less: amounts representing interest	1,292
Present value of net minimum equipment financing payments	<u>\$ 36,778</u>
Less current maturities	36,778
Long-term equipment financing obligation	<u>\$ -</u>
Lease cost:	
Amortization of ROU assets	\$ 62,717
Interest on lease liabilities	4,343
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:	
Operating cashflow from equipment financing:	\$ 4,343
Financing cashflow from equipment financing:	62,717
Weighted-average remaining lease term - equipment financing:	1.00 years
Weighted-average discount rate:	6.51%

NOTE 14 - LEASES

Digerati leases its corporate facilities, sales office and network facilities in Texas and Florida. The annual rent expense under the operating leases were \$379,556 and \$160,574, for 2021 and 2020, respectively. Below is a list of our primary operating leases:

Location	Annual Rent	Lease Expiration Date	Business Use	Approx. Sq. Ft.
825 W. Bitters, Suite 104, San Antonio, TX 78216	\$ 26,529	Jul-22	Executive offices	1,546
1610 Royal Palm Avenue, Suite 300, Fort Myers, FL 33901	\$ 82,102	Dec-25	Office space and network facilities	6,800
2121 Ponce de Leon Blvd., Suite 200, Coral Gables FL 33134	\$ 164,475	Jul-22	Office space & wireless internet network	4,623
7218 McNeil Dr., FL-1, Austin, TX 78729	\$ 21,000	Mar-24	Network facilities	25
6606 Lyndon B. Johnson, Fwy., FL1, Suite 125, Dallas, TX 75240	\$ 14,200	May-22	Network facilities	25
9701 S. John Young Parkway, Orlando, FL 32819	\$ 30,528	May-23	Network facilities	540
50 NE 9th St, Miami, FL 3313	\$ 49,560	May-23	Network facilities	25
350 NW 215 St., Miami Gardens, FL 33169	\$ 23,403	May-22	Wireless internet network	100
8333 NW 53rd St, Doral, FL 33166	\$ 13,612	Jul-25	Wireless internet network	100
100 SE 2nd Street, Miami, FL 33131	\$ 36,024	Jan-24	Wireless internet network	100
9055 SW 73rd Ct, Miami, FL 33156	\$ 8,674	Dec-23	Wireless internet network	100
9517 Fontainebleau Blvd., Miami, FL 33172	\$ 11,860	Aug-24	Wireless internet network	100

Beginning August 1, 2019, operating ROU assets and operating lease liabilities are recognized based on the present value of lease payments, including annual rent increases, over the lease term at commencement date. The impact of ASU No. 2016-02 (“Leases (Topic 842)”) on our consolidated balance sheet beginning August 1, 2019 was through the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities for operating leases. Operating leases in effect prior to August 1, 2019 were recognized at the present value of the remaining payments on the remaining lease term as of August 1, 2019. Because none of our leases included an implicit rate of return, we used our incremental secured borrowing rate based on lease term information available as of the adoption date or lease commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The incremental borrowing rate on the leases is 5.0%.

The leased properties have a remaining lease term of sixteen to forty-six months as of August 1, 2019. At the option of the Company, it can elect to extend the term of the leases.

The Company has not entered into any sale and leaseback transactions during the year ended July 31, 2021.

On January 1, 2021, the Company entered into a new office lease, with a monthly base lease payment and applicable shared expenses of \$4,750 and \$2,140, respectively. The base rent will increase on an annual basis by 2% of the base lease payment. The lease expires on January 1, 2026, and at the option of the Company, the lease can be extended for one (1) five (5) year term with a base rent at the prevailing market rate at the time of the renewal.

In November 2020, as part of the acquisition of Nexogy, Inc., the Company assumed an office lease in Coral Gable Florida, two network facilities and five wireless internet network leases. These leases are identified in the table above. The leases’ expiration dates range from May 2022 to July 2025, and at the option of the Company, the leases can be extended for various periods ranging from one to five years, with a base rent at the prevailing market rate at the time of the renewal.

Information related to our operating leases is as follows:

ROU Asset	July 31, 2020	\$ 176,097
Amortization		\$ (327,864)
Addition - Asset		\$ 1,086,027
ROU Asset	July 31, 2021	\$ 934,260
Lease Liability	July 31, 2020	\$ 176,097
Amortization		\$ (327,864)
Addition - Liability		\$ 1,086,027
Lease Liability	July 31, 2021	\$ 934,260
Lease Liability	Short term	\$ 503,443
Lease Liability	Long term	\$ 430,817
Lease Liability	Total:	\$ 934,260
Operating lease cost:		\$ 379,556
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities		
Operating cashflow from operating leases:		\$ 379,556
Weighted-average remain lease term-operating lease:		2.9 years
Weighted-average discount rate		5.0%

The future minimum lease payment under the operating leases are as follows:

12 Months ending July 31,	Lease Payments
2022	\$ 481,967
2023	242,181
2024	142,912
2025	101,512
2026	35,896
Total:	\$ 1,004,468

NOTE 15 – BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS

Acquisitions

Nexogy Merger

On November 17, 2020, T3 Nevada’s wholly owned subsidiary, Nexogy Acquisition, Inc., merged with and into Nexogy, Inc. (“Nexogy”) resulting in Nexogy becoming a wholly owned subsidiary of T3 Nevada (the “Merger”). Nexogy is a leading provider in South Florida of Unified Communications as a Service and managed services, offering a portfolio of cloud-based solutions to the high-growth SMB market.

The purchase price for Nexogy was \$9 million in cash, plus an additional \$452,000 in initial excess Net Working Capital, with \$900,000 of the \$9 million being placed in an indemnity escrow account and \$50,000 of the \$9 million being placed in a working capital escrow account. In addition, at the closing of the Merger, T3 Nevada paid a number of Nexogy’s liabilities which were included in the \$9 million purchase price.

ActivePBX Asset Purchase

On November 17, 2020, our indirect, wholly owned subsidiary, T3 Communications, Inc., a Florida corporation (“T3 Florida”), executed and closed on an Asset Purchase Agreement (the “Purchase Agreement”) with ActiveServe, Inc., a Florida corporation (“Seller”). Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, T3 Florida acquired the customer base, certain equipment, certain intellectual property, inventory, contract rights, software and other licenses and miscellaneous assets used in connection with the operation of Seller’s telecommunications business known as ActivePBX (collectively, the “Purchased Assets”).

The aggregate purchase price for the Purchased Assets was \$2,555,000 in cash, subject to adjustment as provided therein (the “Purchase Price”). \$1,190,000 of the Purchase Price was payable at closing, with \$50,000 of such amount being withheld by T3 Florida for a period of 12 months to cover part of potential future indemnification obligations of Seller to T3 Florida due to Seller’s breaches, if any, of any representations and warranties made to T3 Florida by Seller under the Purchase Agreement, and \$40,000 of such amount being credited to T3 Florida against a payment in that amount made by T3 Florida to Seller pursuant to the Second Amendment to Letter of Intent between Seller and T3 Florida dated as of October 15, 2020.

Part of the Purchase Price is payable in 8 equal quarterly payments of \$136,250, subject to T3 Florida achieving quarterly post-purchase recurring revenues under monthly contracts or subscriptions from the acquired customer base, excluding charges for taxes, regulatory fees, additional set-up fees, equipment purchases or lease, and consulting fees. To the extent that a quarterly revenue threshold is not reached, the amount of the corresponding quarterly payment shall be reduced on a proportional basis. T3 Florida’s \$1,190,000 payment obligation is represented by a promissory note of T3 Florida in the form included as an exhibit to the Purchase Agreement. The note, in turn, is subject to the Subordination Agreement, included as an Exhibit to the Purchase Agreement, among Seller, the Company’s parent, T3 Nevada, and Post Road Administrative, LLC, in its capacity as administrative agent for the Post Road lenders. \$275,000 of the Purchase Price (the “Customer Renewal Value”) represents an incentive earn-out to be paid with respect to Seller’s customer accounts which are transferred to T3 Florida at closing, that are renewed, expanded and/or revised with T3 Florida for a minimum term of twelve months with an auto-renewal for 12 months.

In connection with the Purchase Agreement, we entered into Consulting Agreements and a Non-Compete Agreement with each of Alex Gonzalez and Jose Gonzalez, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Technology Officer of Seller.

The total purchase price for Nexogy and ActivePBX were \$9,452,000 and \$2,555,000, respectively. The acquisitions were accounted for under the purchase method of accounting, with Digerati identified as the acquirer. Under the purchase method of accounting, the aggregate amount of consideration assumed by Digerati was allocated to customer contracts acquired and intangible assets based on their estimated fair values as of November 17, 2020. Allocation of the purchase price is based on the final assessment by management.

The following information summarizes the allocation of the fair values assigned to the assets at the purchase date.

	<u>Nexogy</u>	<u>ActivePBX</u> (in thousands)	<u>Total</u>
Cash	\$ 358	\$ -	\$ 358
Accounts receivables	278	78	356
Intangible Assets and Goodwill	9,036	2,555	11,591
Property and equipment, net	-	-	-
Other Assets	48	2	50
Right-to-use Asset	646	-	646
Total identifiable assets	\$ 10,366	\$ 2,635	\$ 13,001
Less: Liabilities assumed	(268)	(80)	(348)
Less: Operating lease liability	(646)	-	(646)
Total Purchase price	\$ 9,452	\$ 2,555	\$ 12,007

The following table summarizes the estimated cost of intangible assets related to the acquisition:

	<u>Nexogy</u>	<u>ActivePBX</u> (in thousands)	<u>Total</u>	<u>Useful life</u> (years)
Customer Relationships	\$ 3,700	\$ 1,610	\$ 5,310	7
Trade Names & Trademarks	2,600	270	2,870	7
Non-compete Agreement	200	90	290	2-3
Goodwill	2,536	585	3,121	N/A
	\$ 9,036	\$ 2,555	\$ 11,591	

The Company incurred approximately \$460,000 in costs associated with the acquisitions. These included legal, regulatory, and accounting. The Company incurred and expensed these costs of \$158,000 and \$302,000, during the year ended July 31, 2020, and year ended July 31, 2021, respectively.

Pro-forma

The following schedule contains unaudited proforma consolidated results of operations for both acquisitions for the Years ended July 31, 2021, and 2020 as if the acquisition occurred on August 1, 2019. The unaudited pro-forma results of operations are presented for informational purposes only and are not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved if the acquisition had taken place on August 1, 2019, or of results that may occur in the future.

	Year ended July 31,			
	2021		2020	
	Reported	Pro-forma	Reported	Pro-forma
Revenue	\$ 12,416	\$ 14,914	\$ 6,279	\$ 14,575
Income (loss) from operations	(2,398)	(1,881)	(2,112)	(2,085)
Net income (loss)	\$ (17,015)	\$ (16,570)	\$ (3,424)	\$ (3,573)
Earnings (loss) per common share-Basic and Diluted	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.07)

NOTE 16 –PREFERRED STOCK

CONVERTIBLE SERIES A PREFERRED STOCK

In March 2019, the Company’s Board of Directors designated and authorized the issuance up to 1,500,000 shares of the Series A Preferred Stock. Each share of Series A Preferred Stock has a par value of \$0.001 per share and a stated value equal to one dollar (\$1.00) (the “Stated Value”) and are entitled to a dividend at an annual rate of eight percent (8%) per share. The Company had 225,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock outstanding as of July 31, 2021 and 2020. During the years ended July 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company declared a dividend of \$20,000, and \$19,000, respectively.

The “Conversion Price” at which shares of Common Stock shall be issuable upon conversion of any shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall initially be the greater of (i) \$0.30 per share, (ii) a 30% discount to the offering price of the Common Stock (or Common Stock equivalent) in a \$10 million or greater equity financing that closes concurrently with an up-listing of the Company Common Stock on the NYSE American or Nasdaq, in the event of such up-listing, and (iii) a 30% discount to the average closing price per share of the Common Stock for the 5 consecutive trading days commencing upon the date the Common Stock is up-listed on either the NYSE American or Nasdaq in which there is no concurrent \$10 million equity financing.

CONVERTIBLE SERIES B PREFERRED STOCK

In April 2020, the Company’s Board of Directors designated and authorized the issuance up to 1,000,000 shares of the Series B Preferred Stock. The Series B Preferred Stock is only issuable to the Company’s debt holders as of March 25, 2020 (“Existing Debt Holders”) who may purchase shares of Series B Preferred Stock at the Stated Value by converting all or part of the debt owed to them by the Corporation as of March 25, 2020. Each share of Series B Preferred Stock has a par value of \$0.001 per share and a stated value equal to one dollar (\$1.00) (the “Stated Value”). In April 2020, the Company issued a total of 407,477 shares of Series B Preferred Stock for settlement of debt of \$370,000 on various promissory notes and \$37,477 in accrued interest. In March 2021, the Company issued a total of 17,965 shares of Series B Preferred Stock for settlement of debt of \$16,000 on a promissory note and \$1,965 in accrued interest.

The Company had 425,442 and 407,477 shares of Convertible Series B Preferred Stock outstanding as of July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, respectively. No dividends are payable on the Convertible Series B Preferred Stock.

The terms of our Series B Preferred Stock allow for:

Mandatory Conversion. Upon (i) an up-listing of the Corporation's Common Stock to Nasdaq or a US national securities exchange, (ii) an underwriting involving the sale of \$5,000,000 or more of the Corporation's Common Stock or Common Stock Equivalents (a "Material Underwriting"), (iii) the Corporation ceases to be a public corporation as the result of a going private transaction, (iv) the Corporation, directly or indirectly, effects any sale, lease, exclusive license, assignment, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of all or substantially all of its assets in one or a series of related transactions (including a transaction involving the Corporation's spin-off of its operating subsidiary, T3 Communications, Inc.), (v) any, direct or indirect, purchase offer, tender offer or exchange offer (whether by the Corporation or another Person) is completed pursuant to which holders of Common Stock are permitted to sell, tender or exchange their shares for other securities, cash or property and has been accepted by the holders of 50% or more of the outstanding Common Stock, (vi) the Corporation, directly or indirectly, in one or more related transactions, effects any reclassification, reorganization or recapitalization of the Common Stock or any compulsory share exchange pursuant to which the Common Stock is effectively converted into or exchanged for other securities, cash or property, or (vii) the Corporation, directly or indirectly, in one or more related transactions, consummates a stock or share purchase agreement or other business combination (including, without limitation, a reorganization, recapitalization, spin-off or scheme of arrangement) with another Person, other than an officer or director of the Company, whereby such other Person acquires more than 50% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock (not including any shares of Common Stock held by the other Person or other Persons making or party to, or associated or affiliated with the other Persons making or party to, such stock or share purchase agreement or other business combination), all shares of Series B Preferred Stock shall be automatically converted, without any further action by the holders of such shares and whether or not the certificates representing such shares are surrendered to the Corporation or its transfer agent, into the number of fully paid and nonassessable shares of Common Stock in an amount equal, following conversion, to 18% of the Corporation's issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock. Each of (i)-(vii) above shall be hereafter referred to as a "Conversion Event" and the date of a Conversion Event shall be hereafter referred to as a "Conversion Date". Upon any such mandatory conversion and the issuance of Conversion Shares further thereto, the shares of Series B Preferred Stock shall be deemed cancelled and of no further force or effect. A mandatory conversion is the only means by which Series B Preferred Stock is convertible as the shares of Series B Preferred Stock are not convertible at the option of the Holder. For purposes of the foregoing Conversion Events, conversion will be deemed to have taken place immediately prior to the Conversion Event. By way of example, if the Corporation engages in a Material Underwriting, the Series B Preferred Stock will be treated as having been converted immediately prior to the issuance of the securities in the Material Underwriting.

CONVERTIBLE SERIES C PREFERRED STOCK

In July 2020, the Company's Board of Directors designated and authorized the issuance up to 1,000,000 shares of the Series C Preferred Stock. Each share of Series C Preferred Stock has a par value of \$0.001 per share and a stated value equal to ten dollars (\$10.00) (the "Stated Value").

On February 25, 2021, Digerati's Board of Directors approved the issuance of the following shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock to officers:

- Arthur L. Smith – 28,928 shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock
- Antonio Estrada – 19,399 shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock
- Craig Clement – 7,073 shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock

The Series C Convertible Preferred Stock were issued for accrued compensation to the management team of \$554,000.

The Company had 55,400 and 0 shares of Convertible Series C Preferred Stock outstanding as of July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, respectively. No dividends are payable on the Convertible Series C Preferred Stock.

The terms of our Series C Preferred Stock allow for:

Automatic Conversion. Upon (i) an up-listing of the Corporation's Common Stock to Nasdaq or a US national securities exchange, (ii) a financing or offering involving the sale of \$5,000,000 or more of the Corporation's Common Stock or Common Stock Equivalents (a "Material Financing"), (iii) the Corporation ceases to be a public corporation as the result of a going private transaction, (iv) the Corporation, directly or indirectly, effects any sale, lease, exclusive license, assignment, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of all or substantially all of its assets in one or a series of related transactions (including a transaction involving the Corporation's spin-off of its Nevada subsidiary, T3 Communications, Inc.), (v) any, direct or indirect, purchase offer, tender offer or exchange offer (whether by the Corporation or another Person) is completed pursuant to which holders of Common Stock are permitted to sell, tender or exchange their shares for other securities, cash or property and has been accepted by the holders of 50% or more of the outstanding Common Stock, (vi) the Corporation, directly or indirectly, in one or more related transactions, effects any reclassification, reorganization or recapitalization of the Common Stock or any compulsory share exchange pursuant to which the Common Stock is effectively converted into or exchanged for other securities, cash or property, or (vii) the Corporation, directly or indirectly, in one or more related transactions, consummates a stock or share purchase agreement or other business combination (including, without limitation, a reorganization, recapitalization, spin-off or scheme of arrangement) with another Person, other than an officer or director of the Company, whereby such other Person acquires more than 50% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock (not including any shares of Common Stock held by the other Person or other Persons making or party to, or associated or affiliated with the other Persons making or party to, such stock or share purchase agreement or other business combination), all issued shares of Series C Preferred Stock shall be automatically converted, without any further action by the holders of such shares and whether or not the certificates representing such shares are surrendered to the Corporation or its transfer agent, into the number of fully paid and nonassessable shares of Common Stock in an amount equal, following conversion, to 22% of the Corporation's issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock. Each of (i)-(vii) above shall be hereafter referred to as a "Conversion Event" and the date of a Conversion Event shall be hereafter referred to as a "Conversion Date". Upon any such mandatory conversion and the issuance of Conversion Shares further thereto, the shares of Series C Preferred Stock shall be deemed cancelled and of no further force or effect. A mandatory conversion is the only means by which Series C Preferred Stock is convertible as the shares of Series C Preferred Stock are not convertible at the option of the Holder. For purposes of the foregoing Conversion Events, conversion will be deemed to have taken place immediately prior to the Conversion Event. By way of example, if the Corporation engages in a Material Financing, the Series C Preferred Stock will be treated as having been converted immediately prior to the issuance of the securities in the Material Underwriting.

SERIES F SUPER VOTING PREFERRED STOCK

In July 2020, the Company's Board of Directors designated and authorized the issuance up to 100 shares of the Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock. Each share of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock has a par value of \$0.001 per share and a stated value equal to one cent (\$0.01) (the "Stated Value").

On November 17, 2020, Digerati's Board of Directors approved the issuance of the following shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock to officers:

- Arthur L. Smith - 34 shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock
- Antonio Estrada - 33 shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock
- Craig Clement - 33 shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock

The Company had 100 and 0 shares of the Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock outstanding as of July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, respectively. No dividends are payable on the Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock.

The terms of our Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock allow for:

Voting Rights. As long as any shares of Series F Preferred Stock are outstanding, the Corporation shall not, without the affirmative vote of the Holders of a majority of the then outstanding shares of the Series F Preferred Stock, (a) alter or change adversely the powers, preferences or rights given to the Series F Preferred Stock or alter or amend this Certificate of Designation, (b) amend its certificate of incorporation or other charter documents in any manner that adversely affects any rights of the Holders, (c) increase the number of authorized shares of Series F Preferred Stock, (d) sell or otherwise dispose of any assets of the Corporation not in the ordinary course of business, (e) sell or otherwise effect or undergo any change of control of the corporation, (f) effect a reverse split of its Common Stock, or (g) enter into any agreement with respect to any of the foregoing.

Holder of the Series F Preferred Stock shall be entitled to vote on all matters subject to a vote or written consent of the holders of the Corporation's Common Stock, and on all such matters, the shares of Series F Preferred Stock shall be entitled to that number of votes equal to the number of votes that all issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock and all other securities of the Corporation are entitled to, as of any such date of determination, on a fully diluted basis, *plus* one million (1,000,000) votes, it being the intention that the Holders of the Series F Preferred Stock shall have effective voting control of the Corporation. The Holders of the Series F Preferred Stock shall vote together with the holders of Common Stock as a single class on all matters requiring approval of the holders of the Corporation's Common Stock and separately on matters not requiring the approval of holders of the Corporation's Common Stock.

Conversion. No conversion rights apply to the Series F Preferred Stock.

NOTE 17 – EQUITY

During the year ended July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, we issued 21,275,629 and 49,718,880 shares of common stock for debt conversion and settlement of \$428,375 and \$808,573, respectively.

During the year ended July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, we issued 4,250,000 and 400,000 shares of common stock for professional services with a fair market value of \$222,950 and \$15,240, respectively.

During the year ended July 31, 2021, we issued 1,000,000 shares of common stock for settlement of accounts payable with a fair market value of \$60,500.

During the year ended July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, we issued 7,858,820 and 21,811,100, shares to various employees as part of the Company's Non-Standardized profit-sharing plan contribution and shares issued in lieu of cash compensation with a fair market value of \$264,712 and \$801,891, respectively.

During the year ended July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, we issued 2,100,000 and 500,000 shares in conjunction with various promissory notes with a fair market value of \$146,942 and \$11,626, respectively.

During the year ended July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, we issued 400,000 and 780,000 shares in conjunction with various extension agreements for promissory notes with a fair market value of \$58,760 and \$50,890, respectively.

During the year ended July 31, 2021, we received \$33,000 in proceeds from the exercise of 330,000 warrants, with an exercise price of \$0.10 per warrant, as a result we issued 330,000 shares of common stock.

During the year ended July 31, 2021, we issued 4,230,000 options to purchase common shares to various employees with an exercise price ranging from \$0.042 to \$0.1475 per share and a term of 5 years. At issuance, 200,000 of the options vested, 400,000 of the options will vest equally over a period of two years, and 3,630,000 of the options will vest equally over a period of three years. At issuance the stock options had a fair market value of \$267,343.

During the year ended July 31, 2021, we issued 55,400 shares of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock to various members of the Management team. The Series C Convertible Preferred Stock were issued for settlement of accrued compensation to the management team of \$554,010. There was no gain or loss recorded on the transaction.

During the year ended July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, we issued 17,965 and 407,477 shares of Series B Preferred Stock for payment of debt of \$17,965 and \$407,477, respectively.

During the year ended July 31, 2020, the Company issued 392,912 shares of common stock for payment of \$18,783 in accrued interest on debt.

During the year ended July 31, 2020, we received proceeds of \$98,966, net of administration fee of \$5,000 from the issuance of 3,893,625 shares.

During the year ended July 31, 2020, we issued 86,667 shares of common stock in conjunction with the conversion of 25,000 shares of the Series A Convertible Preferred stock and \$1,189 in accrued dividends.

During the year ended July 31, 2020, the Company received \$25,000 in professional services and issued 25,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock at a conversion price of \$0.30 per share and warrants to purchase an additional 50,000 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share.

NOTE 18 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Promissory Notes & Equity Issuance

On August 31, 2021, the Company entered into a \$75,000 promissory note, with a maturity date of August 31, 2022, and annual interest rate of 8%. In conjunction with the promissory note, we issued 150,000 shares of common stock. At the time of issuance, the Company recognized the relative fair market value of the shares of \$13,635 as debt discount, and it will be amortized to interest expense during the term of the promissory note.

On September 29, 2021, the Company entered into a \$75,000 promissory note, with a maturity date of September 29, 2022, and annual interest rate of 8%. In conjunction with the promissory note, we issued 150,000 shares of common stock. At the time of issuance, the Company recognized the relative fair market value of the shares of \$10,788 as debt discount, and it will be amortized to interest expense during the term of the promissory note.

Promissory Note Extension

On September 6, 2021, the holder of a promissory note for \$50,000, originally secured on October 22, 2018 and a maturity date of July 31, 2021, agreed to extend the maturity date until December 31, 2021, all other terms remained the same.

Lawsuit Settlement

On September 21, 2021, T3 Communications, Inc. ("T3"), a subsidiary of the Company, entered into a settlement agreement with Carolina Financial Securities, LLC ("CFS"). Under the settlement agreement the parties agreed to resolve all issues and claims related to the lawsuit. Pursuant to the settlement agreement, T3 agreed to pay CFS a total of \$300,000, payable as follows: \$100,000 by October 15, 2021, and \$200,000 payable in 15 monthly installments of \$13,333.33 beginning November 15, 2021. As of July 31, 2021, the Company accounted for the settlement amount in accrued expenses. Subsequently, on October 15, 2021, the Company submitted a payment of \$100,000.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

None

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

In accordance with Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15a-15, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of July 31, 2021.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) or 15d-15(f) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the Company's principal executive and principal financial officers and effected by the Company's Board, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Because of the inherent limitations of internal control, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations are known features of the financial reporting process. Therefore, it is possible to design into the process safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, this risk.

As of July 31, 2021, management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting established in Internal Control--Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") and SEC guidance on conducting such assessments. Based on that evaluation, management concluded that, during the period covered by this report; such internal controls and procedures were not effective based on the COSO criteria. This was due to deficiencies that existed in the design or operation of our internal controls over financial reporting that adversely affected our internal controls and that may be considered to be material weaknesses.

The matters involving internal controls and procedures that our management considered to be material weaknesses were:

1. We do not have sufficient segregation of duties within accounting functions, which is a basic internal control. We lack multiple levels of review over financial reporting. Due to our size and nature, segregation of all conflicting duties may not always be possible and may not be economically feasible. However, to the extent possible, the initiation of transactions, the custody of assets and the recording of transactions should be performed by separate individuals. Management evaluated the impact of our failure to have segregation of duties on our assessment of our disclosure controls and procedures and concluded that the controls deficiency and lack of multiple levels of review over financial reporting represented a material weakness.

The aforementioned material weaknesses were identified by our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer in connection with the review of our internal statements as of July 31, 2021.

Management's Remediation Initiatives

In an effort to remediate the identified material weaknesses and other deficiencies and enhance our internal controls, we plan to initiate the following:

1. We plan to create a position to segregate duties consistent with controls objectives and to increase our personnel resources and technical accounting expertise within the accounting function. In addition, we intend to improve the supervision and training of our accounting personnel.

We are continuing our efforts to improve and strengthen our control processes and procedures to fully remedy these deficiencies. Our management and directors will continue to work with our auditors and other outside advisors to ensure that our controls and procedures are adequate and effective.

The Company is not required by current SEC rules to include and does not include an auditor's attestation report. The Company's registered public accounting firm has not attested to management's reports on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION.

None

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE.

The following table contains the name, age of our Directors and executive officers as of July 31, 2021.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position Held</u>	<u>Held Office Since</u>
Arthur L. Smith	56	President, Chief Executive Officer & Director	2003
Craig K. Clement	63	Executive Chairman of the Board	2014
Maxwell A. Polinsky	63	Director	2014
Antonio Estrada Jr.	46	Chief Financial Officer	2007

Arthur L. Smith (56) is our Chief Executive Officer, President, and Director. Mr. Smith has over 25 years of specialized experience in the telecommunications, technology, and oil and gas industries. As the founder of Digerati, formerly known as ATSI Communications, Inc. (“ATSI”), he led the Company’s start-up operation focused on the USA – Mexico telecommunications corridor to over US\$65 million in annual revenue and a listing on the American Stock Exchange that resulted in a market value of over US\$450 million. Between 1999 and 2009, ATSI was a three-time recipient of Deloitte and Touche’s Fast 500 Award for recognition as one of the 500 fastest growing technology companies in North America. As CEO of ATSI, Mr. Smith also co-founded the Company’s highly successful Internet software subsidiary, GlobalSCAPE, Inc., in 1996. As Chairman of the Board of GlobalSCAPE, he led the Company’s strategic and business development efforts from inception through its growth strategy that resulted in a listing on a public stock exchange and the subsequent sale of ATSI’s ownership to private investors in June 2002. Mr. Smith is currently President and CEO of the Company’s cloud communications subsidiary, T3 Communications, Inc. (a Nevada corporation).

Craig K. Clement (63) is the Executive Chairman of Digerati Technologies. Craig has over thirty-five years of executive and director experience with Technology (telecom, Internet software) and Oil Exploration and Production (E&P) entities where he has been responsible for asset management, acquisitions and divestitures, strategic and tactical planning, financial operations, corporate finance, legal, transaction structuring, business development, and investor relations. He assisted in the growth of a San Antonio-based telecom provider from 10 employees to 500, achieving a public market valuation of US\$500 million. Craig was the founding CEO of GlobalSCAPE, Inc., and was the former COO of XPEL, Inc. Craig was also the former Chairman of the South Texas Regional Center for Innovation and Commercialization, which screened and supported entrepreneurs through the Texas Emerging Technology Fund managed by the Texas Governor’s office, which invested more than \$350 million in Texas-based technology start-ups.

Maxwell A. Polinsky (63) is a Director. Mr. Polinsky is currently the President, CFO and a Director of Winston Gold Corp, a Canadian-based mineral exploration company that is traded on the CSE Exchange, and a principal in Venbanc Investment and Management Group Inc., an investment and merchant bank he co-founded in 1994. From 2009 to 2011, Mr. Polinsky was the Chief Financial Officer and a director of RX Exploration Inc., a company that successfully re opened the previous old historic Drumlummon gold mine in Montana. Mr. Polinsky also served as a director of Nerium Biotechnology from 2006 to 2010, XPEL, Inc. from 2003 to 2009, and Nighthawk Systems from 2001 to 2007 and Cougar Minerals from 2012 to 2014. Mr. Polinsky holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of Manitoba.

Antonio Estrada Jr. (46) is our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer. Mr. Estrada is a seasoned financial executive with over 20 years of experience in the telecommunications and oil and gas industries. Mr. Estrada’s vast experience includes financial reporting and modeling, strategic planning, grant writing, and cash management. Mr. Estrada served as the Sr. VP of Finance and Corporate Controller of Digerati, formerly known as ATSI Communications, Inc., from 2008 to 2013. From 1999 to 2008, Mr. Estrada served in various roles within ATSI, including International Accounting Manager, Treasurer, Internal Auditor, and Controller. Mr. Estrada graduated from the University of Texas at San Antonio, with a Bachelor of Business Administration, with a concentration in Accounting.

Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, requires our Directors and executive officers and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities to file various reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission concerning their holdings of, and transactions in, securities we issued. Each such person is required to provide us with copies of the reports filed. Based on a review of the copies of such forms furnished to us and other information we believe that none of our officers, Directors, or owners of 10% of any class of our securities failed to report transactions in our securities or reported transactions in our securities late, with the following exceptions.

Due to an administrative oversight, the following equity awards were not reported on Form 4 filings during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2021, (i) Mr. Smith, Mr. Estrada, and Mr. Clement each did not file a report covering the issuances of common stock to each in October 2019, January 2020, February 2020, August 2020, November 2020, and February 2021.

Code of Ethics

We adopted an Executive Code of Ethics that applies to the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Controller, and other members of our management team. The Executive Code of Ethics may be viewed on our Website, www.digerati-inc.com. A copy of the Executive Code of Ethics will be provided without charge upon written request to Digerati Technologies, Inc., 825 W. Bitters, Suite 104, San Antonio, Texas 78216.

Nominating Committee and Nomination of Directors

We do not have a nominating committee because the size of our Board of Directors is too small to establish separate standing committees. Our Directors perform the function of a nominating committee.

The Directors consider candidates recommended by other members of the Board of Directors, by executive officers and by one or more substantial, long-term stockholders. In addition, the Board of Directors may seek candidates through a third-party recruiter. Generally, stockholders who individually or as a group have held 5% of our shares for over one year will be considered substantial, long-term stockholders. In considering candidates, the Directors take into consideration the needs of the Board of Directors and the qualifications of the candidate. The Board of Directors has not established a set of criteria or minimum qualifications for candidacy and each candidate is considered based on the demonstrated competence and knowledge of the individual. To have a candidate considered by the Directors, a stockholder must submit the recommendation in writing and must include the following information:

- The name of the stockholder and evidence of ownership of our shares, including the number of shares owned and the length of time of ownership; and
- The name of the candidate, the candidate's resume or a listing of her or his qualifications to be one of our Directors and the person's consent to be named as a Director if nominated by the Directors.

The stockholder's recommendation and information described above must be sent to us at 825 W. Bitters, Suite 104, San Antonio, Texas 78216.

Audit Committee and Audit Committee Financial Expert

We do not have an audit or other committee of our Board of Directors that performs equivalent functions. Our Board of Directors performs all functions of the audit committee. Mr. Maxwell A. Polinsky served as the Audit Committee Financial Expert during the year ended July 31, 2021.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.

The compensation programs presently in effect with respect to the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chairman of the Board were established by the Board of Directors.

Arthur L. Smith serves as our President and Chief Executive Officer. On February 14, 2019, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Smith, the annual salary was approved by the Board of Directors to be set at \$200,000. In addition, the Board of Directors during FY 2015 approved the reimbursement of monthly expenses up to \$1,667. Below are other compensation and benefits for Mr. Smith in accordance with the employment agreement:

(1) Stock Grant. Employee shall receive at the execution of this Agreement 450,000 shares of common stock. The Stock Grant shall vest upon the earlier of the Company achieving \$15 million in annualized revenue or listing on a primary stock exchange (e.g. NASDAQ or NYSE American) and will be subject to adjustment for any forward or reverse split of the Company's stock.

(2) Stipend. Employee shall receive a 2% stipend on revenue from acquisition transactions approved by the Board of Directors and closed by the Company. Acquisition revenue will be calculated based on the trailing twelve months (TIM) revenue of the company or assets (stock or asset purchase) acquired by the Company. The stipend for acquisitions will be capped at 200% of the annual base salary for the employee. The Employee may elect to receive common stock in the Company in lieu of a cash payment for the acquisition stipend or apply the stipend towards the exercise of vested stock options in a cashless transaction. The stipend shall be considered fully earned at the closing of each acquisition and paid within 10 business days from such event. For acquisition transactions closed prior to the signing of this Agreement, the stipend shall be paid within 6 months of the signing of this Agreement or under terms mutually agreed upon between Employee and Employer. The stipend for acquisitions is subject to review and approval by the Board of Directors of the Company on an annual basis commencing August 1, 2019. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Board of Directors approved the pay-out of a stipend of \$164,618 related to the acquisitions in November 2020. In addition, the Board of Directors approved the payout of a \$60,000 performance bonus.

(3) Stipend. Employee shall receive a one-time payment of \$75,000 upon the Company listing on a primary stock exchange (e.g. NASDAQ or NYSE American). The Employee may elect to receive common stock in the Company in lieu of a cash payment for this up-listing stipend or apply the stipend towards the exercise of vested Stock options in a cash-less transaction. The stipend shall be considered fully earned upon initial listing in a primary stock exchange and paid within 10 business days from such event.

(4) Signing Bonus Stock Options. Employee shall receive 585,000 stock options as of the effective date of this agreement. The stock options will vest equally over a period of 12 months from the issuance date.

(5) Additional Compensation. In the event of a Spin-Off (as defined below), Employee shall be entitled to receive 3% of the consideration payable to, and/or received by, the Company or its shareholders in a Spin-Off (calculated and paid from the total shares or cash to be distributed), which payment shall be made to Employee on the closing of the Spin-Off date. A "Spin-Off" means the sale of a subsidiary or distribution of shares of capital stock to the shareholders of the Company that the Company owns in a subsidiary, whether it is 100% of the ownership or a lesser amount.

Antonio Estrada Jr. serves as our Chief Financial Officer. On February 14, 2019, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Estrada, the annual salary was approved by the Board of Directors to be set at \$185,000. In addition, the Board of Directors during FY 2015 approved the reimbursement of monthly expenses up to \$1,667. Below are other compensation and benefits for Mr. Estrada in accordance with the employment agreement:

(1) Stock Grant. Employee shall receive at the execution of this Agreement 350,000 shares of common stock. The Stock Grant shall vest upon the earlier of the Company achieving \$15 million in annualized revenue or listing on a primary stock exchange (e.g. NASDAQ or NYSE American) and will be subject to adjustment for any forward or reverse split of the Company's stock.

(2) Stipend. Employee shall receive a 1% stipend on revenue from acquisition transactions approved by the Board of Directors and closed by the Company. Acquisition revenue will be calculated based on the trailing twelve months (TTM) revenue of the company or assets (stock or asset purchase) acquired by the Company. The stipend for acquisitions will be capped at 200% of the annual base salary for the employee. The Employee may elect to receive common stock in the Company in lieu of a cash payment for the acquisition stipend or apply the stipend towards the exercise of vested stock options in a cashless transaction. The stipend shall be considered fully earned at the closing of each acquisition and paid within 10 business days from such event. For acquisition transactions closed prior to the signing of this Agreement, the stipend shall be paid within 6 months of the signing of this Agreement or under terms mutually agreed upon between Employee and Employer. The stipend for acquisitions is subject to review and approval by the Board of Directors of the Company on an annual basis commencing August 1, 2019. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Board of Directors approved the pay-out of a stipend of \$82,309 related to the acquisitions in November 2020. In addition, the Board of Directors approved the payout of a \$60,000 performance bonus.

(3) Stipend. Employee shall receive a one-time payment of \$60,000 upon the Company listing on a primary stock exchange (e.g. NASDAQ or NYSE American). The Employee may elect to receive common stock in the Company in lieu of a cash payment for this up-listing stipend or apply the stipend towards the exercise of vested stock options in a cash-less transaction. The stipend shall be considered fully earned upon initial listing in a primary stock exchange and paid within 10 business days from such event.

(4) Signing Bonus Stock Options. Employee shall receive 520,000 stock options as of the effective date of this agreement. The stock options will vest equally over a period of 12 months from the issuance date.

(5) Additional Compensation. In the event of a Spin-Off (as defined below), Employee shall be entitled to receive 1.25% of the consideration payable to, and/or received by, the Company or its shareholders in a Spin-Off (calculated and paid from the total shares or cash to be distributed), which payment shall be made to Employee on the closing of the Spin-Off date. A "Spin-Off" means the sale of a subsidiary or distribution of shares of capital stock to the shareholders of the Company that the Company owns in a subsidiary, whether it is 100% of the ownership or a lesser amount.

Craig K. Clement, serves as our Executive Chairman of the Board. On February 14, 2019, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Clement, the annual salary was approved by the Board of Directors to be set at \$210,000. During FY 2020 the Board of Directors approved the issuance of common stock in lieu of cash compensation equivalents up to 50% of Mr. Clement's annual salary. No other cash compensation is presently being paid to Mr. Clement.

Below are other compensation and benefits for Mr. Clement in accordance with the employment agreement:

(1) Stock Grant. Employee shall receive at the execution of this Agreement 550,000 shares of common stock. The Stock Grant shall vest upon the earlier of the Company achieving \$15 million in annualized revenue or listing on a primary stock exchange (e.g. NASDAQ or NYSE American) and will be subject to adjustment for any forward or reverse split of the Company's stock.

(2) The Employee will receive a one-time cash bonus of \$100,000 upon the Company's common shares reaching a \$4.00 trading price per share for 10 consecutive trading days. The \$4.00 trading price per share will be adjusted for any forward or reverse split of the Company's stock. The Employee may elect to receive common stock in the Company in lieu of a cash payment for the share price bonus or apply the bonus towards the exercise of vested stock options in a cash-less transaction.

(3) Stipend. Employee shall receive a one-time payment of \$35,000 upon the Company listing on a primary stock exchange (e.g. NASDAQ or NYSE American). The Employee may elect to receive common stock in the Company in lieu of a cash payment for this up-listing stipend or apply the stipend towards the exercise of vested stock options in a cash-less transaction. The stipend shall be considered fully earned upon initial listing in a primary stock exchange and paid within 10 business days from such event.

(4) Signing Bonus Stock Options. Employee shall receive 620,000 stock options as of the effective date of this agreement. The stock options will vest equally over a period of 12 months from the issuance date.

(5) Additional Compensation. In the event of a Spin-Off (as defined below), Employee shall be entitled to receive 0.75% of the consideration payable to, and/or received by, the Company or its shareholders in a Spin-Off (calculated and paid from the total shares or cash to be distributed), which payment shall be made to Employee on the closing of the Spin-Off date. A "Spin-Off" means the sale of a subsidiary or distribution of shares of capital stock to the shareholders of the Company that the Company owns in a subsidiary, whether it is 100% of the ownership or a lesser amount.

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Our compensation programs are designed to meet the following objectives:

- Offer compensation opportunities that attract highly qualified executives, reward outstanding initiative and achievement, and retain the leadership and skills necessary to build long-term stockholder value;
- Emphasize pay-for-performance by maintaining a portion of executives' total compensation at risk, tied to both our annual and long-term financial performance and the creation of stockholder value; and
- Further our short and long-term strategic goals and values by aligning executive officer compensation with business objectives and individual performance.

Our Board of Directors believes that an executive's compensation should be tied to the performance of the individual and the performance of the complete executive team against both financial and non-financial goals, some of which are subjective and within the discretion of the Board of Directors.

Our executive compensation program is intended to be simple and clear, and consists of the following elements (depending on individual performance):

- Base salary;
- Annual performance-based cash bonus;
- Long-term incentives in the form of stock options; and
- Benefits that are offered to executives on the same basis as our non-executive employees.

Role of Management in Determining Compensation Decisions

At the request of our Board of Directors, our management makes recommendations to our Board of Directors relating to executive compensation program design, specific compensation amounts, bonus targets, incentive plan structure and other executive compensation related matters for each of our executive officers, including our Chief Executive Officer. Our Board of Directors maintains decision-making authority with respect to these executive compensation matters.

Our Board of Directors reviews the recommendations of our management with respect to total executive compensation and each element of compensation when making pay decisions. In allocating compensation among compensation elements, we emphasize incentive, not fixed compensation to ensure that executives only receive superior pay for superior results. We equally value short- and long-term compensation because both short- and long-term results are critical to our success. In addition, our compensation program includes various benefits provided to all employees, including life insurance, health insurance and other customary benefits. The objectives and details of why each element of compensation is paid are described below.

Base Salary. Our objective for paying base salaries to executives is to reward them for performing the core responsibilities of their positions and to provide a level of security with respect to a portion of their compensation. We consider a number of factors when setting base salaries for executives, including:

- Existing salary levels;
- Competitive pay practices;
- Individual and corporate performance; and
- Internal equity among our executives, taking into consideration their relative contributions to our success.

Long-term Incentive Awards. We award long-term incentive compensation to focus our executives on our long-term growth and stockholder return, as well as to encourage our executives to remain with us for the long-term. Long-term incentive awards are primarily in the form of grants of stock options and/or stock award pursuant to our 2015 Equity Compensation Plan (the “Plan”). We selected this form because of the favorable accounting and tax treatment and the expectation of key employees in our industry that they would receive stock options and/or stock grants. We do not have pre-established target award amounts for long-term incentive grants. In determining long-term incentive awards for the Named Executive Officers, our Board of Directors relies on recommendations from our Chief Executive Officer, who considers the individual performance of the executives, the relation of the award to base salary and annual incentive compensation and associated accounting expense. The terms of and amount of awards are made by our Board of Directors in accordance with the Stock Option Plan.

Executive Compensation

The following table sets forth the compensation paid to each of our principal executive officers (the “Named Executive Officers”) during the last two completed fiscal years:

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$ (3))	Stock Awards (\$ (1))	Option Awards (\$ (2))	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Arthur L. Smith President, Chief Executive Officer & Director	2021	\$ 171,151	\$ 60,000	\$ 345,317	\$ 51,922	\$ -0-	\$ 628,390
	2020	\$ 133,866	\$ -0-	\$ 284,000	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 417,866
Antonio Estrada Jr. Chief Financial Officer	2021	\$ 156,185	\$ 60,000	\$ 250,025	\$ 46,153	\$ -0-	\$ 512,363
	2020	\$ 118,866	\$ -0-	\$ 238,000	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 356,866
Craig K. Clement Chairman of the Board	2021	\$ 164,485	\$ -0-	\$ 126,767	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 291,252
	2020	\$ 132,000	\$ -0-	\$ 214,000	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 346,000

- (1) During the year ended July 31, 2021 and 2020, Digerati issued common shares as part of the Company’s profit-sharing plan contribution. In addition, during the year ended July 31, 2021, Digerati issued Convertible Preferred Series C Shares in lieu of cash compensation to Mr. Smith and Mr. Estrada with a value of \$164,618 and \$82,309, respectively, as a stipend for completing the acquisitions in November 2020. During the year ended July 31, 2020, Digerati issued common stock in lieu of cash compensation to its Executive Officers.
- (2) During the year ended July 31, 2021, Digerati issued 1,700,000 options to its Executive Officers to acquire common shares at an exercise price of \$0.062 and a fair value at the time issuance of \$98,075. The options vest ratably on a monthly basis through November 17, 2023. During the year ended July 31, 2020, Digerati did not issue any options to its Executive Officers.
- (3) During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Board of Directors approved the pay-out of a stipend of \$60,000 each to Mr. Smith and Mr. Estrada.

Our Board of Directors adopted the 2015 Equity Compensation Plan (the “Plan”). Under the Plan the Board of Directors may grant up to 7.5 million shares of our common stock to our officers, Directors, employees, and consultants. Grants may be in the form of incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, restricted stock awards, and/or unrestricted stock awards. The number and terms of each award is determined by the Board of Directors, subject to the limitation that the exercise price of any option may not be less than the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant.

We currently provide a Non-Standardized Profit-Sharing Plan (the “Profit-Sharing Plan”). The Board of Directors approved the Profit-Sharing Plan on September 15, 2006. Under the Profit-Sharing Plan our employees qualified to participate in the Profit-Sharing Plan after one year of employment. Contribution under the Profit-Sharing Plan by us is based on 25% of the annual base salary of each eligible employee up to \$54,000 per year. Contributions under the Profit-Sharing Plan are fully vested upon funding.

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AS OF JULY 31, 2021

Name	Option Awards				Stock Awards	
	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable (1)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable (3)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#) (2)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$)
Arthur L. Smith	900,000	700,000	\$ 0.042	11/17/2025	-	-
	300,000	-	\$ 0.240	11/21/2021	-	-
	300,000	-	\$ 0.350	12/01/2022	-	-
	585,000	-	\$ 0.190	02/14/2024	450,000	\$ 85,500
Antonio Estrada Jr.	800,000	622,222	\$ 0.042	11/17/2025	-	-
	300,000	-	\$ 0.240	11/21/2021	-	-
	300,000	-	\$ 0.350	12/01/2022	-	-
	520,000	-	\$ 0.190	02/14/2024	350,000	\$ 66,500
Craig K. Clement	300,000	-	\$ 0.240	11/21/2021	-	-
	300,000	-	\$ 0.350	12/01/2022	-	-
	620,000	-	\$ 0.190	02/14/2024	550,000	\$ 104,500

- During the year ended July 31, 2021, Digerati issued 1,700,000 options to its Executive Officers to acquire common shares at an exercise price of \$0.042 and a fair value at the time issuance of \$98,075. The options vest ratably on a monthly basis through November 17, 2023. During the year ended July 31, 2020, Digerati did not issue any options to its Executive Officers. During the year ended July 31, 2019, Digerati issued 1,725,000 options to its Executive Officers to acquire common shares at an exercise price of \$0.19 and a fair value at the time issuance of \$217,263. The options vest ratably on a monthly basis through February 14, 2020. During the year ended July 31, 2018, Digerati issued 900,000 options to its Officers to acquire common shares at an exercise price of \$0.35 and a fair value at the time issuance of \$192,000. The options vested ratably on a monthly basis through December 1, 2018. During the year ended July 31, 2017, Digerati issued 900,000 options to its Officers to acquire common shares at an exercise price of \$0.24 and a fair value at the time issuance of \$169,000. The options vested ratably on a monthly basis through November 21, 2017.
- During the years ended July 31, 2021 and July 31, 2020, Digerati did not issue any Stock Grants to its Executive Officers. During the year ended July 31, 2019, Digerati issued a Stock Grant of 1,350,000 shares of common stock to the Executive Officers, with a market value at time of issuance of \$256,500, the Stock Grant will vest upon the earlier of the Company achieving \$15 million in annualized revenue or listing on a primary stock exchange (e.g. NASDAQ or NYSE American) and will be subject to adjustment for any forward or reverse split of the Company's stock.
- As noted in Note 1, during the year ended July 31, 2021, Digerati issued 1,700,000 options to its Executive Officers to acquire common shares at an exercise price of \$0.042 and a fair value at the time issuance of \$98,075. As of July 31, 2021, there were 1,322,222 of unexercisable options, as the options vest ratably on a monthly basis through November 17, 2023.

Compensation of Directors

Each Director that is not an officer is reimbursed the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses in connection with their travel to attend meetings of the Board of Directors. Each Director that is not an officer was paid \$1,000 per month.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

We do not have a compensation committee of our Board of Directors or other committee that performs the same functions. Mr. Arthur L. Smith is presently our Chief Executive Officer and participates in deliberations concerning executive compensation.

Compensation Committee Report

Our Board of Directors reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis with management and, based on such discussion, included the Compensation Discussion and Analysis in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

Information regarding securities authorized to be issued under equity compensation plans is set forth under Item 5 Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

The following sets forth information as of October 15, 2021, regarding the number of shares of our Common Stock beneficially owned by (i) each person that we know beneficially owns more than 5% of our outstanding Common Stock, (ii) each of our directors and named executive officer and (iii) all of our directors and named executive officers as a group.

The number of shares of our common stock and our Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock beneficially owned by each person and entity identified below is determined under the rules of the SEC and the information is not necessarily indicative of beneficial ownership for any other purpose. Under such rules, beneficial ownership includes any shares as to which such person or entity has sole or shared voting power or dispositive power and also any shares over which the individual or entity has the right to acquire sole or shared voting or dispositive power within 60 days after the Record Date, including through the exercise of any stock option, warrant or other right. Unless otherwise indicated, each person and entity identified below has sole voting and dispositive power (or, in the case of individuals, shares such power with his or her spouse) with respect to the shares set forth in the following table. The inclusion herein of any shares deemed beneficially owned does not constitute an admission of beneficial ownership of those shares.

<u>Name of Beneficial Owner</u>	<u>Common Shares Owned Votes</u>	<u>Vested Warrants and Options (1)</u>	<u>Total Beneficial Ownership</u>	<u>% Of Class (2)</u>	<u>Held via Warrant (3)</u>	<u>Shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock (4)</u>	<u>Votes from Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock (4)</u>	<u>Total Votes (5)</u>	<u>% Of Total Votes</u>
5% HOLDERS									
Post Road Special Opportunity Fund II LP	-	-	-	-	30,190,962	-	-	-	0.00%
Post Road Special Opportunity Fund II Offshore LP	-	-	-	-	15,761,796	-	-	-	0.00%
INDIVIDUAL OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS									
Arthur L. Smith President, Chief Executive Officer Director	11,453,804	1,460,000	12,913,804	9.20%	-	34	47,544,934	58,998,738	21.17%
Antonio Estrada Jr. Chief Financial Officer	10,087,936	1,364,444	11,452,381	8.17%	-	33	46,146,553	56,234,489	20.18%
Craig k. Clement Chairman of the Board	9,735,794	1,220,000	10,955,794	7.82%	-	33	46,146,553	55,882,347	20.05%
Maxwell A. Polinsky Director	81,594	616,666	698,260	*	-	-	-	81,594	*
ALL OFFICERS, DIRECTORS AND BENEFICIAL OWNERS AS A GROUP	31,359,128	4,661,111	36,020,239	25.20%	-	100	139,838,039	171,197,168	61.40%

* Less than 1%

(1) Based on 4,661,111 vested stock options as of the Record Date for all officers, directors, and beneficial owners.

(2) Based on 138,838,039 shares of Common Stock outstanding as of October 15, 2021 and 4,661,111 vested stock options as of October 15, 2021 for all officers, directors, and beneficial owners.

- (3) Represents twenty-five percent (25%) of the Company's shares that are currently outstanding including the shares issuable to Post Road Special Opportunity Fund II LP (the "PRG Fund") and Post Road Special Opportunity Fund II Offshore LP (the "PRF Offshore Fund") pursuant to the exercise of the warrant first issued to the PRG Fund on November 17, 2020. The 107,701,179 warrant shares that PRG Fund reported it owned in the Schedule 13D it filed on November 27, 2020 (as amended on March 17, 2021 to reflect a transfer of 24.32% of the warrant to the PRF Offshore Fund as a result of which a new warrant was issued (the "New Warrant") for the other 75.68% of the original warrant and as amended on July 13, 2021 to reflect a transfer of 13.19% of the New Warrant to the PRF Offshore Fund. The PRG Fund owns a warrant for 65.7% of the original amount and the PRF Offshore Fund owns a warrant for 34.3% of the original amount) represents twenty-five percent (25%) of the total shares of Common Stock, calculated on a fully diluted basis, which assumes future share issuances that are not certain or not yet contractually obligated to be issued. In addition, twenty-five percent (25%) of the 107,701,179 warrant shares are not yet vested and subject to forfeiture if the Company achieves certain performance targets which, if achieved, would result in the warrant being exercisable into twenty percent (20%) of the Common Stock, calculated on a fully-diluted basis as described above. If the minority stockholders of T3 Nevada convert their T3 Nevada shares into shares of the Common Stock, the number of shares into which the warrant may be exercised would also be decreased such that, if the Company also achieves certain performance targets, the warrant would be exercisable into fifteen percent (15%) of the Common Stock, calculated on a fully-diluted basis as described above. T3 Nevada's minority stockholders have an obligation to (and may not otherwise) convert their T3 Nevada shares into shares of the Common Stock upon being asked to do so by the Company at any time after our Common Stock has a current market price of \$1.50 or more per share for 20 consecutive trading days.
- (4) Holder of the Series F Preferred Stock shall be entitled to vote on all matters subject to a vote or written consent of the holders of the Corporation's Common Stock, and on all such matters, the shares of Series F Preferred Stock shall be entitled to that number of votes equal to the number of votes that all issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock and all other securities of the Corporation are entitled to, as of any such date of determination, on a fully diluted basis, plus one million (1,000,000) votes.
- (5) Total Votes excludes 4,661,111 vested stock options as of October 15, 2021 for all officers, directors, and beneficial owners.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE.

For a director to be considered independent according to the standards set forth in Section 303A.02 of the New York Stock Exchange Listed Company Manual (the "NYSE Manual"), the Board of Directors must affirmatively determine that the director has no material relationship with Digerati, either directly or as a partner, shareholder or officer of an organization that has a relationship with Digerati. In addition, the NYSE Manual provides that a director will not be considered independent if, within the preceding three years, the director or an immediate family member (i) was an employee of Digerati, (ii) received more than \$120,000 per year in direct compensation from Digerati, (iii) is affiliated with or employed by a present or former internal or external auditor of Digerati, (iv) employed as an executive officer of another company for which an executive officer of Digerati serves on the compensation committee or (v) is an executive officer or employee that makes payments to or receives payments from Digerati of more than \$1,000,000 or two percent of such other company's gross revenues.

The Board has determined that Mr. Maxwell A. Polinsky satisfies the independence requirements in the NYSE Manual.

On May 1, 2018, T3 entered into a secured promissory note for \$275,000 with an effective annual interest rate of 8.08% with an interest and principal payment of \$6,000 per month and shall continue perpetuity until the entire principal amount is paid in full. The promissory note is guaranteed to the lender by 15% of the stock owned by T3 in its Florida operations, T3 Communications, Inc., the secured interest will continue until the principal balance is paid in full. In conjunction with the promissory note, the Company issued 3-year warrants to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.50 per share. Under a Black-Scholes valuation the relative fair market value of the warrants at time of issuance was approximately \$26,543 and was recognized as a discount on the promissory note. The company amortized as interest expense during the year ended July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, \$6,300 and \$10,386, respectively. The total unamortized discount as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$6,300, respectively. The note holder also serves as Board Member of T3 Communications, Inc., a Florida Corporation, one of our operating subsidiaries. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company paid the total principal balance outstanding of \$152,634. The total principal outstanding as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$152,634, respectively.

On February 27, 2020, the Company entered into an unsecured promissory note for \$70,000 with an effective annual interest rate of 12% and a maturity date of May 1, 2020. Subsequently, the note holder agreed to extend the maturity date until August 31, 2020. In addition, the Company agreed to pay the lender in services provided by the Company, and any unpaid principal and accrued interest will be paid in cash. On August 3, 2020, the promissory note was paid in full. The total principal outstanding as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, were \$0 and \$16,298, respectively. The note holder also serves as a Board Member of T3 Communications, Inc., a Florida Corporation, one of our operating subsidiaries. In addition, during the year ended July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020, the Company provided VoIP Hosted and fiber services to a Company owned by note holder for \$175,606 and \$161,264, respectively.

In November 2020, as a result of the of the acquisition of ActiveServe’s asset (see note 11), the two sellers became related parties as they continued to be involved as consultants to manage the customer relationship, the Company will pay on an annual basis \$90,000 to each the consultants. As of July 31, 2021, there’s no balance outstanding under the consulting agreements. In addition, part of the Purchase Price is payable in 8 equal quarterly payments to the sellers. During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company made two of the quarterly principal payments for a total of \$269,709, and a payment of \$11,000 towards the Holdback amount, the total principal outstanding on the notes as of July 31, 2021, was \$1,134,291.

On November 17, 2020, Digerati’s Board of Directors approved the issuance of the following shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock to officers:

- Arthur L. Smith - 34 shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock
- Antonio Estrada - 33 shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock
- Craig Clement - 33 shares of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES.

The following table sets forth the aggregate fees paid to MaloneBailey, LLP during 2021 and 2020 for audit services rendered in connection with the audits and reviews of our consolidated financial statements.

Description of Fees	2021	2020
Audit Fees	\$ 203,500	\$ 74,000
Audit-Related Fees	145,440	-0-
Tax fees	-0-	-0-
All Other Fees	-0-	-0-

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES.

The following documents are exhibits to this report.

Number	Description
2.1	<u>Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among T3 Nevada, Nexogy Acquisition, Inc., Nexogy, Inc. and Juan Carlos Canto as Shareholder Representative, dated September 20, 2019, as amended. (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 23, 2020).</u>
3.1	<u>Second Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation. (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K filed on April 29, 2021)</u>
3.2	<u>Second Amended and Restated Bylaws, effective as of January 13, 2015 (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K filed on January 21, 2015 (File No. 001-15687)).</u>
3.3	<u>Certificate of Designation of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (filed as Exhibit 3.4 to Form 10K filed on October 29, 2020 (File No. 001-15687)).</u>
3.4	<u>Certificate of Designation of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (filed as Exhibit 3.5 to Form 10K filed on October 29, 2020 (File No. 001-15687)).</u>
3.5	<u>Certificate of Designation of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock (filed as Exhibit 3.6 to Form 10K filed on October 29, 2020 (File No. 001-15687)).</u>
3.6	<u>Certificate of Designation of Series F Super Voting Preferred Stock (filed as Exhibit 3.7 to Form 10K filed on October 29, 2020 (File No. 001-15687)).</u>
4.1*	<u>Convertible Promissory Note for \$75,000 with Tysadco Partners, LLC dated August 31, 2021.</u>
4.2*	<u>Convertible Promissory Note for \$75,000 with Tysadco Partners, LLC dated September 29, 2021.</u>
4.3*	<u>Description of Securities</u>
4.4	<u>Convertible Promissory Note for \$330,000 with Platinum Point Capital LLC dated October 13, 2020. (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to Form 10-K filed with the SEC on October 29, 2020).</u>
4.5	<u>Convertible Promissory Note for \$27,500 with Platinum Point Capital LLC dated October 15, 2020. (filed as Exhibit 4.4 to Form 10-K filed with the SEC on October 29, 2020).</u>
4.6	<u>Payoff Letter dated October 15, 2020, by and between Digerati Technologies, Inc., and Platinum Point Capital LLC. (filed as Exhibit 4.5 to Form 10-K filed with the SEC on October 29, 2020).</u>
4.7	<u>Term Loan A Note for \$10,500,000 issued by T3 Communications, Inc. to Post Road Special Opportunity Fund II LP, dated November 17, 2020. (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 23, 2020).</u>
4.8	<u>Term Loan B Note for \$3,500,000 issued by T3 Communications, Inc. to Post Road Special Opportunity Fund II LP, dated November 17, 2020. (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 23, 2020).</u>
4.9	<u>Delayed Draw Term Note for Up to \$6,000,000 issued by T3 Communications, Inc. to Post Road Special Opportunity Fund II LP, dated November 17, 2020. (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 23, 2020).</u>
4.10	<u>Warrant to Purchase Shares of Common Stock Issued to Post Road Administrative LLC, dated November 17, 2020. (filed as Exhibit 4.4 to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 23, 2020).</u>
4.11	<u>Convertible Promissory Note for \$250,000 with Tysadco Partners, LLC. dated January 27, 2021. (filed as Exhibit 4.8 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on March 16, 2021).</u>
4.12	<u>Convertible Promissory Note for \$175,000 with Platinum Point Capital LLC dated February 17, 2021. (filed as Exhibit 4.9 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on March 16, 2021)</u>
4.13	<u>Convertible Promissory Note for \$80,235 with Platinum Point Capital LLC dated February 17, 2021. (filed as Exhibit 4.10 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on March 16, 2021)</u>
4.14	<u>Debt Conversion Agreement in the aggregate amount of \$35,929 dated March 11, 2021. (filed as Exhibit 4.11 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on March 16, 2021)</u>
4.15	<u>Consulting Agreement dated February 5, 2021. (filed as Exhibit 4.12 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on March 16, 2021)</u>
4.16	<u>Convertible Promissory Note for \$250,000 with Tysadco Partners, LLC. dated April 14, 2021. (filed as Exhibit 4.13 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on June 9, 2021)</u>
4.17	<u>Convertible Promissory Note for \$113,000 with Lucas Ventures, LLC. dated April 15, 2021 (filed as Exhibit 4.14 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on June 9, 2021)</u>

10.1+	Form of stock award agreement under the Company's 2015 Stock Compensation Plan for grants to qualifying employees' 401K Retirement Accounts (filed as Exhibit 10.7 to Form 8-K filed on January 21, 2015 (File No. 001-15687)).
10.2+	Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Craig K. Clement, dated as of February 14, 2019. (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on March 18, 2019).
10.3+	Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Arthur L. Smith, dated as of February 14, 2019. (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on March 18, 2019).
10.4+	Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Antonio Estrada Jr., dated as of February 14, 2019. (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on March 18, 2019).
10.5*	Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release between the T3 Communications, Inc. and Carolina Financial Securities, LLC dated September 21, 2021.
10.6	Securities Purchase Agreement for \$330,000 with Platinum Point Capital LLC dated October 13, 2020. (filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Form 10-K filed with the SEC on October 29, 2020).
10.7	Securities Purchase Agreement for \$27,500 with Platinum Point Capital LLC dated October 15, 2020. (filed as Exhibit 10.7 to Form 10-K filed with the SEC on October 29, 2020).
10.8	Asset Purchase Agreement by and between T3 Communications, Inc. (Florida) and ActiveServe, Inc. dated November 17, 2020 (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 23, 2020).
10.9	Credit Agreement by and among T3 Communications, Inc., the Subsidiaries of T3 Communications, Post Road Administrative LLC, and Post Road Special Opportunity Fund II LP, dated November 17, 2020 (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 23, 2020).
10.10	Guaranty and Collateral Agreement by and among T3 Communications, Inc., the Subsidiaries of T3 Communications, And Post Road Administrative LLC, dated November 17, 2020 (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 23, 2020).
10.11	Pledge Agreement made by T3 Communications, Inc. in favor of Post Road Administrative LLC, dated November 17, 2020 (filed as Exhibit 10.4 to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 23, 2020).
10.12	Tag-Along Agreement by and among the Company's Executives and Post Road, dated November 17, 2020 (filed as Exhibit 10.5 to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 23, 2020).
10.13	Board Observer Agreement by and between the Company and Post Road, dated November 17, 2020 (filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 23, 2020).
10.14	Securities Purchase Agreement for \$175,000 with Platinum Point Capital LLC dated February 17, 2021. (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on March 16, 2021)
10.15	Exchange Agreement for \$80,235 with Platinum Point Capital LLC dated February 17, 2021. (filed as Exhibit 10.4 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on March 16, 2021)
10.16	Securities Purchase Agreement for \$113,000 with Lucas Ventures, LLC. dated April 15, 2021. (filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on June 9, 2021)
21.1*	Subsidiary List
23.1*	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
31.1*	Certification of our President and Chief Executive Officer, under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of our Chief Financial Officer, under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1**	Certification of our President and Chief Executive Officer, under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2**	Certification of our Chief Financial Officer, under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

* Filed herewith

** Furnished herewith

+ Management compensatory plan, contract, or arrangement

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Date: October 26, 2021

By: /s/ Arthur L. Smith
Arthur L. Smith
President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacity and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Arthur L. Smith</u> Arthur L. Smith	Principal Executive Officer	October 26,2021
<u>/s/ Antonio Estrada Jr.</u> Antonio Estrada Jr.	Principal Accounting Officer Principal Finance Officer	October 26, 2021
<u>/s/ Craig K. Clement</u> Craig K. Clement	Director	October 26, 2021
<u>/s/ Maxwell A. Polinsky</u> Maxwell A. Polinsky	Director	October 26, 2021

THIS NOTE HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE AND MAY NOT BE SOLD, TRANSFERRED, OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF EXCEPT PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER SUCH ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR PURSUANT TO AN APPLICABLE EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF SUCH ACT AND SUCH LAWS.

CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTE

\$75,000

San Antonio, Texas

August 31, 2021

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC., a Nevada corporation, whose address is 825 W. Bitters, STE 104, San Antonio, TX 78216 (the **"Debtor"**), promises to pay to the order of Tysadco Partners, LLC, whose address is 210 W. 77th Street, #7W, New York, NY 10024, (the **"Payee"**), the sum of SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$75,000) in lawful money of the United States of America which shall be legal tender for the payment of debts from time to time, together with interest on the outstanding principal amount hereof at the rate of eight percent (8%) interest per annum, computed on the basis of a 360-day year and 30-day months.

This Note shall be payable in a single payment of the principal amount outstanding plus any accrued interest, without demand, on August 31, 2022 (the **"Maturity Date"**). If the Maturity Date shall be a Saturday, Sunday, or day on which Banks in San Antonio, Texas, or the place of payment are authorized or required to be closed, such payment shall be made on the next following day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or day on which banks in San Antonio, Texas, or the place of payment are authorized or required to be closed and interest thereon shall continue to accrue thereon until such date.

Time is of the essence of this Note, and the Debtor expressly agrees that in the event of default in the payment of any principal or interest when due, the Payee may declare the entirety of this Note immediately due and payable. Upon the occurrence of any default hereunder, the Payee shall also have the right to exercise any and all of the rights, remedies and recourses now or hereafter existing in equity, law, by virtue of statute or otherwise.

In the event that any payment is not made when due, either of principal or interest, and whether upon maturity or as a result of acceleration, interest shall thereafter accrue at the rate per annum equal to the lesser of (a) the maximum non-usurious rate of interest permitted by the laws of the State of Texas or the United States of America, whichever shall permit the higher rate or (b) twenty percent (20%) per annum, from such date until the entire balance of principal and accrued interest on this Note has been paid.

Debtor has the privilege of making prepayments on this Note from time to time in any amount without penalty provided that any such prepayment shall be applied to unpaid interest on this Note and the balance, if any, to the principal amount payable under this Note.

No failure to exercise and no delay on the part of Payee in exercising any power or right in connection herewith shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any single or partial exercise of any such right or power, or any abandonment or discontinuance of steps to enforce such a right or power, preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right or power. No course of dealing between Debtor and Payee shall operate as a waiver of any right of Payee. No modification or waiver of any provision of this Note or any consent to any departure therefrom shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the person against whom enforcement thereof is to be sought, and then such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the purpose for which given.

In the event of default or if payment of this Note is not made when due or declared due, and the same is placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, or suit is brought on same, or the same is collected through any judicial proceeding whatsoever, or if any action be had hereon, then Debtor agrees and promises to pay an additional amount as reasonable, calculated and foreseeable attorneys' and collection fees incurred by Payee in connection with enforcing its rights herein contemplated.

Payee may elect to convert up to 100% of the principal amount outstanding and any accrued interest on the Note into Common Stock of the Debtor (the "Conversion Shares") at any time after 180 days of funding the Note. The Conversion Price shall be the greater of: (i) the Variable Conversion Price (as defined herein) or (ii) the Fixed Conversion Price (as defined herein). The "Variable Conversion Price" shall be equal to 75% of the lowest daily volume weighted average price ("VWAP") for Debtor's Common Stock (the "Shares") for the ten (10) Trading Day period immediately preceding the Conversion Date. "Trading Day" shall mean any day on which the Common Stock is tradable for any period on the OTCQB, or on the principal securities exchange or other securities market on which the Common Stock is then being traded. The "Fixed Conversion Price" shall mean \$0.15.

Payee may elect to convert up to 100% of the principal amount outstanding and any accrued interest on the Note into Common Stock of the Debtor at any time into a Qualified Uplist Financing at a 25% discount.

In consideration for entry into this Convertible Promissory Note and upon execution of such definitive agreement, the Company will issue the Payee 150,000 restricted shares, with no registration rights.

Conversion shall be effectuated by delivering by facsimile, email or other delivery method to Debtor of the completed form of conversion notice attached hereto as Annex "A" (the "Notice of Conversion"), executed by the Payee of the Note evidencing such Payee's intention to convert a specified portion of the Note.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, Debtor hereby waives grace, notice, demand or presentment for payment of this Note, dishonor, notice of dishonor, notice of default or nonpayment, protest, notice of protest, suit, notice of intention to accelerate, notice of acceleration, diligence or any notice of or defense on account of the extension of time of payments or change in the method of payments, and consents to any and all renewals and extensions in the time of payment hereof, and the release of any party primarily or secondarily liable hereon.

It is expressly provided and stipulated that notwithstanding any provision of this Note, in no event shall the aggregate of all interest paid by Debtor to Payee hereunder ever exceed the maximum non-usurious rate of interest which may lawfully be charged Debtor under the laws of the State of Texas or United States Federal Government, as applicable, on the principal balance of this Note remaining unpaid. It is expressly stipulated and agreed by Debtor that it is the intent of Payee and Debtor in the execution and delivery of this Note to contract in furtherance of such laws, and that none of the terms of this Note shall ever be construed to create a contract to pay for the use, forbearance or detention of money, at any interest rate in excess of the maximum non-usurious rate of interest permitted to be charged Debtor under the laws of the State of Texas or United States Federal Government, as applicable. The provisions of this paragraph shall govern over all other provisions of this Note should any such provisions be in apparent conflict herewith.

Specifically, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing paragraph, it is expressly provided that:

(i) In the event of prepayment of the principal of this Note, in whole or in part, or the payment of the principal of this Note prior to the Maturity Date, whether resulting from acceleration of the maturity of this Note or otherwise, if the aggregate amount of interest accruing hereon prior to such payment plus the amount of any interest accruing after maturity and plus any other amount paid or accrued in connection with the indebtedness evidenced hereby which by law are deemed interest on the indebtedness evidenced by the Note and which aggregate amounts paid or accrued (if calculated in accordance with the provisions of this Note other than this paragraph) would exceed the maximum non-usurious rate of interest which could lawfully be charged as above mentioned on the unpaid principal balance of the indebtedness evidenced by this Note from time to time advanced (less any discount) and remaining unpaid from the date advanced to the date of final payment thereof, then in such event the amount of such excess shall be credited, as of the date paid, toward the payment of the principal of this Note so as to reduce the amount of the final payment of principal due on this Note, or if the principal amount hereof has been paid in full, refunded to Debtor.

(ii) If under any circumstances the aggregate amounts paid on the indebtedness evidenced by this Note prior to and incident to the final payment hereof include amounts which by law are deemed interest and which would exceed the maximum non-usurious rate of interest which could lawfully have been charged or collected on this Note, as above mentioned, Debtor stipulates that (a) any non-principal payment shall be characterized as an expense, fee, or premium rather than as interest and any excess shall be credited hereon by the Payee hereof (or, if this Note shall have been paid in full, refunded to Debtor); and (b) determination of the rate of interest for determining whether the indebtedness evidenced hereby is usurious shall be made by amortizing, prorating, allocating, and spreading, in equal parts during the full stated term hereof, all interest at any time contracted for, charged, or received from Debtor in connection with such indebtedness, and any excess shall be canceled, credited, or refunded as set forth in (a) herein.

Any check, draft, money order, or other instrument given in payment of all or any portion of this Note may be accepted by Payee and handled in collection in the customary manner, but the same shall not constitute payment hereunder or diminish any rights of Payee except to the extent that actual cash proceeds of such instruments are unconditionally received by Payee. If at any time any payment of the principal of or interest on this Note is rescinded or must be restored or returned upon the insolvency, bankruptcy or reorganization of Debtor or otherwise, the obligation under this Note with respect to that payment shall be reinstated as though the payment had been due but not made at that time.

Debtor agrees that this Note shall be freely assignable to any assignee of Payee, subject to compliance with applicable securities laws.

Debtor represents and warrants that the extension of credit represented by this Note is for business, commercial, investment, or other similar purposes and not primarily for personal, family, household or agricultural use.

This Note has been executed and delivered and shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Texas and of the United States of America applicable in Texas. Venue for any litigation between Debtor and Payee with respect to this Note shall be Bexar County, Texas. Debtor and Payee hereby irrevocably submit to personal jurisdiction in Texas and waive all objections to personal jurisdiction in Texas and venue in Bexar County for purposes of such litigation.

THIS NOTE REPRESENTS THE FINAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN DEBTOR AND PAYEE AND MAY NOT BE CONTRADICTED BY EVIDENCE OF PRIOR, CONTEMPORANEOUS, OR SUBSEQUENT ORAL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN DEBTOR AND PAYEE.

THERE ARE NO UNWRITTEN ORAL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN DEBTOR AND PAYEE.

DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC.,
a Nevada corporation

By: /s/ Arthur L. Smith

Name: Arthur L. Smith

Title: CEO

ANNEX "A"

DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTICE OF CONVERSION

(To Be Executed by the Registered Payee in Order to Convert the Note)

The undersigned hereby irrevocably elects to convert \$ _____ of the Principal Amount of the Note into Shares of Common Stock of Digerati Technologies, Inc., a Nevada corporation (the "Company"), according to the conditions hereof, as of the date written below. After giving effect to the conversion requested hereby, the outstanding Principal Amount of such Note is \$ _____, absent manifest error.

Certificates representing Common Stock upon conversion will be delivered (including delivery by DWAC or DRS) to the undersigned within seven (7) business days from the date of delivery of the Notice of Conversion to the Company.

Conversion Date

Applicable Conversion Price

Signature

Print Name

Address

THIS NOTE HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE AND MAY NOT BE SOLD, TRANSFERRED, OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF EXCEPT PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER SUCH ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR PURSUANT TO AN APPLICABLE EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF SUCH ACT AND SUCH LAWS.

CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTE

\$75,000

San Antonio, Texas

September 29, 2021

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC., a Nevada corporation, whose address is 825 W. Bitters, STE 104, San Antonio, TX 78216 (the “Debtor”), promises to pay to the order of Tysadco Partners, LLC, whose address is 210 W. 77th Street, #7W, New York, NY 10024, (the “Payee”), the sum of SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$75,000) in lawful money of the United States of America which shall be legal tender for the payment of debts from time to time, together with interest on the outstanding principal amount hereof at the rate of eight percent (8%) interest per annum, computed on the basis of a 360-day year and 30-day months.

This Note shall be payable in a single payment of the principal amount outstanding plus any accrued interest, without demand, on September 29, 2022 (the “**Maturity Date**”). If the Maturity Date shall be a Saturday, Sunday, or day on which Banks in San Antonio, Texas, or the place of payment are authorized or required to be closed, such payment shall be made on the next following day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or day on which banks in San Antonio, Texas, or the place of payment are authorized or required to be closed and interest thereon shall continue to accrue thereon until such date.

Time is of the essence of this Note, and the Debtor expressly agrees that in the event of default in the payment of any principal or interest when due, the Payee may declare the entirety of this Note immediately due and payable. Upon the occurrence of any default hereunder, the Payee shall also have the right to exercise any and all of the rights, remedies and recourses now or hereafter existing in equity, law, by virtue of statute or otherwise.

In the event that any payment is not made when due, either of principal or interest, and whether upon maturity or as a result of acceleration, interest shall thereafter accrue at the rate per annum equal to the lesser of (a) the maximum non-usurious rate of interest permitted by the laws of the State of Texas or the United States of America, whichever shall permit the higher rate or (b) twenty percent (20%) per annum, from such date until the entire balance of principal and accrued interest on this Note has been paid.

Debtor has the privilege of making prepayments on this Note from time to time in any amount without penalty provided that any such prepayment shall be applied to unpaid interest on this Note and the balance, if any, to the principal amount payable under this Note.

No failure to exercise and no delay on the part of Payee in exercising any power or right in connection herewith shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any single or partial exercise of any such right or power, or any abandonment or discontinuance of steps to enforce such a right or power, preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right or power. No course of dealing between Debtor and Payee shall operate as a waiver of any right of Payee. No modification or waiver of any provision of this Note or any consent to any departure therefrom shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the person against whom enforcement thereof is to be sought, and then such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the purpose for which given.

In the event of default or if payment of this Note is not made when due or declared due, and the same is placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, or suit is brought on same, or the same is collected through any judicial proceeding whatsoever, or if any action be had hereon, then Debtor agrees and promises to pay an additional amount as reasonable, calculated and foreseeable attorneys' and collection fees incurred by Payee in connection with enforcing its rights herein contemplated.

Payee may elect to convert up to 100% of the principal amount outstanding and any accrued interest on the Note into Common Stock of the Debtor (the "Conversion Shares") at any time after 180 days of funding the Note. The Conversion Price shall be the greater of: (i) the Variable Conversion Price (as defined herein) or (ii) the Fixed Conversion Price (as defined herein). The "Variable Conversion Price" shall be equal to 75% of the lowest daily volume weighted average price ("VWAP") for Debtor's Common Stock (the "Shares") for the ten (10) Trading Day period immediately preceding the Conversion Date. "Trading Day" shall mean any day on which the Common Stock is tradable for any period on the OTCQB, or on the principal securities exchange or other securities market on which the Common Stock is then being traded. The "Fixed Conversion Price" shall mean \$0.15.

Payee may elect to convert up to 100% of the principal amount outstanding and any accrued interest on the Note into Common Stock of the Debtor at any time into a Qualified Uplist Financing at a 25% discount.

In consideration for entry into this Convertible Promissory Note and upon execution of such definitive agreement, the Company will issue the Payee 150,000 restricted shares, with no registration rights.

Conversion shall be effectuated by delivering by facsimile, email or other delivery method to Debtor of the completed form of conversion notice attached hereto as Annex "A" (the "Notice of Conversion"), executed by the Payee of the Note evidencing such Payee's intention to convert a specified portion of the Note.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, Debtor hereby waives grace, notice, demand or presentment for payment of this Note, dishonor, notice of dishonor, notice of default or nonpayment, protest, notice of protest, suit, notice of intention to accelerate, notice of acceleration, diligence or any notice of or defense on account of the extension of time of payments or change in the method of payments, and consents to any and all renewals and extensions in the time of payment hereof, and the release of any party primarily or secondarily liable hereon.

It is expressly provided and stipulated that notwithstanding any provision of this Note, in no event shall the aggregate of all interest paid by Debtor to Payee hereunder ever exceed the maximum non-usurious rate of interest which may lawfully be charged Debtor under the laws of the State of Texas or United States Federal Government, as applicable, on the principal balance of this Note remaining unpaid. It is expressly stipulated and agreed by Debtor that it is the intent of Payee and Debtor in the execution and delivery of this Note to contract in furtherance of such laws, and that none of the terms of this Note shall ever be construed to create a contract to pay for the use, forbearance or detention of money, at any interest rate in excess of the maximum non-usurious rate of interest permitted to be charged Debtor under the laws of the State of Texas or United States Federal Government, as applicable. The provisions of this paragraph shall govern over all other provisions of this Note should any such provisions be in apparent conflict herewith.

Specifically, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing paragraph, it is expressly provided that:

(i) In the event of prepayment of the principal of this Note, in whole or in part, or the payment of the principal of this Note prior to the Maturity Date, whether resulting from acceleration of the maturity of this Note or otherwise, if the aggregate amount of interest accruing hereon prior to such payment plus the amount of any interest accruing after maturity and plus any other amount paid or accrued in connection with the indebtedness evidenced hereby which by law are deemed interest on the indebtedness evidenced by the Note and which aggregate amounts paid or accrued (if calculated in accordance with the provisions of this Note other than this paragraph) would exceed the maximum non-usurious rate of interest which could lawfully be charged as above mentioned on the unpaid principal balance of the indebtedness evidenced by this Note from time to time advanced (less any discount) and remaining unpaid from the date advanced to the date of final payment thereof, then in such event the amount of such excess shall be credited, as of the date paid, toward the payment of the principal of this Note so as to reduce the amount of the final payment of principal due on this Note, or if the principal amount hereof has been paid in full, refunded to Debtor.

(ii) If under any circumstances the aggregate amounts paid on the indebtedness evidenced by this Note prior to and incident to the final payment hereof include amounts which by law are deemed interest and which would exceed the maximum non-usurious rate of interest which could lawfully have been charged or collected on this Note, as above mentioned, Debtor stipulates that (a) any non-principal payment shall be characterized as an expense, fee, or premium rather than as interest and any excess shall be credited hereon by the Payee hereof (or, if this Note shall have been paid in full, refunded to Debtor); and (b) determination of the rate of interest for determining whether the indebtedness evidenced hereby is usurious shall be made by amortizing, prorating, allocating, and spreading, in equal parts during the full stated term hereof, all interest at any time contracted for, charged, or received from Debtor in connection with such indebtedness, and any excess shall be canceled, credited, or refunded as set forth in (a) herein.

Any check, draft, money order, or other instrument given in payment of all or any portion of this Note may be accepted by Payee and handled in collection in the customary manner, but the same shall not constitute payment hereunder or diminish any rights of Payee except to the extent that actual cash proceeds of such instruments are unconditionally received by Payee. If at any time any payment of the principal of or interest on this Note is rescinded or must be restored or returned upon the insolvency, bankruptcy or reorganization of Debtor or otherwise, the obligation under this Note with respect to that payment shall be reinstated as though the payment had been due but not made at that time.

Debtor agrees that this Note shall be freely assignable to any assignee of Payee, subject to compliance with applicable securities laws.

Debtor represents and warrants that the extension of credit represented by this Note is for business, commercial, investment, or other similar purposes and not primarily for personal, family, household or agricultural use.

This Note has been executed and delivered and shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Texas and of the United States of America applicable in Texas. Venue for any litigation between Debtor and Payee with respect to this Note shall be Bexar County, Texas. Debtor and Payee hereby irrevocably submit to personal jurisdiction in Texas and waive all objections to personal jurisdiction in Texas and venue in Bexar County for purposes of such litigation.

THIS NOTE REPRESENTS THE FINAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN DEBTOR AND PAYEE AND MAY NOT BE CONTRADICTED BY EVIDENCE OF PRIOR, CONTEMPORANEOUS, OR SUBSEQUENT ORAL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN DEBTOR AND PAYEE.

THERE ARE NO UNWRITTEN ORAL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN DEBTOR AND PAYEE.

DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC.,
a Nevada corporation

By: /s/ Arthur L. Smith

Name: Arthur L. Smith

Title: CEO

ANNEX "A"

DIGERATI TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTICE OF CONVERSION

(To Be Executed by the Registered Payee in Order to Convert the Note)

The undersigned hereby irrevocably elects to convert \$_____ of the Principal Amount of the Note into Shares of Common Stock of Digerati Technologies, Inc., a Nevada corporation (the "Company"), according to the conditions hereof, as of the date written below. After giving effect to the conversion requested hereby, the outstanding Principal Amount of such Note is \$_____, absent manifest error.

Certificates representing Common Stock upon conversion will be delivered (including delivery by DWAC or DRS) to the undersigned within seven (7) business days from the date of delivery of the Notice of Conversion to the Company.

Conversion Date

Applicable Conversion Price

Signature

Print Name

Address

Digerati Technologies, Inc.
Description of Securities

General

We are authorized to issue an aggregate of 500,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share and 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and to fix the voting powers, preferences and other rights and limitations of the preferred stock. As of October 25, 2021, we had 138,838,039 shares of common stock outstanding and no shares of preferred stock outstanding.

Each share of common stock shall have one (1) vote per share. Our common stock does not provide a preemptive, subscription or conversion rights and there are no redemption or sinking fund provisions or rights. Our common stock holders are not entitled to cumulative voting for election of Board of Directors.

Dividends

We have not paid any dividends on our common stock since our inception and do not intend to pay any dividends in the foreseeable future.

The declaration of any future cash dividends is at the discretion of our board of directors and depends upon our earnings, if any, our capital requirements and financial position, our general economic conditions, and other pertinent conditions. It is our present intention not to pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future, but rather to reinvest earnings, if any, in our business operations.

Warrants

As of October 25, 2021, we have issued warrants to purchase 109,506,179 shares of Common Stock issuable with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.01. Of which 82,280,885 warrants are exercisable immediately, have a weighted-average remaining life of 9.15 years and a weighted-average exercise price of \$0.01 as of October 25, 2021.

Options

As of October 25, 2021, we have issued options to purchase 9,230,000 shares of Common Stock issuable with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.17. Of which 6,091,863 options are exercisable immediately, have a weighted-average remaining life of 2.18 years and a weighted-average exercise price of \$0.23 as of October 25, 2021.

Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

In November 2015, Digerati adopted the Digerati Technologies, Inc. 2015 Equity Compensation Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan authorizes the grant of up to 7.5 million stock options, restricted common shares, non-restricted common shares and other awards to employees, directors, and certain other persons. The Plan is intended to permit Digerati to retain and attract qualified individuals who will contribute to the overall success of Digerati. Digerati's Board of Directors determines the terms of any grants under the Plan. Exercise prices of all stock options and other awards vary based on the market price of the shares of common stock as of the date of grant. The stock options, restricted common stock, non-restricted common stock and other awards vest based on the terms of the individual grant. On November 18, 2015, the Company filed a Registration Statement on Form S-8 to register with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission 7,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock, which may be issued by the Company upon the exercise of options granted, or other awards made, pursuant to the terms of the Plan. Please see the Plan filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on November 18, 2015.

Preferred Stock

The Company has authorized 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock. The board of directors has the authority to issue these shares and to set dividends, voting and conversion rights, redemption provisions, liquidation preferences, and other rights and restrictions.

Anti-Takeover Effects of Various Provisions of Nevada Law

Provisions of the Nevada Revised Statutes, our articles of incorporation, as amended, and bylaws could make it more difficult to acquire us by means of a tender offer, a proxy contest or otherwise, or to remove incumbent officers and directors. These provisions, summarized below, would be expected to discourage certain types of takeover practices and takeover bids our Board may consider inadequate and to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to first negotiate with us. We believe that the benefits of increased protection of our ability to negotiate with the proponent of an unfriendly or unsolicited proposal to acquire or restructure us will outweigh the disadvantages of discouraging takeover or acquisition proposals because, among other things, negotiation of these proposals could result in an improvement of their terms.

Blank Check Preferred

Our articles of incorporation permit our Board to issue preferred stock with voting, conversion and exchange rights that could negatively affect the voting power or other rights of our Common Stockholders. The issuance of our preferred stock could delay or prevent a change of control of our Company.

Amendments to our Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws

Under the Nevada Revised Statutes, our articles of incorporation may not be amended by stockholder action alone.

Nevada Anti-Takeover Statute

We may be subject to Nevada's Combination with Interested Stockholders Statute (Nevada Corporation Law Sections 78.411-78.444) which prohibits an "interested stockholder" from entering into a "combination" with the corporation, unless certain conditions are met. An "interested stockholder" is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, beneficially owns (or within the prior two years, did beneficially own) 10% or more of the corporation's capital stock entitled to vote.

Limitations on Liability and Indemnification of Officers and Directors

The Nevada Revised Statutes limits or eliminates the personal liability of directors to corporations and their stockholders for monetary damages for breaches of directors' fiduciary duties as directors.

The limitation of liability and indemnification provisions under the Nevada Revised Statutes and in our articles of incorporation and bylaws may discourage stockholders from bringing a lawsuit against directors for breach of their fiduciary duties. These provisions may also have the effect of reducing the likelihood of derivative litigation against directors and officers, even though such an action, if successful, might otherwise benefit us and our stockholders. However, these provisions do not limit or eliminate our rights, or those of any stockholder, to seek non-monetary relief such as injunction or rescission in the event of a breach of a director's fiduciary duties. Moreover, the provisions do not alter the liability of directors under the federal securities laws. In addition, your investment may be adversely affected to the extent that, in a class action or direct suit, we pay the costs of settlement and damage awards against directors and officers pursuant to these indemnification provisions.

Authorized but Unissued Shares

Our authorized but unissued shares of Common Stock and preferred stock will be available for future issuance without stockholder approval, except as may be required under the listing rules of any stock exchange on which our Common Stock is then listed. We may use additional shares for a variety of corporate purposes, including future public offerings to raise additional capital, corporate acquisitions and employee benefit plans. The existence of authorized but unissued shares of Common Stock and preferred stock could render more difficult or discourage an attempt to obtain control of us by means of a proxy contest, tender offer, merger or otherwise.

Penny Stock Considerations

Our shares will be “penny stocks” as that term is generally defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to mean equity securities with a price of less than \$5.00 per share. Thus, our shares will be subject to rules that impose sales practice and disclosure requirements on broker-dealers who engage in certain transactions involving a penny stock. Under the penny stock regulations, a broker-dealer selling a penny stock to anyone other than an established customer must make a special suitability determination regarding the purchaser and must receive the purchaser’s written consent to the transaction prior to the sale, unless the broker-dealer is otherwise exempt.

In addition, under the penny stock regulations, the broker-dealer is required to:

- Deliver, prior to any transaction involving a penny stock, a disclosure schedule prepared by the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to the penny stock market, unless the broker-dealer or the transaction is otherwise exempt;
- Disclose commissions payable to the broker-dealer and our registered representatives and current bid and offer quotations for the securities;
- Send monthly statements disclosing recent price information pertaining to the penny stock held in a customer’s account, the account’s value, and information regarding the limited market in penny stocks; and
- Make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive the purchaser’s written agreement to the transaction, prior to conducting any penny stock transaction in the customer’s account.

Because of these regulations, broker-dealers may encounter difficulties in their attempt to sell shares of our common stock, which may affect the ability of selling shareholders or other holders to sell their shares in the secondary market and have the effect of reducing the level of trading activity in the secondary market. These additional sales practice and disclosure requirements could impede the sale of our securities, if our securities become publicly traded. In addition, the liquidity for our securities may be decreased, with a corresponding decrease in the price of our securities. Our shares in all probability will be subject to such penny stock rules and our shareholders will, in all likelihood, find it difficult to sell their securities.

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND MUTUAL RELEASE

This Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release (the "Agreement") is made and entered into and effective this 21st day of September, 2021, by and between Carolina Financial Securities, LLC ("CFS") and T3 Communications, Inc. The aforementioned entities are referred to herein as the "Parties" and each individually as a "Party."

BACKGROUND

The Parties entered into an Engagement Letter dated October 14, 2019 pursuant to which T3 engaged CFS to provide investment banking services in connection with T3's efforts to secure financing for its strategic growth plans (the "Engagement Letter"). A dispute arose between the Parties regarding compensation owed to CFS under the Engagement Letter (the "Dispute"). The Dispute was the subject of a lawsuit initially filed by CFS in Forsyth County (N.C.) Superior Court (Case No. 21 -CVS-2005) and then removed by T3 to the United States District Court for the Middle District of North Carolina (Case No. 21-CV-408-WO-LPA) (the "Litigation"). The parties participated in a mediation on August 25, 2021 and September 13, 2021. The mediation resulted in a full and complete settlement and resolution of all issues between the Parties. The Parties enter into this Agreement for the purpose of fully documenting the terms of their settlement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises and covenants hereinafter set forth, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, and intending to be legally bound, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

AGREEMENT

1. Payment. T3 shall pay CFS the sum of \$300,000.00 (the "Settlement Proceeds") in full and final settlement of all issues between the parties. The Settlement Proceeds shall be paid by wire or ACH transfer as follows: (1) \$ 100,000.00 on or before October 15, 2021; and (2) \$200,000.00 payable in fifteen (15) equal monthly installments of \$13,333.33 beginning November 15, 2021 and due the 15th of every month, provided that if the 15th falls on a weekend or banking holiday, the payment shall be due the next business day. CFS shall provide wire and ACH instructions to T3 in connection with the execution of this Agreement.

2. **Confession of Judgment.** Simultaneous with the execution of this Agreement, T3 shall execute and deliver to CFS a Confession of Judgment in the total amount of \$500,000.00. The Confession of Judgment shall be in the same form as the attached Exhibit A. Counsel for CFS shall retain and safeguard the originally-executed and notarized Confession of Judgment in escrow pending payment in full of the Settlement Proceeds. Upon payment in full of the Settlement Proceeds, counsel for CFS shall promptly return the document, marked "Released and Discharged," to counsel for T3. CFS shall be entitled to file this Confession of Judgment, and obtain judgment upon it, with credit due T3 for all payments made in the performance of this Agreement, in the event, and only in the event, T3 fails to make a payment according to the schedule set forth in Paragraph I above and fails to cure the default within seven (7) days of receiving written notice from CFS; provided, however, that CFS shall be required to provide written notice and a 7-day cure period only as to the first two (2) defaults. If T3 fails to timely cure a default, or upon the third default, CFS shall be entitled to immediately file the Confession of Judgment. CFS shall send any notice pursuant to this Paragraph 2 by email marked "High Importance" to the following individuals:

Art Smith: a.smith@t3com.net
Antonio Estrada: a.estrada@t3com.net
Cary Davis: CDavis@robinsonbradshaw.com

3. **Dismissal with Prejudice.** Counsel for the Parties shall cause to be filed a Stipulation of Dismissal with Prejudice of the Litigation promptly following receipt by CFS of T3's initial \$100,000.00 payment.

4. **Mutual General Releases.**

a. **General Release by CFS.** To the fullest extent permitted by law, CFS, for itself, its predecessors, successors, assigns, affiliates, partners, agents, representatives, heirs, officers, principals, directors, employees, attorneys, related entities and insurers forever releases and discharges T3 and its predecessors, successors, assigns, affiliates, partners, agents, representatives, heirs, officers, principals, directors, employees, Attorneys, related entities and insurers, from each and every claim, duty, Obligation, right, cause of action or liability, whether in law or equity, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, asserted or unasserted, foreseen or unforeseen, actual or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, that concerns, arises out of, or in any way relates to the Litigation, Dispute, or Engagement Letter; **provided**, however, that this Release shall not apply to any rights or duties arising under this Agreement or under documents to be executed or action to be taken pursuant to this Agreement.

b. **General Release by T3.** To the fullest extent permitted by law, T3, for itself, its predecessors, successors, assigns, affiliates, partners, agents, representatives, heirs, officers, principals, directors, employees, attorneys, related entities and insurers forever releases and discharges CFS and its predecessors, successors, assigns, affiliates, partners, agents, representatives, heirs, officers, principals, directors, employees, attorneys, related entities and insurers, from each and every claim, duty, obligation, right, cause of action or liability, whether in law or equity, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, asserted or unasserted, foreseen or unforeseen, actual or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, that concerns, arises out of, or in any way relates to the Litigation, Dispute, or Engagement Letter; **provided**, however, that this Release shall not apply to any rights or duties arising under this Agreement or under documents to be executed or action to be taken pursuant to this Agreement.

c. **Covenant Not to Sue.** In connection with the above releases, the Parties agree to not sue one another on any of the released claims. If a Party does so, the non-violating Party shall be entitled to recover from the violating Party its reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in defending any action involving a released claim.

5. Parties to Bear Their Own Fees and Costs. The Parties will each be responsible for payment of their own costs and attorneys' fees in connection with the Dispute and the Litigation.

6. No Admissions. The execution of this Agreement is not, and shall not constitute and shall not be construed as, an admission of fault, liability or wrongdoing by any Party.

7. Authority. The Parties represent and warrant that they have taken all actions and obtained all authorizations, consents, and approvals as are conditions precedent to their authority to execute this Agreement.

8. No Other Persons with an Interest. The Parties further warrant and represent that no other person or entity has or will have any interest in the matters released herein, and that they have not and will not assign or transfer to any person or entity all or any portion of the matters released herein.

9. Agreement and Release Knowing and Voluntary. The Parties acknowledge that they have considered this Agreement with their attorneys and have carefully read this Agreement, that it has been fully explained by their attorneys, and that they have had a reasonable amount of time to consider this Agreement. The Parties further represent that they know and fully understand the contents of this Agreement, that they intend to be legally bound by this Agreement and the releases contained herein, and that they are signing this Agreement, including any release or covenant, voluntarily and of their own free will and without coercion, and with the benefit of advice of counsel.

10. Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the Parties and supersedes and replaces any and all prior or contemporaneous agreements or understandings, written or oral, with regard to the matters set forth herein. The terms of this Agreement are contractual and not merely a recital. This Agreement may not be altered or amended except by an agreement in writing duly executed by all of the Parties.

11. Binding Effect. This Agreement binds and benefits the Parties, their successors and assigns, and may be specifically enforced without further documents or testimony.

12. Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and enforced in accordance with the internal laws of the State of North Carolina regardless of choice of law principles to the contrary.

13. Invalid Provision to Affect No Others. If any provision of this Agreement is held, determined, or adjudicated to be invalid, unenforceable, or void for any reason, each such provision shall be severed from the remaining provisions of this Agreement and shall not affect the validity and enforceability of such remaining provisions.

14. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts and by the different Parties hereto on separate counterparts, each of which, when so executed, shall be deemed an original, but all such counterparts shall constitute but one and the same instrument. The exchange of electronic counterparts will be considered binding, with originals to follow.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto, intending to be legally bound hereby, have duly executed and delivered this Agreement as of the date set forth above.

CAROLINA FINANCIAL SECURITIES, LLC

By: /s/ Bruce V. Roberts

Name: Bruce V. Roberts

Title: President

Date: 9/20/2021 | 6:08 AM PDT

T3 COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

By: /s/ Arthur L. Smith

Name: Arthur L. Smith

Title: CEO

Date: 9/21/2021

EXHIBIT A

FORM CONFESSION OF JUDGMENT

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF

IN THE GENERAL COURT OF JUSTICE
SUPERIOR COURT DIVISION
____-CVS-____

CAROLINA FINANCIAL SECURITIES, LLC

Plaintiff,

v.

T3 COMMUNICATIONS, INC.,

Defendant.

CONFESSION OF JUDGMENT

TO: THE CLERK OF COURT
_____ COUNTY

1. Pursuant to N.C.G.S. §1 A-1, Rule 68.1, Defendant T3 Communications, Inc., (“Defendant” or “T3”), a Nevada corporation with its principal office located in San Antonio, Texas, hereby confesses and authorizes the entry of judgment in favor of Plaintiff Carolina Financial Securities, LLC (“Plaintiff” or “CFS”), a North Carolina limited liability company, in the principal sum of **\$500,000.00** (hereinafter, the “Principal Debt”), less any and all amounts paid by Defendants, or any other person or entity on their behalf, in satisfaction of this sum.

2. This Confession of Judgment is security for an indebtedness now justly due and owing from Defendant to Plaintiff pursuant to a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release (the “Settlement Agreement”) entered into by the parties contemporaneously with the execution and delivery of this Confession of Judgment.

3. This Confession of Judgment will be void and of no effect if Defendant timely and properly pays or causes to be paid to Plaintiff the total amount of \$300,000.00 (the “Settlement Proceeds”) as follows: (1) \$100,000.00 on or before October 15, 2021; and (2) \$200,000.00 payable in fifteen (15) equal monthly installments of \$13,333.33 beginning November 15, 2021 and due the 15th of every month, provided that if the 15th falls on a weekend or banking holiday, the payment shall be due the next business day (the Settlement Payments”), all pursuant to the terms of the Settlement Agreement.

4. Nothing herein prevents Defendant or any person or entity acting on their behalf from paying the Principal Debt more quickly than as set forth herein.

5. Plaintiff agrees to retain the originally-executed and acknowledged Confession of Judgment in care of its legal counsel and to return the documents to Defendant upon full payment of the Settlement Proceeds under the terms of the Settlement Agreement.

6. CFS shall be entitled to file this Confession of Judgment, and obtain judgment upon it in the amount of the Principal Debt less the sum of all Settlement Payments made by T3 in the performance of the Settlement Agreement, in the event, and only in the event, T3 fails to make a Settlement Payment according to the schedule set forth in Paragraph 3 above and fails to cure the default within seven (7) days of receiving written notice from CFS; provided, however, that CFS shall be required to provide written notice and a 7-day cure period only as to the first two (2) defaults. If T3 fails to timely cure a default, or upon the third default, T3 authorizes Plaintiff to file and execute on this Confession of Judgment, giving credit for all Settlement Payments previously made, pursuant to the sworn affidavit of Plaintiff or its counsel which must set forth the circumstances establishing a default pursuant to this Confession of Judgment and further setting forth the outstanding balance due pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Confession of Judgment.

T3 COMMUNICATIONS, INC.



By:

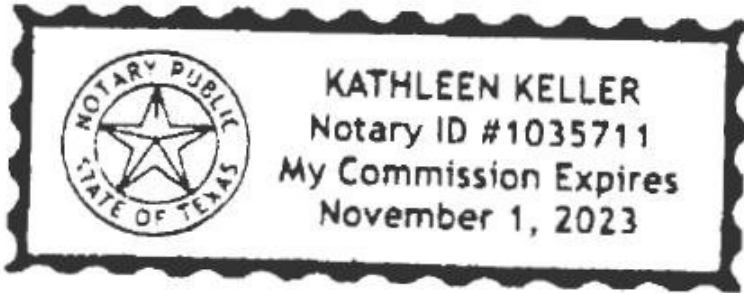
Sworn to and subscribed before me
this 21st day of September, 2021.

/s/ Kathleen Keller

Notary Public

Printed name of Notary Public: Kathleen Keller

My Commission Expires: November 1, 2023



Digerati Technologies, Inc.
Subsidiary List

1. T3 Communications, Inc., a Nevada Corporation
2. Shift8 Networks, Inc. d/b/a T3 Communications, Inc., a Texas Corporation
3. T3 Communications, Inc., a Florida Corporation
4. Nexogy, Inc., a Florida Corporation

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-208089) of our report dated October 26, 2021 with respect to the audited consolidated financial statements of Digerati Technologies, Inc. for the years ended July 31, 2021 and 2020. Our report contains an explanatory paragraph regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

We also consent to the references to us under the heading "Experts" in such Registration Statement.

/s/ MaloneBailey, LLP

www.malonebailey.com

Houston, Texas

October 26, 2021

CERTIFICATION

I, Arthur L. Smith, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Digerati Technologies, Inc., a Nevada Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

October 26, 2021

/s/ Arthur L. Smith

Arthur L. Smith

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, Antonio Estrada, Jr., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Digerati Technologies, Inc., a Nevada Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

October 26, 2021

/s/ Antonio Estrada, Jr.

Antonio Estrada, Jr.
Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF PRESIDENT AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SS. 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report (the "Report") of Digerati Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ending July 31, 2021, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Arthur L. Smith, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that,

- 1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2) the information in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

By /s/ Arthur L. Smith

Arthur L. Smith
President and
Chief Executive Officer
October 26, 2021

CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL
OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SS. 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION
906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report (the "Report") of Digerati Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ending July 31, 2021, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Antonio Estrada Jr., the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002,

- 1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2) the information in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

By /s/ Antonio Estrada Jr.
Antonio Estrada Jr.
Chief Financial Officer
October 26, 2021